

Belle II: status and prospects

NUCLEUS-2021

Peter M. Lewis on behalf of the
Belle II collaboration

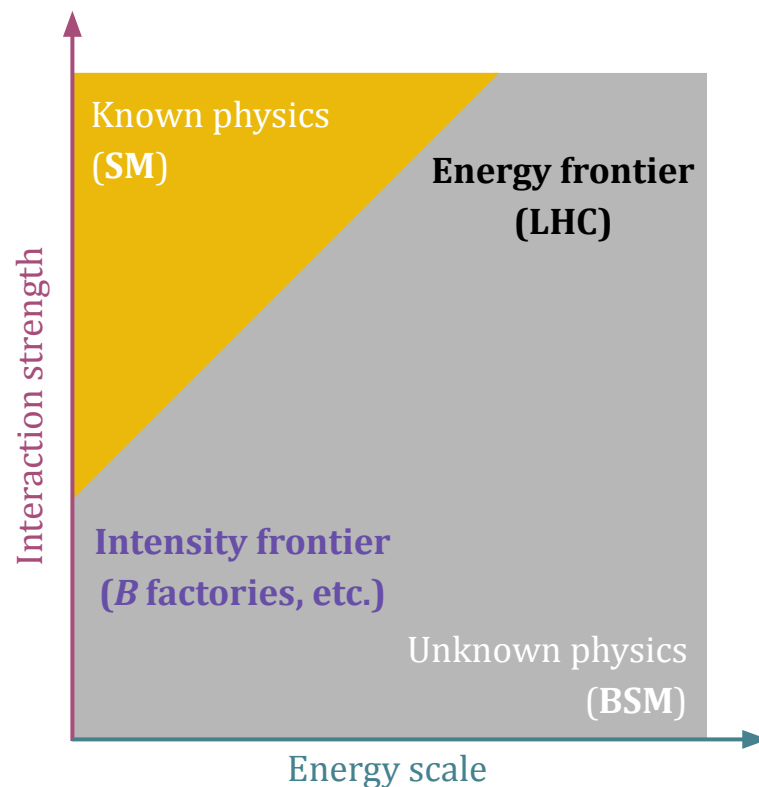


Standard Model

Decades of precision tests

- Enormous progress on measuring parameters and verifying predictions
- But SM is **not complete**
 - Ongoing search for **BSM physics**
- **Direct** production at **energy frontier** has yielded no unambiguous evidence
 - Nothing from ATLAS, CMS...

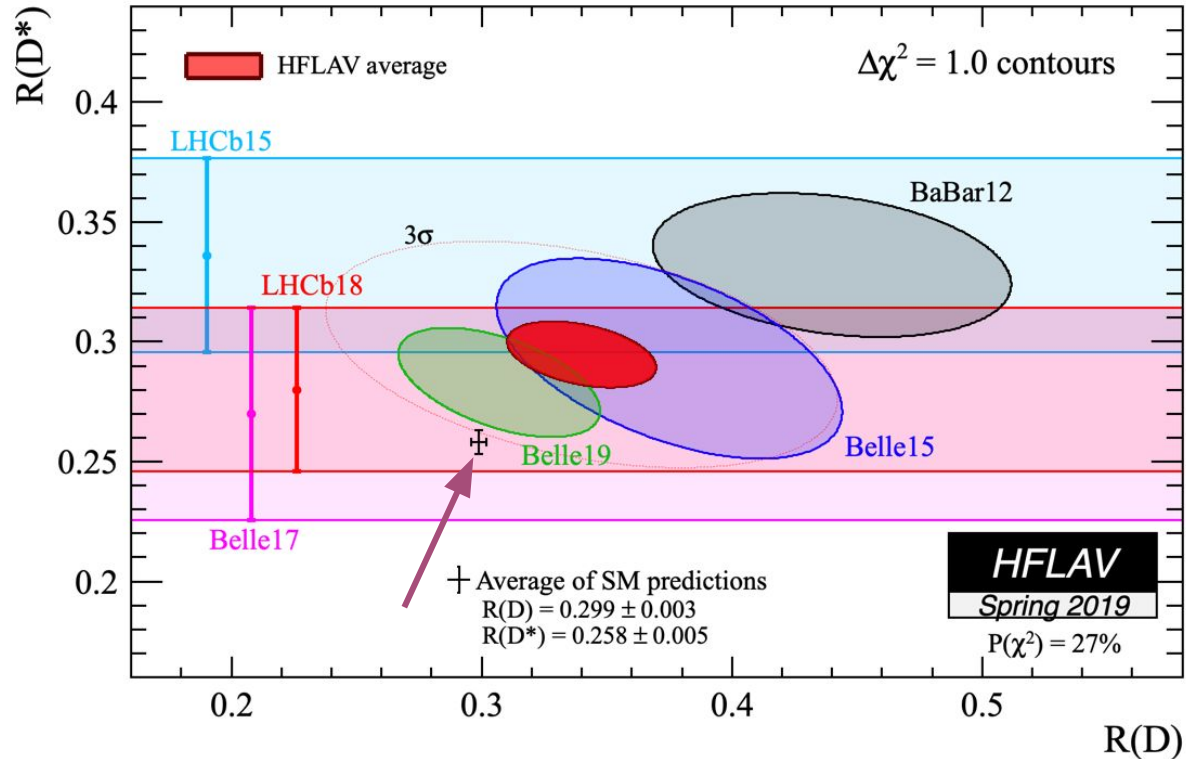
But indirect searches at the **intensity frontier** have uncovered intriguing **flavor anomalies**...



Flavor anomalies

$$\mathcal{R}(D^{(*)}) = \frac{\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau^- \bar{\nu}_\tau)}{\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell)}$$

$(\ell = e, \mu)$

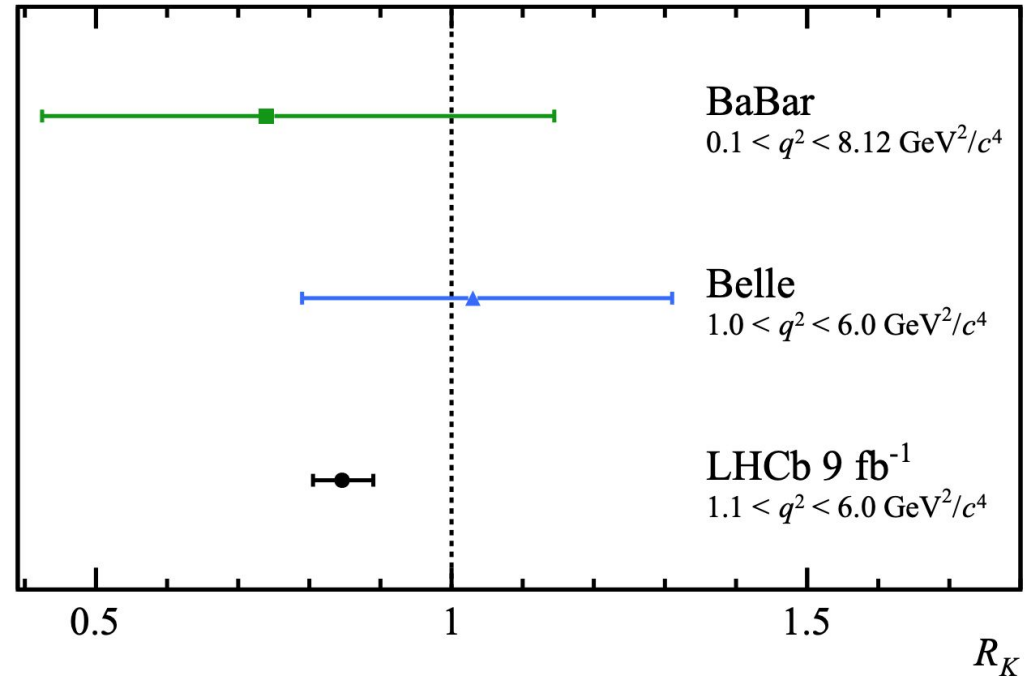


Flavor anomalies

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$$R_K = \frac{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ e^+ e^-)}$$



Flavor anomalies

$$\mathcal{R}(D^{(*)}) = \frac{\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau^- \bar{\nu}_\tau)}{\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell)}$$

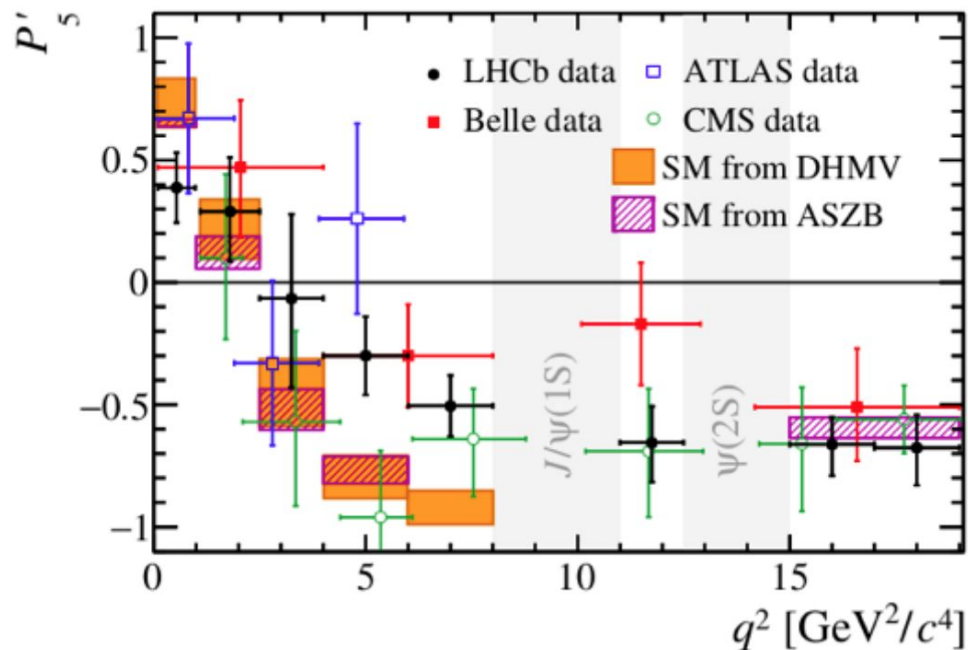
$(\ell = e, \mu)$

$$R_K = \frac{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ e^+ e^-)}$$

Other $b \rightarrow s \ell \ell$ anomalies in angular observables.

Global tension may be over 5σ

A coherent picture is emerging... lots of excitement! Need more data...

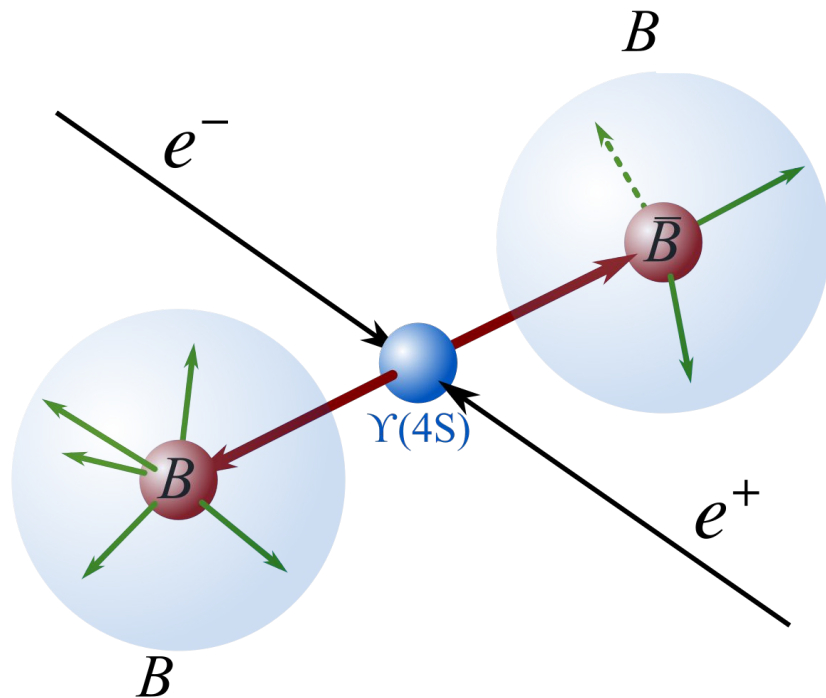


Intensity frontier

More data to confirm anomalies

- These anomalies are seen in **rare B meson decays**
- We need **huge, pure** collections of B mesons...
- At the B Factories, a pair of B mesons is produced in “clean” events $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \bar{B}B$
 - BaBar (1999-2008): 433 fb^{-1} (470M $\bar{B}B$)
 - Belle (1999-2010): 711 fb^{-1} (771M $\bar{B}B$)
- LHCb (current) is largely **complementary**

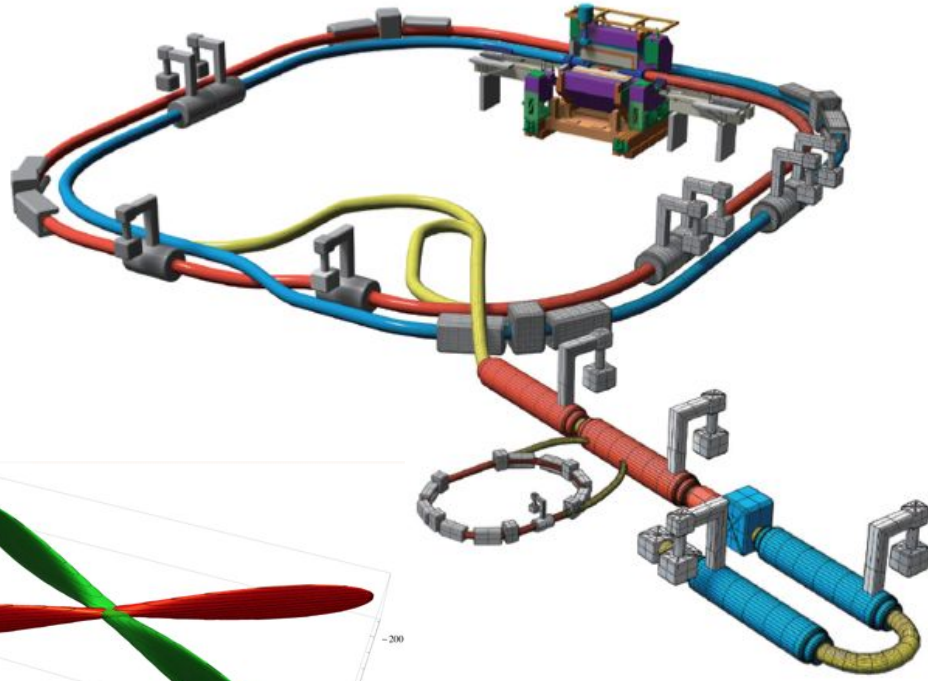
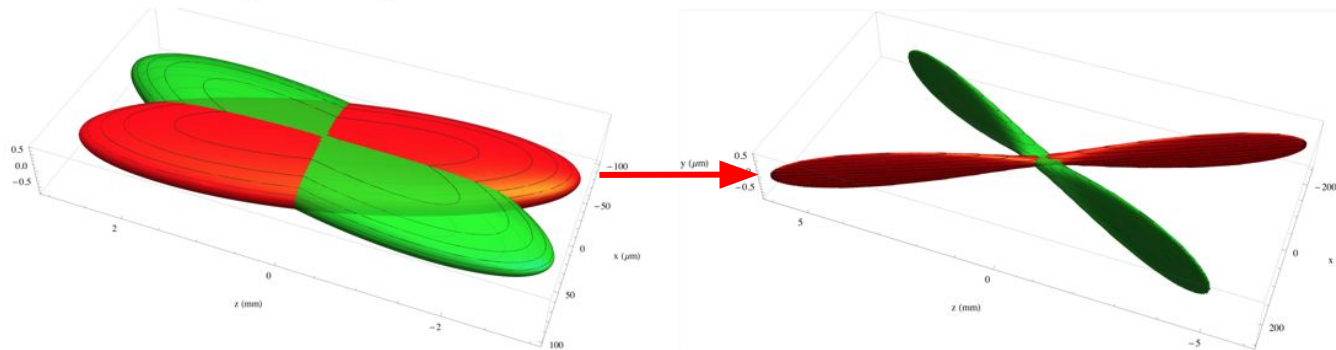
A luminosity upgrade to Belle...



SuperKEKB

Upgrade to KEKB

- Asymmetric e^+e^- collider at 10.58 GeV [$\gamma(4S)$]
- Increase instantaneous luminosity by **30**
- Largely accomplished via **nanobeam scheme**
 - σ_y^* : 940 \rightarrow ~ 50 nm



Luminosity

Plan and records

- Goal: 50ab^{-1} integrated ($>50\text{Bn } B\bar{B}$)
- Operating since 2018
- World record instantaneous luminosity set by ~50%
 - Was: $2.1 \times 10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$
 - Now: $3.1 \times 10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$
- A long way to go!
- Will review some **early results** and **near-term prospects** today...

CERN COURIER

ACCELERATORS | NEWS

SuperKEKB raises the bar

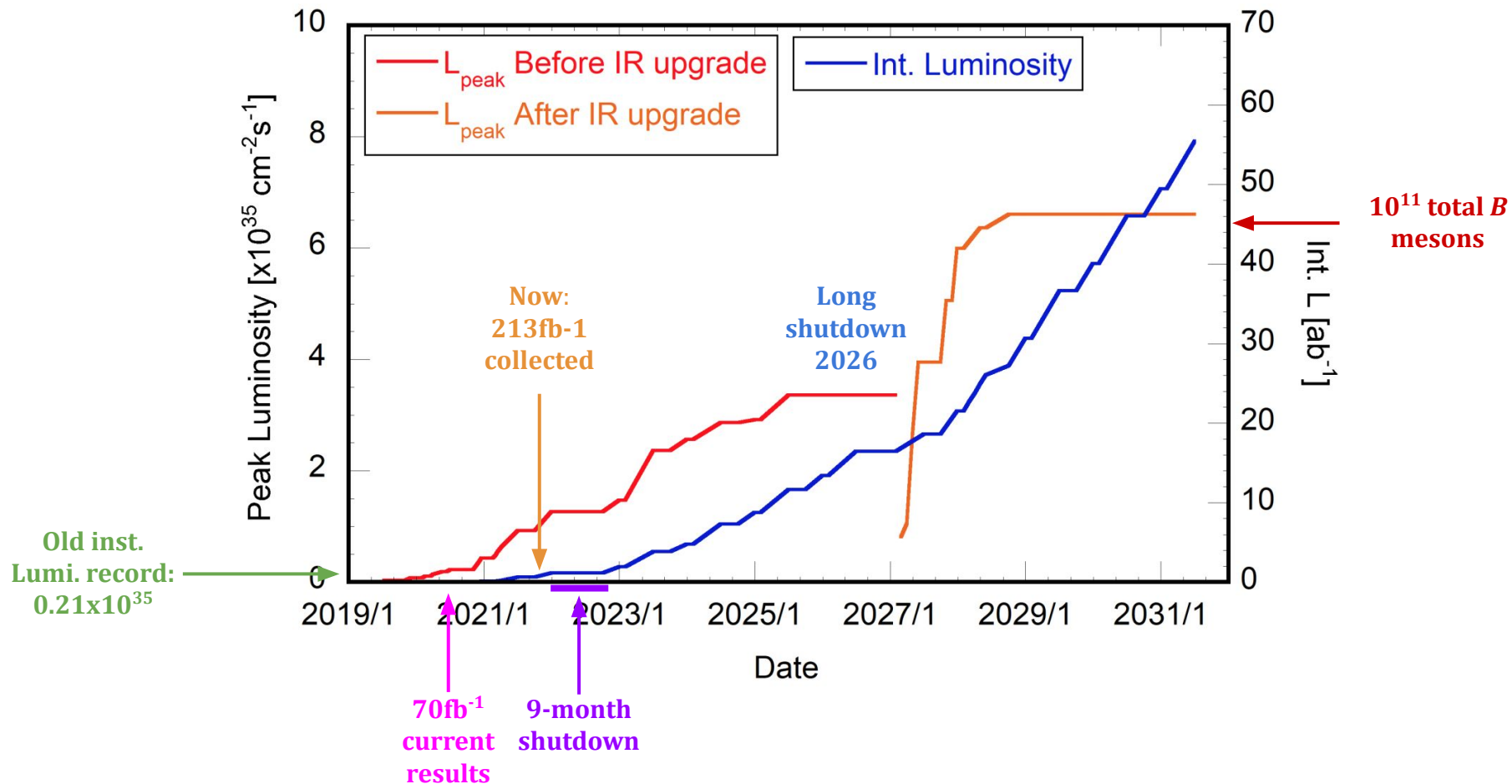
22 August 2021



Record breaker The SuperKEKB accelerator at the KEK laboratory in Tsukuba, Japan. Credit: S. Takahashi / KEK

On 22 June, the SuperKEKB accelerator at the KEK laboratory in Tsukuba, Japan set a new world record for peak luminosity, reaching $3.1 \times 10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ in the Belle II detector. Until last year, the luminosity record stood at $2.1 \times 10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$, shared by the

Luminosity plan



Belle II upgrades

Central beam pipe: decreased diameter from 3cm to 2cm (Beryllium)

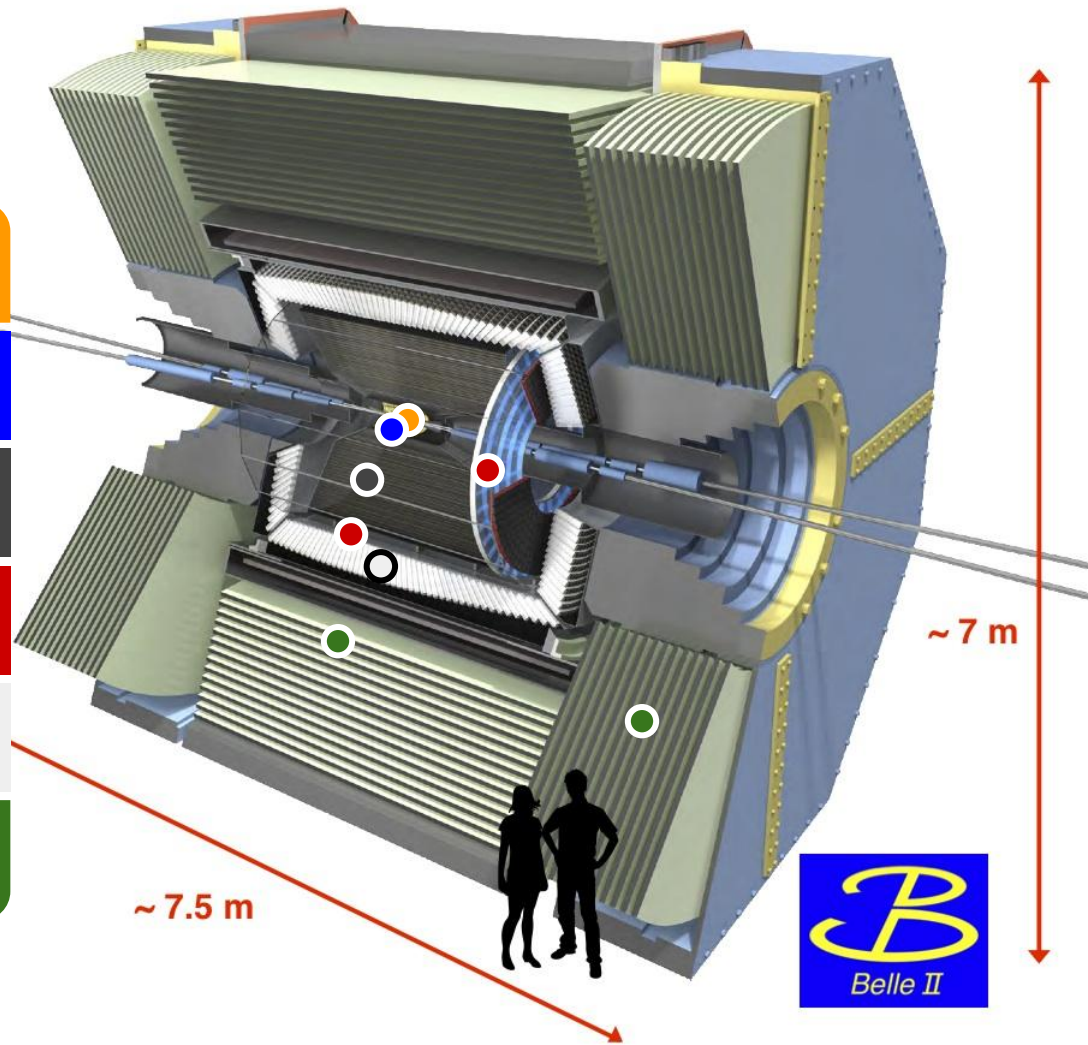
Vertexing: new 2 layers of pixels, upgraded 4 double-sided layers of silicon strips

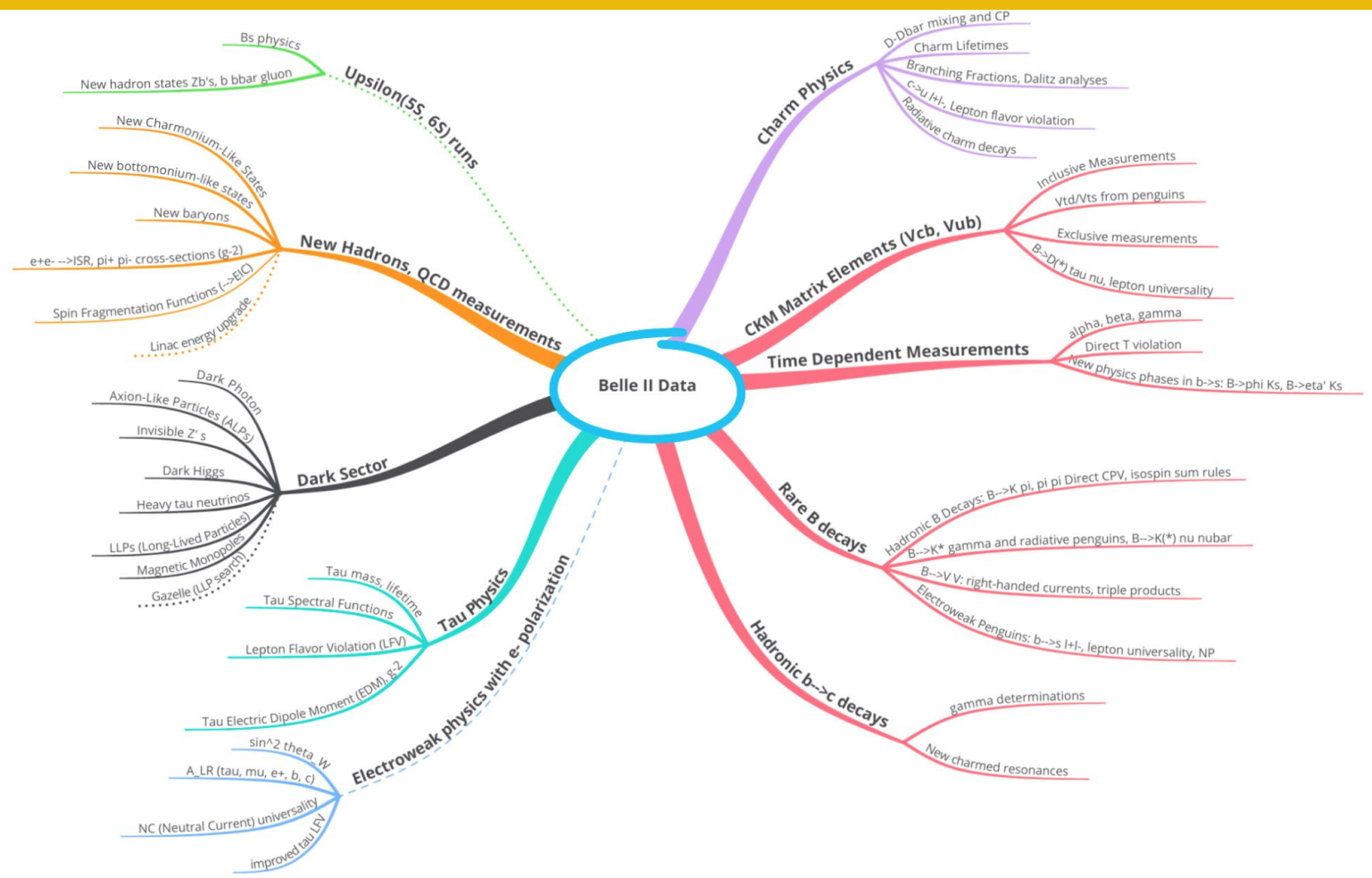
Tracking: drift chamber with smaller cells, longer lever arm, faster electronics

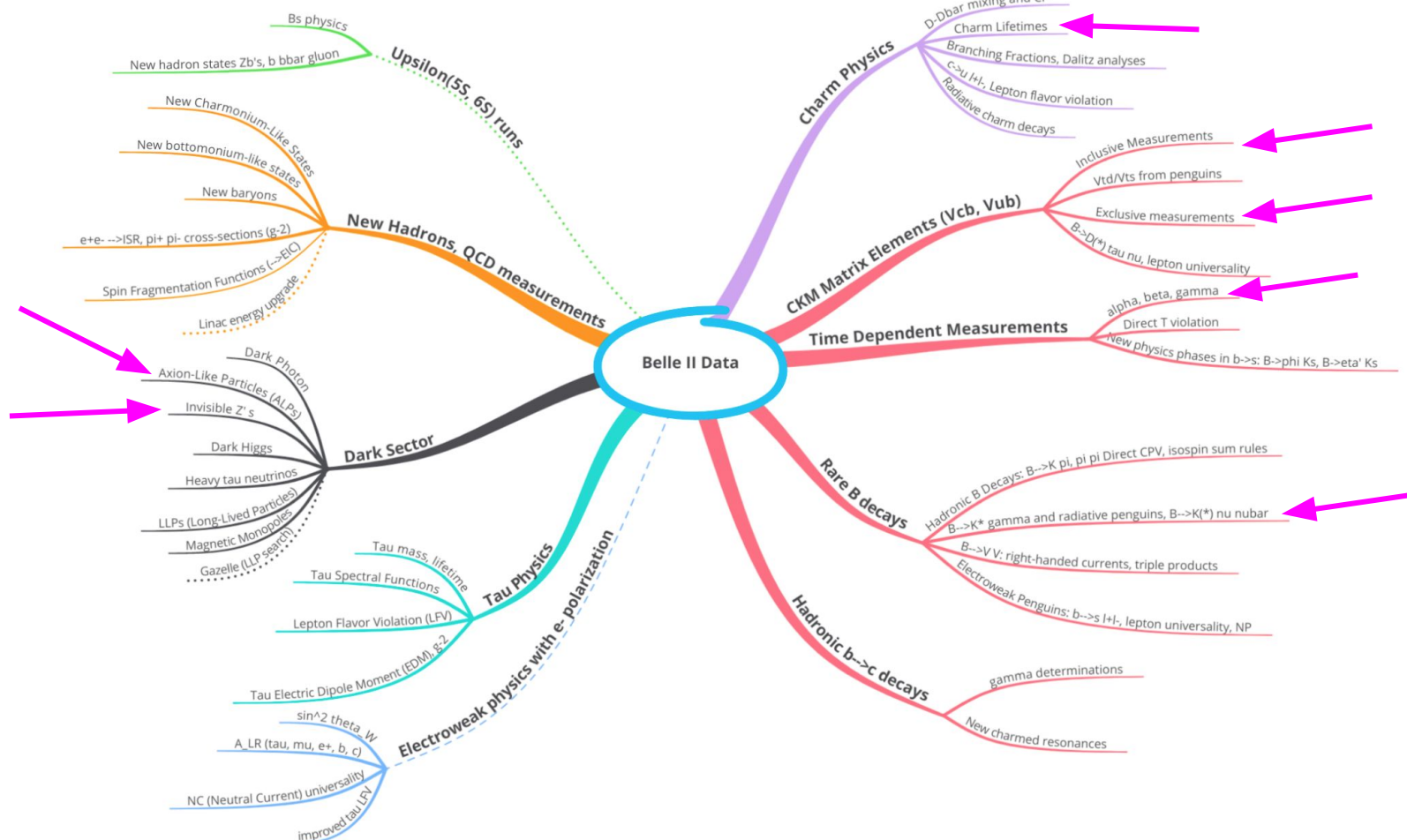
PID: new time-of-propagation (barrel) and proximity focusing aerogel (endcap) Cherenkov detectors

EM calorimetry: upgrade of electronics and processing with legacy CsI(Tl) crystals

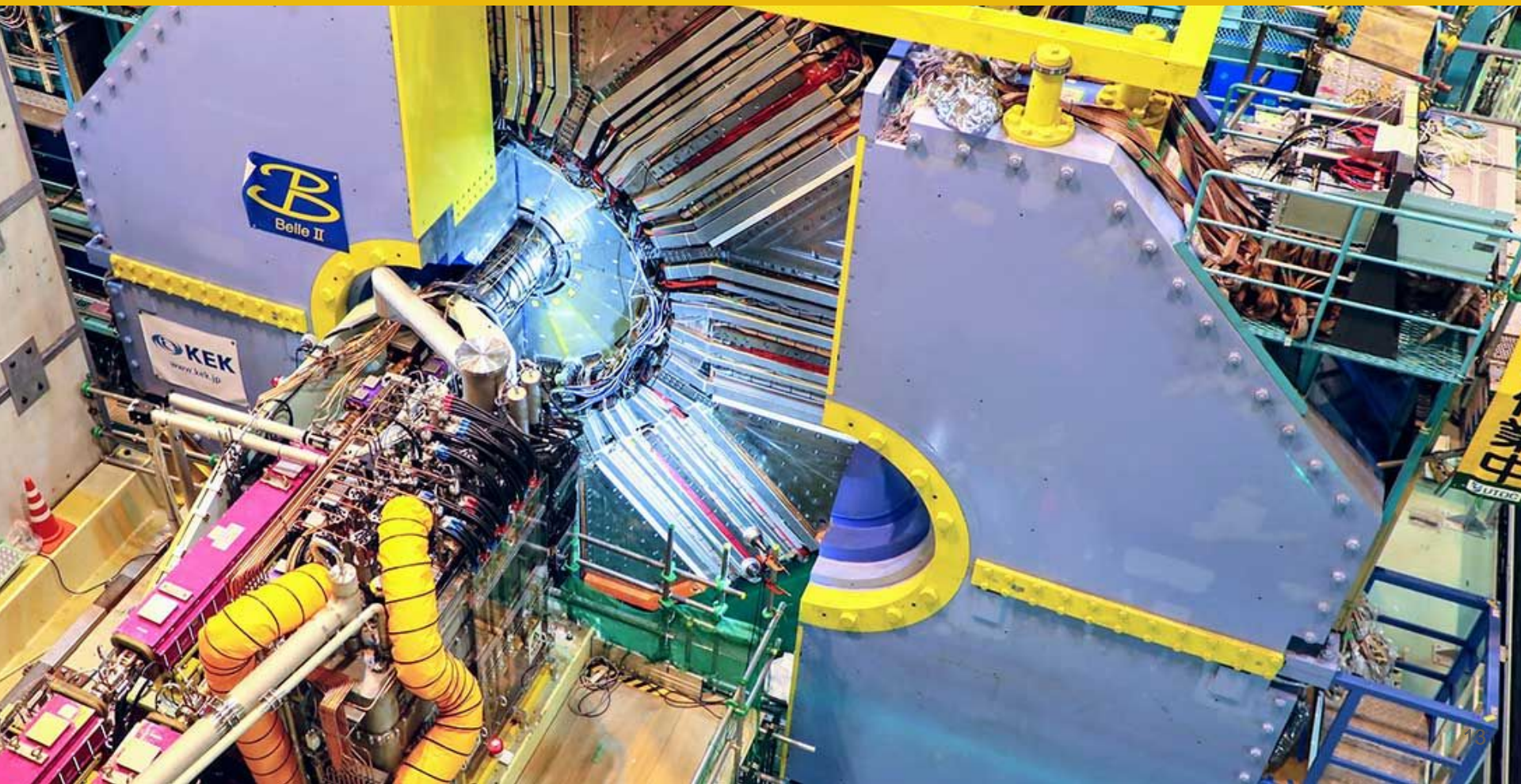
K_L and μ : scintillators replace RPCs (endcap and inner two layers of barrel)







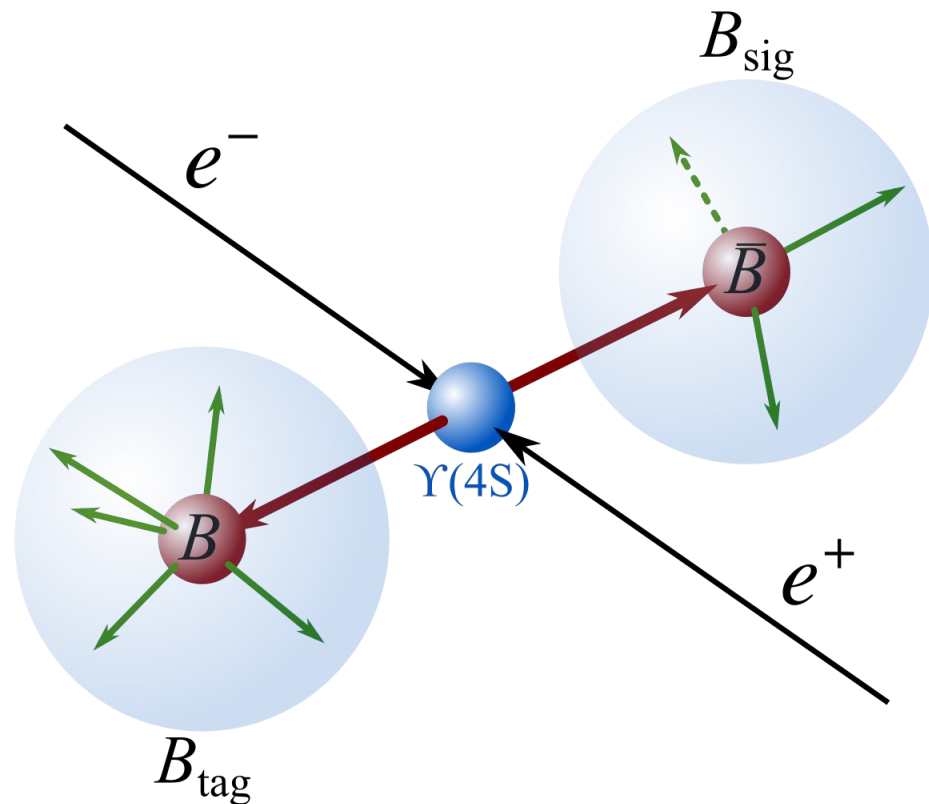
B factory essentials



Kinematics

Basics

- $p_{\gamma(4S)} = p_{e^-} + p_{e^+}$
- $\gamma(4S)$ frame (COM) is **static**
 - But **boosted** in lab frame
 - $B\bar{B}$ fly back-to-back in COM frame (p_T exaggerated in figure)
 - B frame is not *a priori* known
- Full kinematic reconstruction of a **single neutrino** is possible
- Boost allows for identification of **displaced B vertex**



Kinematics

Key metrics of kinematic consistency

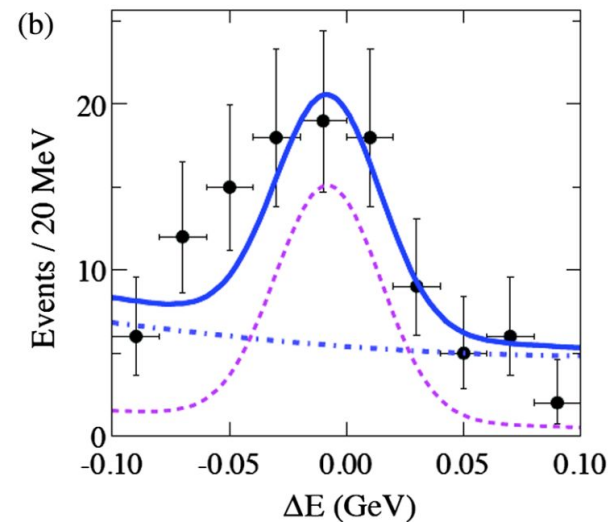
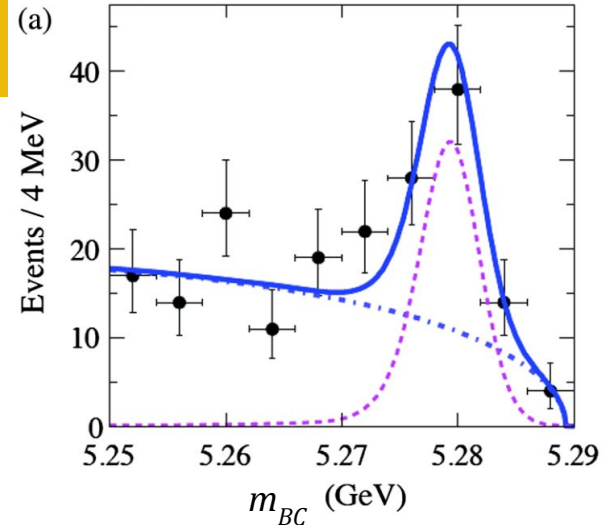
- *Beam constrained mass* ($m_{bc} = m_B$ for correctly reconstructed B)

$$m_{bc} = \sqrt{E_{\text{beam}}^{*2} - \mathbf{p}_B^{*2}}$$

- *Energy difference* ($\Delta E = 0$ for correctly reconstructed B)

$$\Delta E = E_B^* - E_{\text{beam}}^*$$

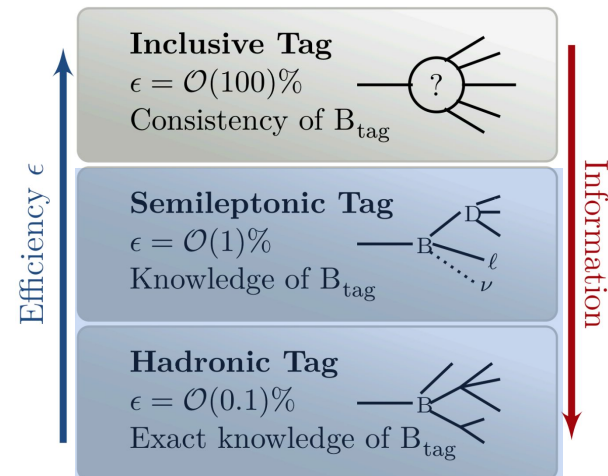
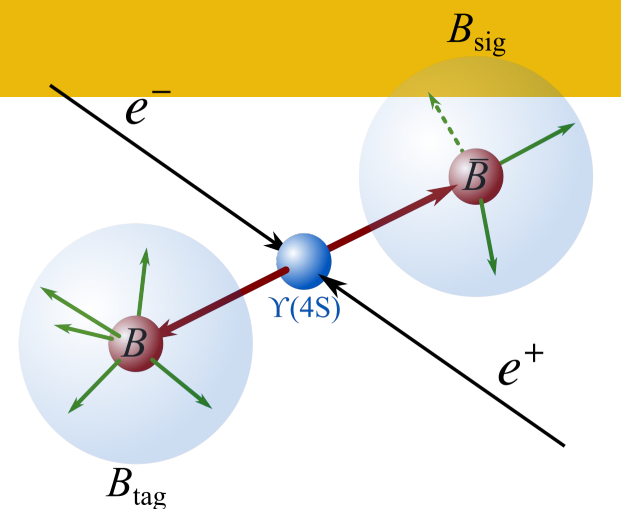
- *Missing mass squared* ($m_{\text{miss}}^2 = 0$ if reconstruction is complete/correct except for a single **missing massless**)



B tagging

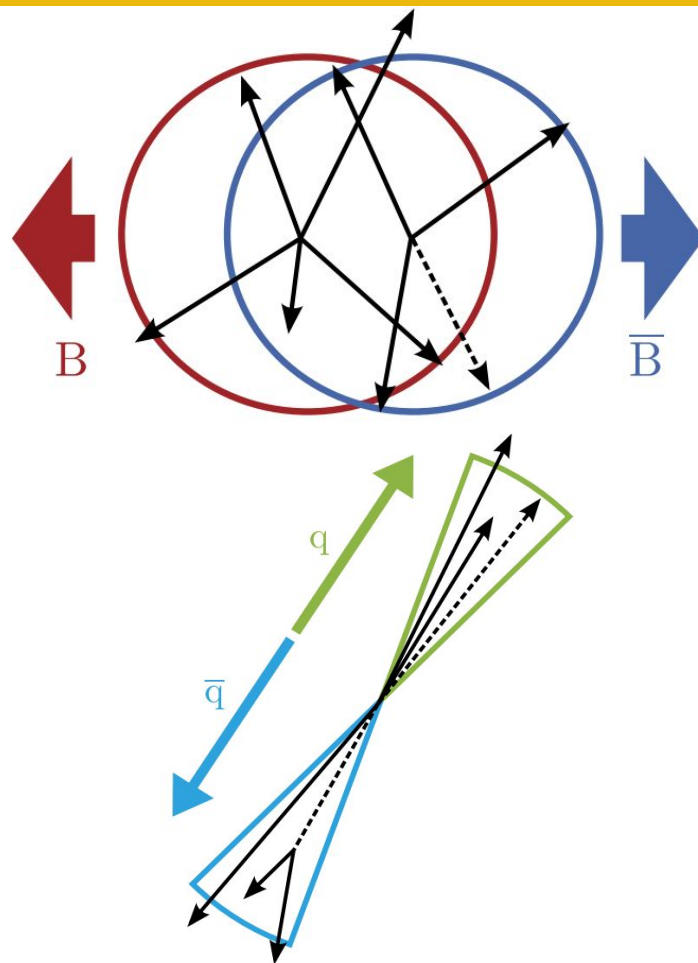
Overview

- Identify $B\bar{B}$ by reconstructing one of them
 - Isolate B_{tag}
 - B_{tag} **information** constrains B_{sig}
- Always a trade-off between **efficiency** and **information** (incl. **purity**, signal-side kinematic **resolution**, etc.)
- In Belle II, **Full Event Interpretation** (FEI):
 - Hierarchical reconstruction of $\sim 10,000$ decay modes
 - Extensive use of machine learning
 - Semileptonic and hadronic tag modes
 - Increase in **efficiency**, comparable **purity**

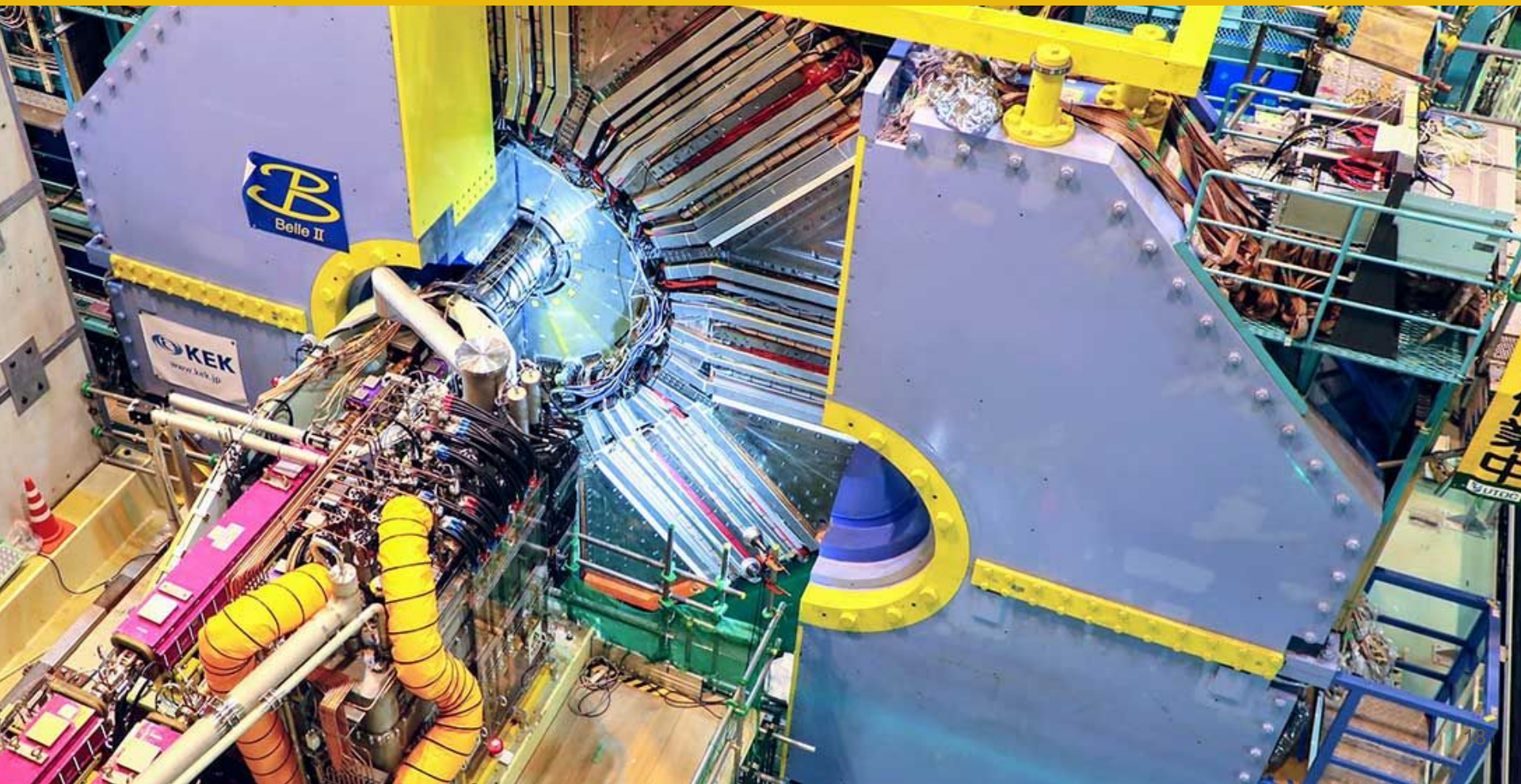


Continuum

- Copious production of $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
- BB events are typically **spherical** while $q\bar{q}$ are typically more **back-to-back**
- *Continuum suppression* typically employs machine learning trained on many **event shape variables**
- **Tagging** can also substantially reduce continuum
- **Off-resonance** data used to describe and constrain continuum



Early physics results



$B \rightarrow K\nu\nu$

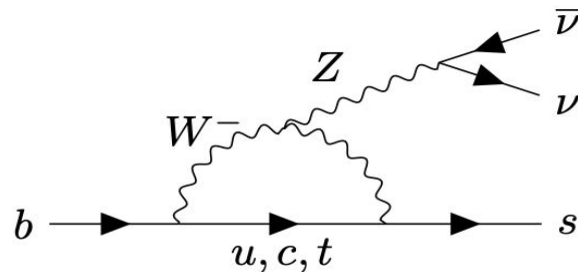
arXiv: 2104.12624

Search for $B^+ \rightarrow K^+\nu\bar{\nu}$ decays using an inclusive tagging method at Belle II

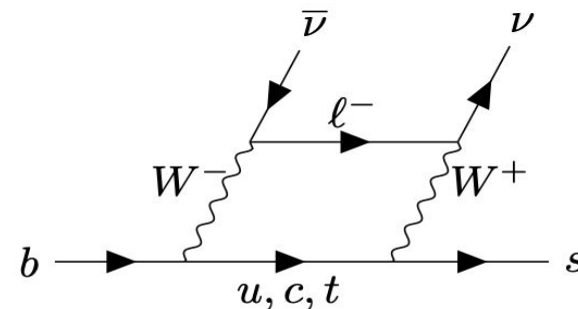
F. Abudinén,⁴⁴ I. Adachi,^{21,19} K. Adamczyk,⁶⁶ P. Ahlburg,⁹⁸ H. Aihara,¹¹⁴ N. Akopov,¹²⁰ A. Aloisio,^{87,37}
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First B -physics paper at Belle II

- Search for **flavor-changing neutral current**
- Complementary probe to BSM from $b \rightarrow s\ell\ell$
- A channel **unique** to Belle II
- A new technique for this analysis: **inclusive tagging**
- Train signal classifier based on **event shape**
- Signal extracted from 2D fit in p_T vs. classifier bins



(a) Penguin diagram



(b) Box diagram

$B \rightarrow K \nu \bar{\nu}$

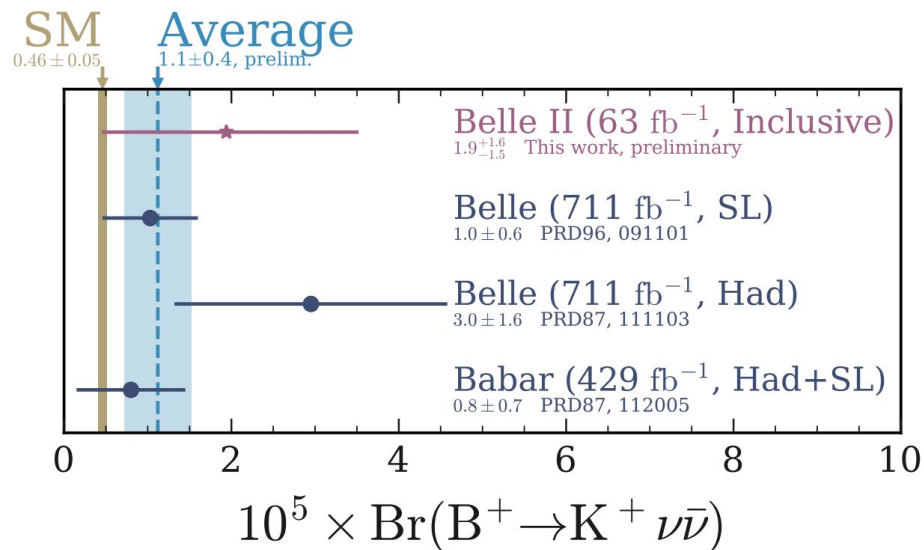
Results

- Results **competitive** with previous measurements despite **1/10th data**
- Statistically limited for now

arXiv: 2104.12624

Search for $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ decays using an inclusive tagging method at Belle II

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D^0 and D^+ lifetimes

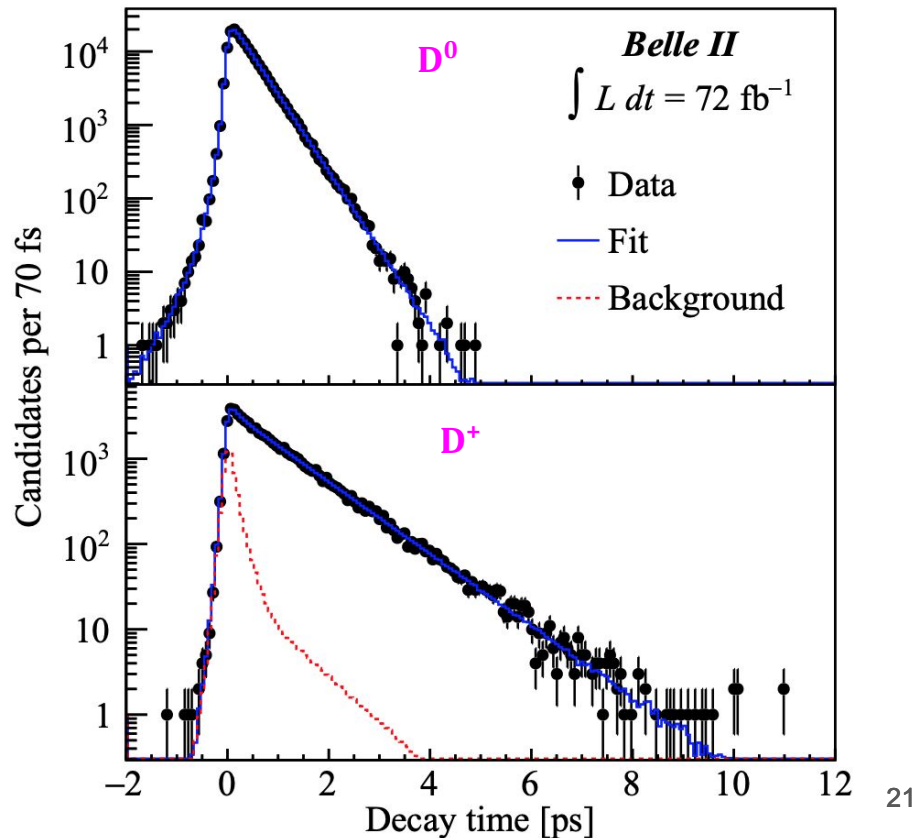
Analysis

- Lifetimes of D mesons using:
 - $D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0(\rightarrow K^- \pi^+) \pi^+$
 - $D^{*+} \rightarrow D^+(\rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+) \pi^0$
- Existing lifetimes are **systematics-limited**: a precision test of Belle II **vertexing capabilities + knowledge of interaction region**
- D^* decays at collision point; distance to D decay vertex gives lifetime
- Fit to time distribution with decaying exponential convolved with resolution function

arXiv: 2108.03216

Precise measurement of the D^0 and D^+ lifetimes at Belle II

F. Abudinén,³¹ I. Adachi,^{21,18} K. Adamczyk,⁶⁶ L. Aggarwal,⁷³ H. Ahmed,⁷⁶ H. Aihara,¹¹² N. Akopov,² A. Aloisio,^{88,25} N. Anh Ky,^{40,13} D. M. Asner,³ H. Atmacan,⁹⁹ V. Aushev,⁸¹ V. Babu,¹¹ S. Bacher,⁶⁶ H. Bac,¹¹²



D^0 and D^+ lifetimes

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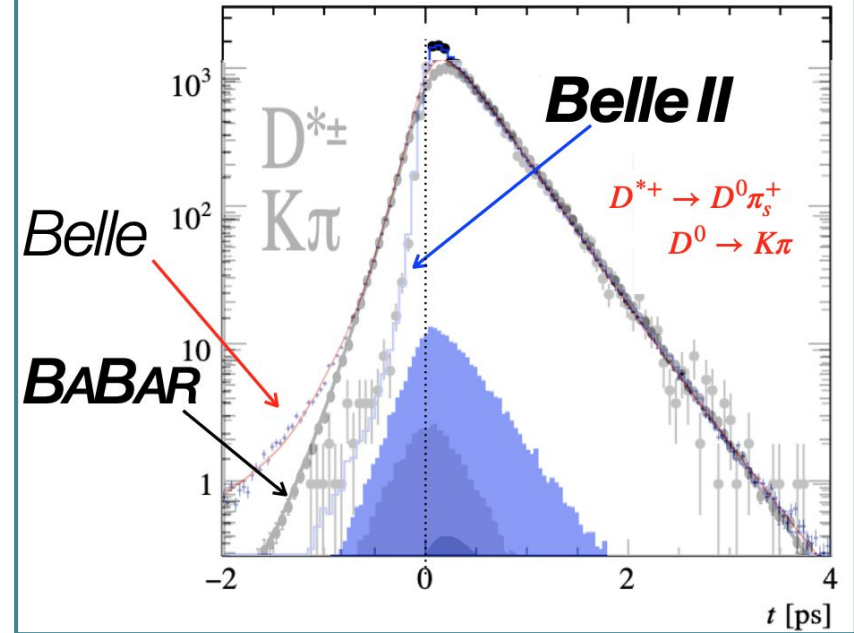
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Results

- Proper time resolution at Belle II is a **factor of 2** better than Belle and BaBar due to better vertexing

- resolution improvement visible at $t < 0$:



D^0 and D^+ lifetimes

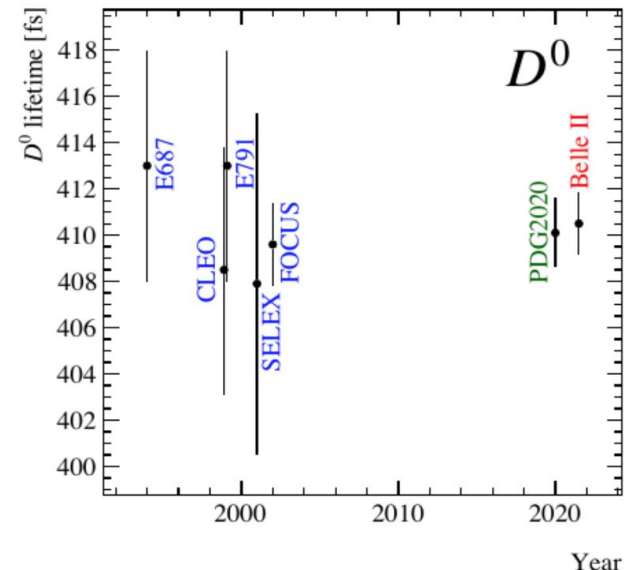
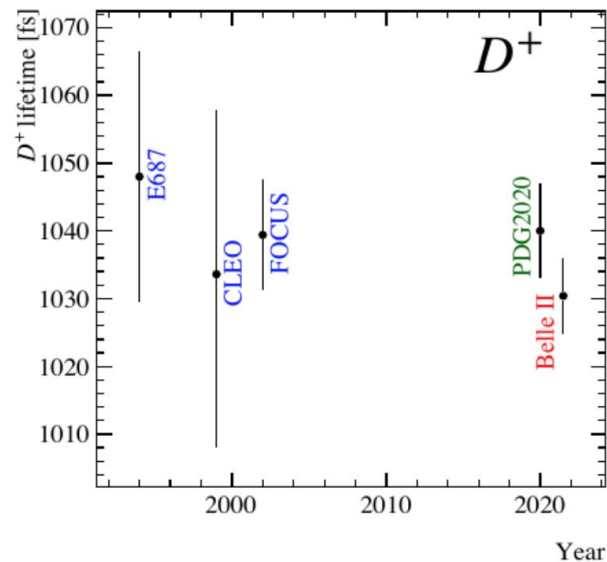
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Results

- First updates to D lifetimes in 20 years
- Provides important reference to LHCb charm lifetime measurements
- Still **statistics-limited**
- **Vertex performance excellent**: good sign for time-dependent mixing and CPV measurements



Axion-Like Particles

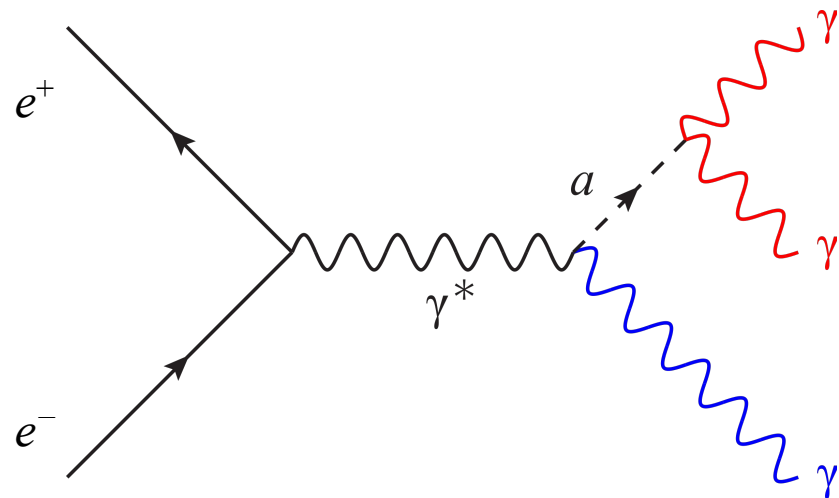
Concept

- **ALPs:** portal to dark sector
 - Mediator or DM candidate
 - Light pseudoscalar interacting with SM gauge bosons
- Search using **445pb⁻¹** of early data without complete detector
- Look for a **mono-energetic photon** recoiling against a **resonant photon pair**

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS **125**, 161806 (2020)

Search for Axionlike Particles Produced in e^+e^- Collisions at Belle II

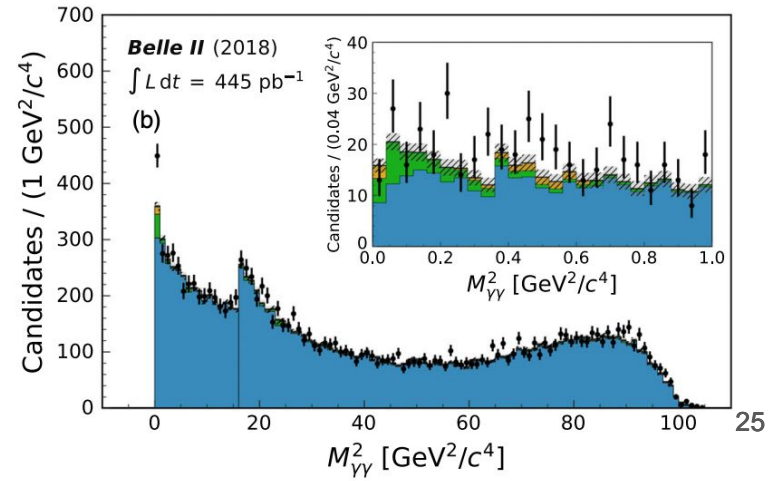
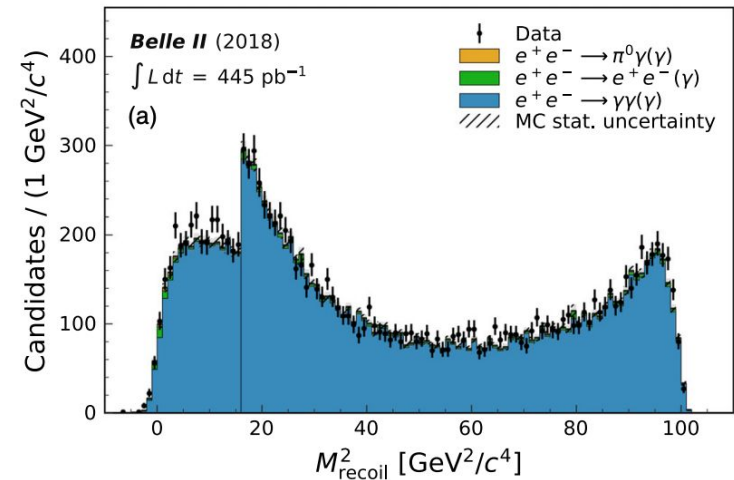
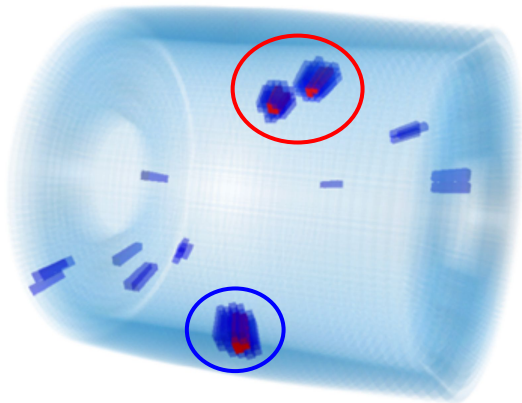
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Axion-Like Particles

Analysis

- Find **three-photon events**
- Two signatures in **EM calorimeter**:
 - Peak in mass recoiling against γ , *or*
 - Peak in $\gamma\gamma$ invariant mass



Axion-Like Particles

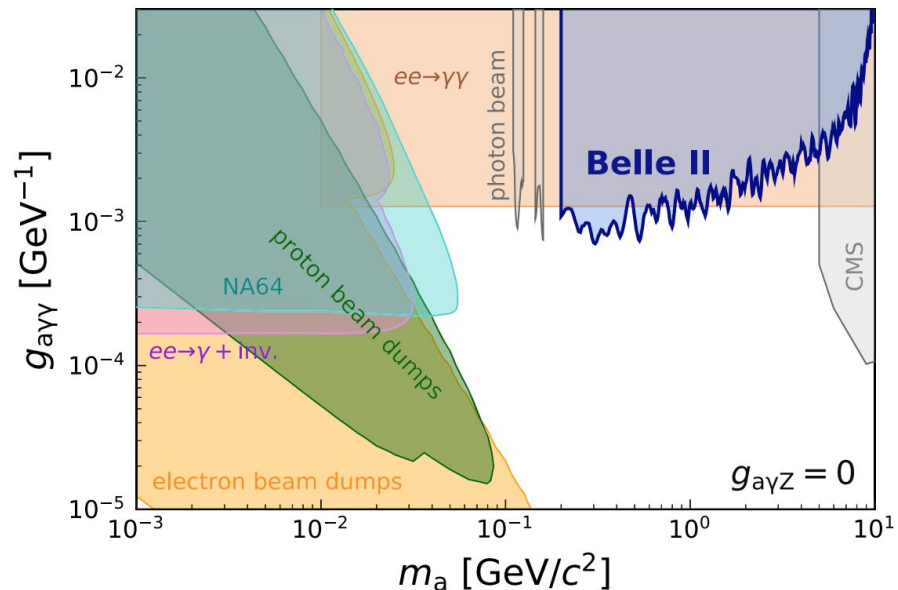
Results

- First-ever ALPs search at a B factory
- Already excluding **new parameter space** in region unconstrained by cosmological considerations
- More than one order of magnitude improvement on $g_{a\gamma\gamma}$ expected with **better stats**

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS **125**, 161806 (2020)

Search for Axionlike Particles Produced in e^+e^- Collisions at Belle II

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Invisibly decaying Z'

Analysis

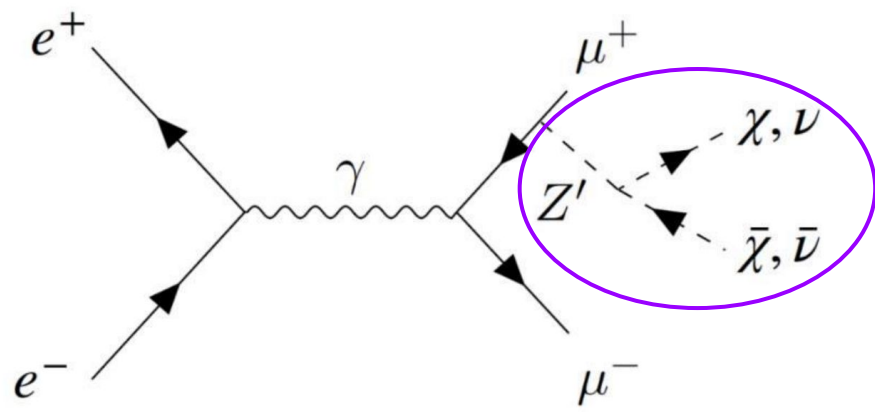
- Testing the L_μ - L_τ extension of the SM
 - New vector boson Z' that couples to SM only through $\mu, \tau, \nu_\mu, \nu_\tau$
 - Possible explanation for $(g-2)_\mu, b \rightarrow s\mu\mu$ anomalies and DM candidate
- First ever search for $Z' \rightarrow invisible$
 - Peak in mass recoiling against $\mu\mu$
 - Also search for **LFV** Z' with $e\mu$
 - 276pb^{-1} of early data

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS **124**, 141801 (2020)

Editors' Suggestion Featured in Physics

Search for an Invisibly Decaying Z' Boson at Belle II in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-(e^\pm\mu^\mp)$ Plus Missing Energy Final States

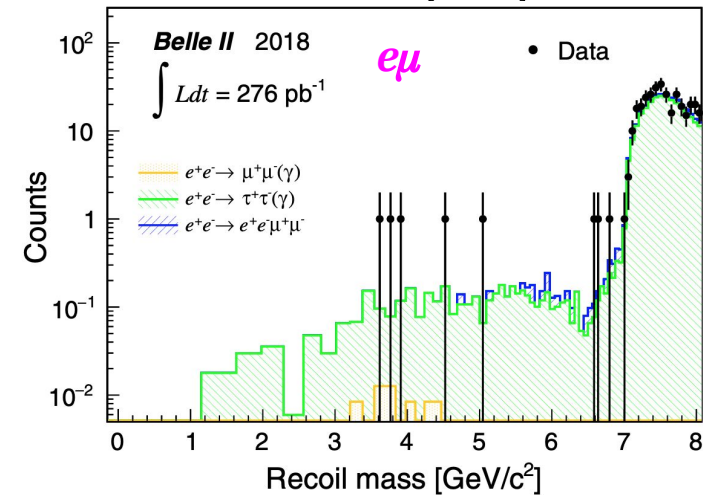
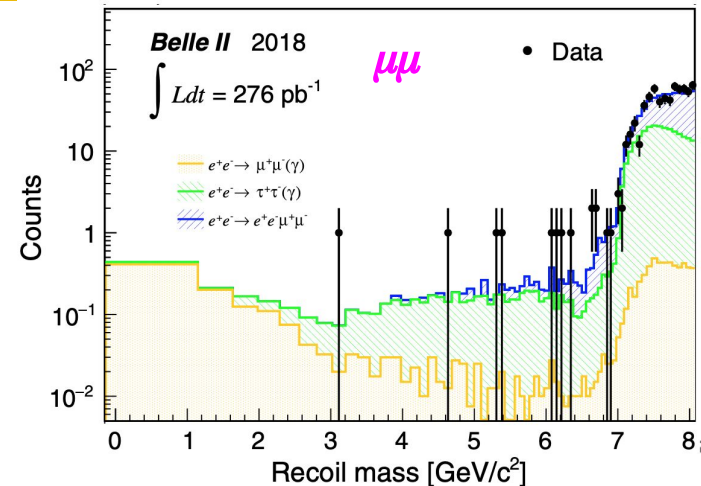
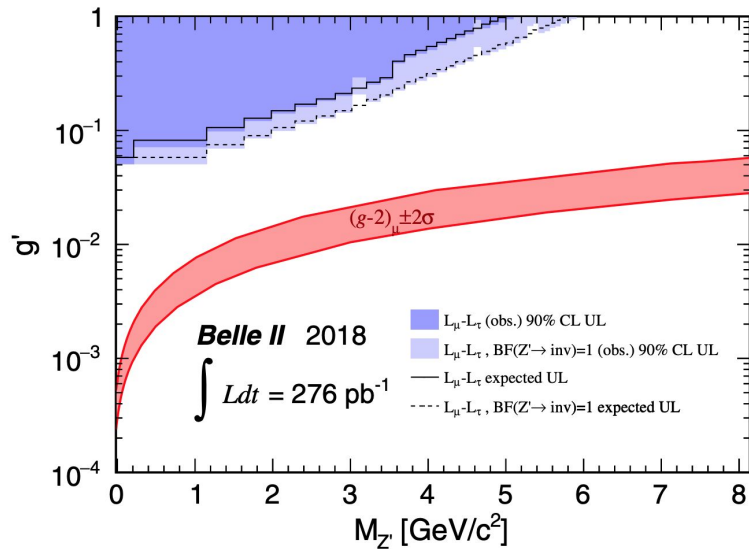
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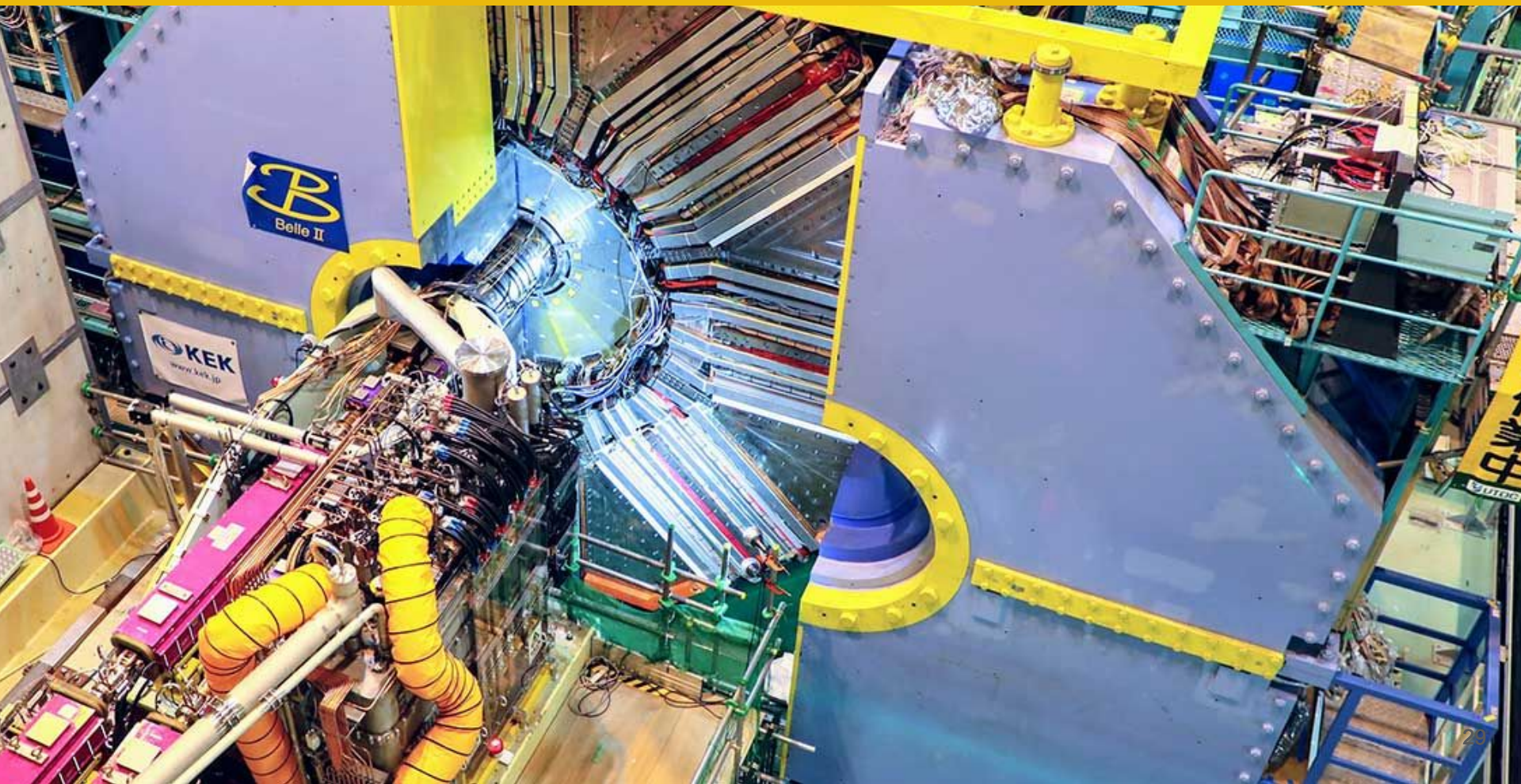
Invisibly decaying Z'

Results

- New limits set
- Extension to $(g-2)_\mu$ region possible with 50fb^{-1}



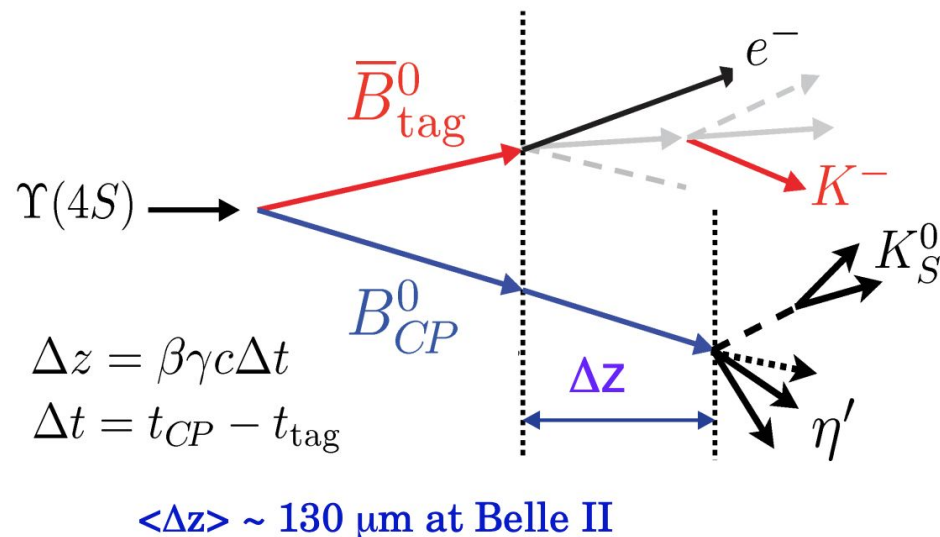
Selected other public preliminary results



Time-dependent CPV in B decays

The flagship B factory measurement

- SuperKEKB/Belle II **optimized** for this measurement
- CP asymmetries in **proper time** distribution of decays measure ϕ_1 (Unity Triangle angle)
- Look at **BF asymmetry** between tag and **quantum-entangled CP eigenstate** vs. time:
 - *Mixing frequency* from mass difference Δm_B
 - *Mixing-induced asymmetries* (indirect)
 - *Direct CP asymmetries*
- Some looks at early results...

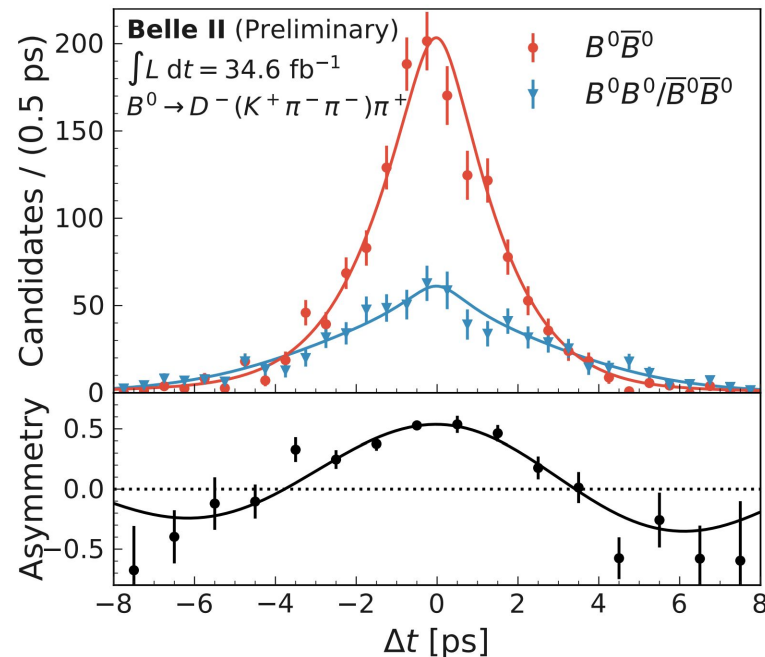
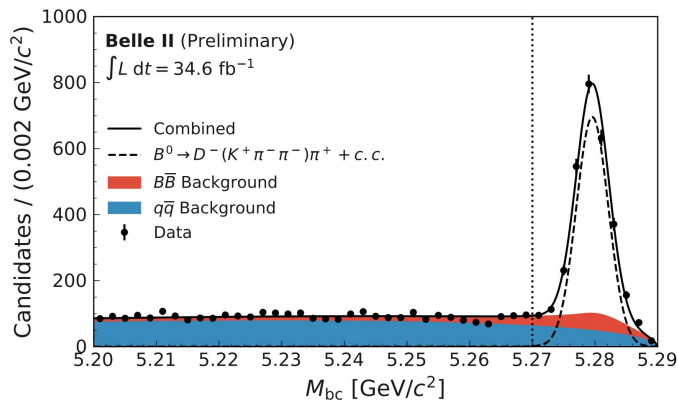


$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{A}_f(\Delta t) &= \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B}^0(\Delta t) \rightarrow \eta' K_S^0) - \Gamma(B^0(\Delta t) \rightarrow \eta' K_S^0)}{\Gamma(\bar{B}^0(\Delta t) \rightarrow \eta' K_S^0) + \Gamma(B^0(\Delta t) \rightarrow \eta' K_S^0)} \\
 &= S_f \sin(\Delta m_B \Delta t) + A_f \cos(\Delta m_B \Delta t)
 \end{aligned}$$

Time-dependent CPV in B decays



- Observation of direct CP violation with 34.6fb^{-1}
- Obtain Δm_B



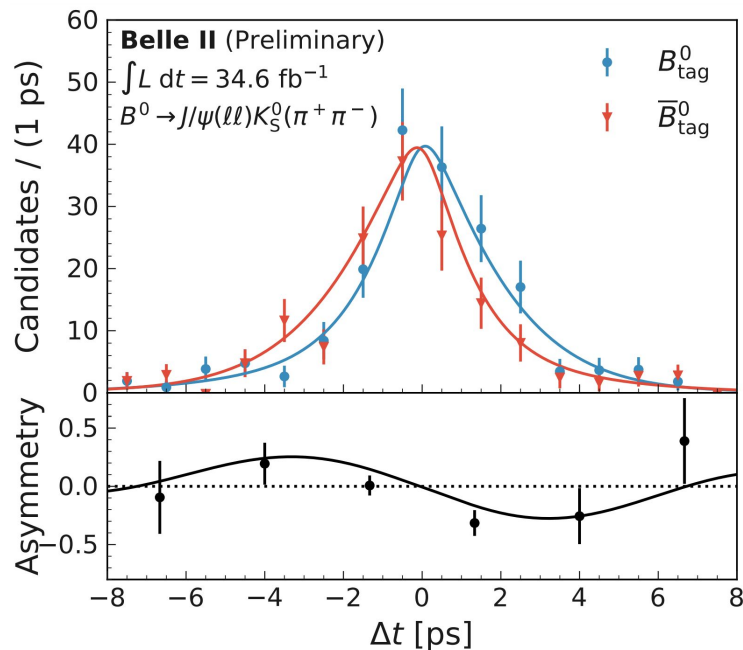
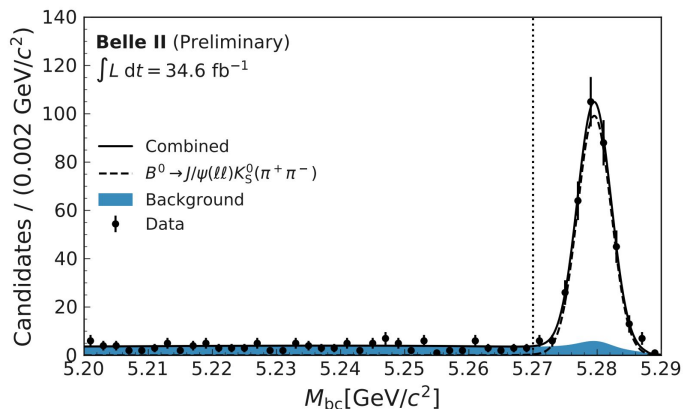
BELLE2-NOTE-PL-2020-011

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 &= S_f \sin(\Delta m_B \Delta t) + A_f \cos(\Delta m_B \Delta t)
 \end{aligned}$$

Time-dependent CPV in B decays

$$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi(e^-e^+/\mu^-\mu^+)K_S$$

- Assume no direct CPV
- Extract TD CPV parameter S_f with 2.7σ significance
- Expect **factor of 5** improvement ultimately in CKM parameters ϕ_1 and ϕ_2



BELLE2-NOTE-PL-2020-011

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{A}_f(\Delta t) &= \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B}^0(\Delta t) \rightarrow \eta' K_S^0) - \Gamma(B^0(\Delta t) \rightarrow \eta' K_S^0)}{\Gamma(\bar{B}^0(\Delta t) \rightarrow \eta' K_S^0) + \Gamma(B^0(\Delta t) \rightarrow \eta' K_S^0)} \\ &= S_f \sin(\Delta m_B \Delta t) + A_f \cos(\Delta m_B \Delta t) \end{aligned}$$

Toward V_{ub} and V_{cb}

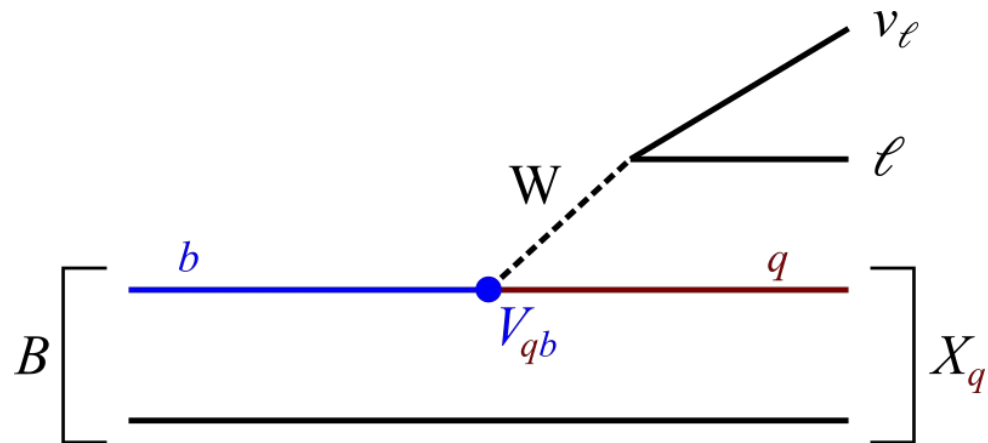
Semileptonic decays

- **Semileptonic** decays provide clean access to V_{ub} and V_{cb} CKM elements
- Two major current areas of excitement:
 - Excess in $R(D^{(*)})$: LFU implications
 - Inclusive/exclusive disagreement in $|V_{ub}|$ and $|V_{cb}|$ at 3.3σ level

$$\frac{d\Gamma}{dq^2} \propto |V_{xb}|^2 |f(q^2)|^2$$

$$q^2 = (p_\ell + p_\nu)^2$$

- A large number of upcoming results...

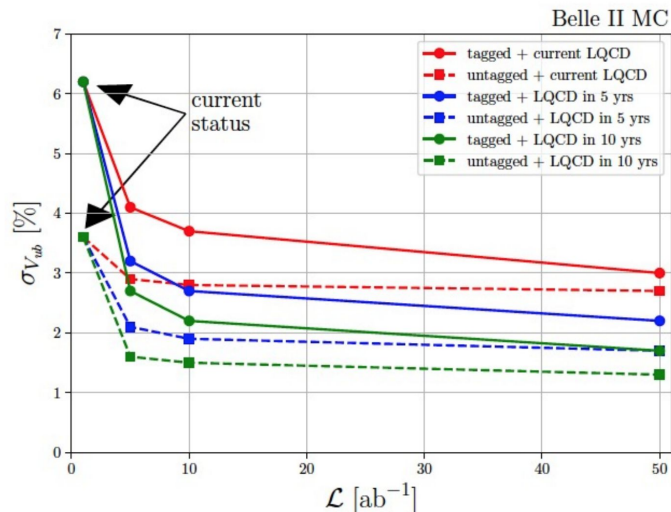
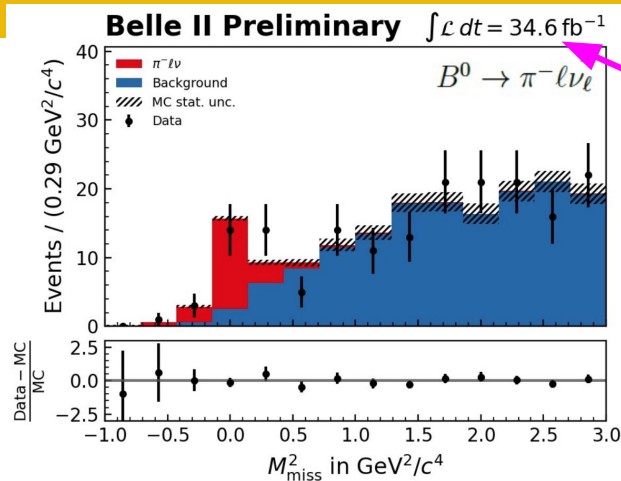


	d	s	b
u	■	■	·
c	■	■	■
t	·	■	■

“Rediscovery” of $B \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu$

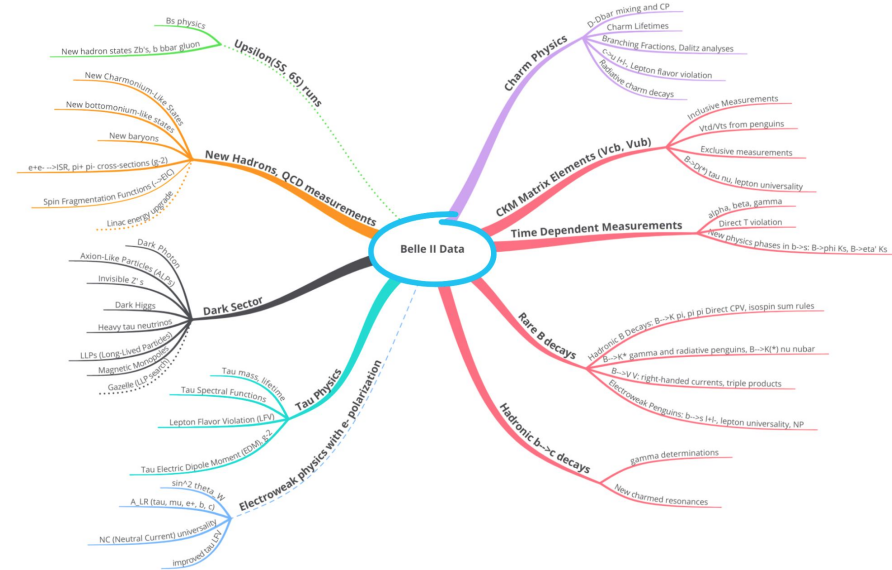
Toward $|V_{ub}|$ extraction

- Hadronic-tagged $B \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu$ gives best constraints on $|V_{ub}|$
 - Requires extraction of Γ in q^2 bins
 - **Very low statistics** (hadronic tagging efficiency and $|V_{ub}|^2$)
- *Observed* with significance $>5\sigma$
- “Rediscovery” shows: Belle II soon capable of competitive inclusive and exclusive V_{ub} and V_{cb}

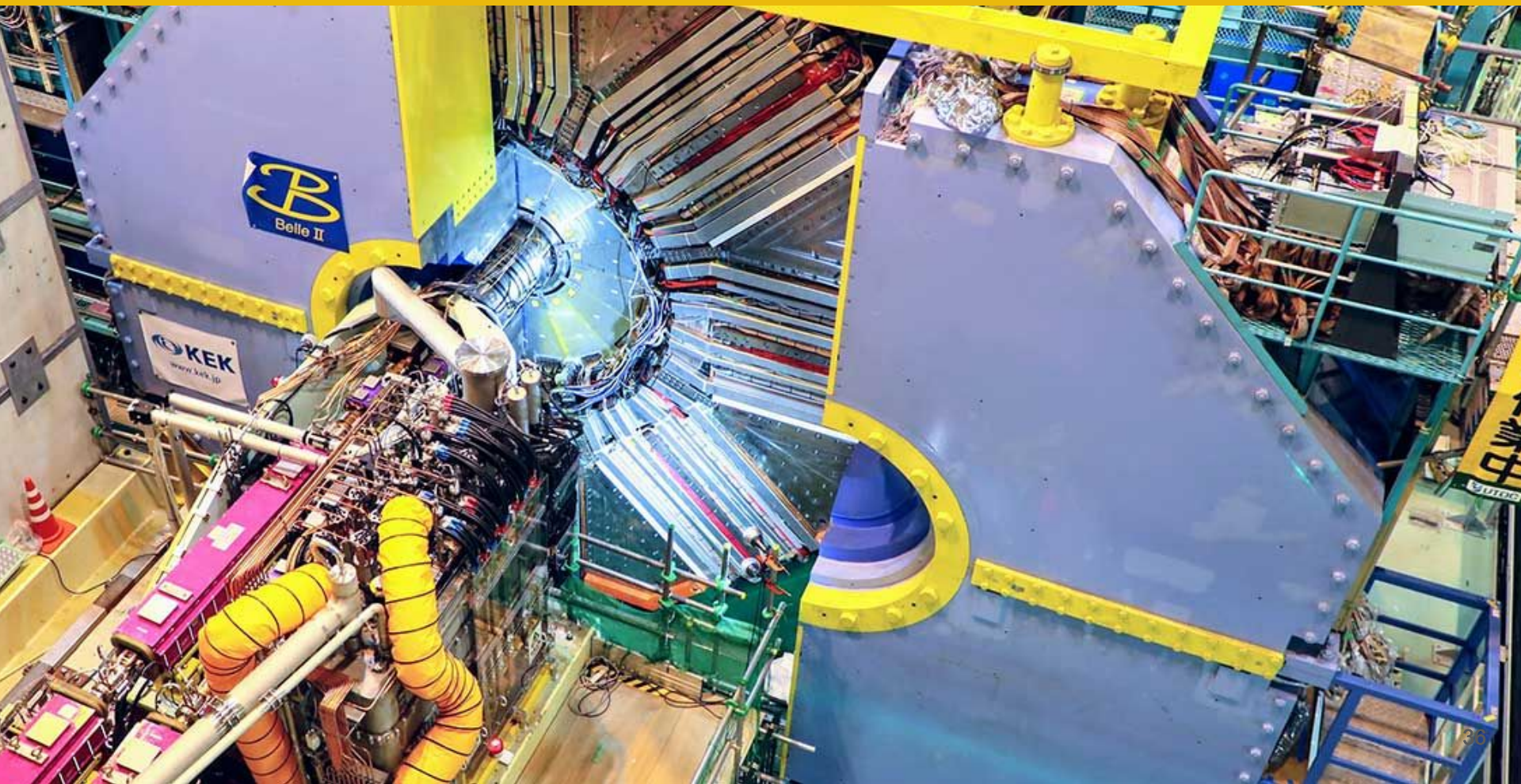


Status and prospects

- SuperKEKB is delivering world-record luminosities
- First *trickle* of physics results show excellent performance and physics potential
- Expect a **flood** of diverse results as Belle II dataset grows to comparable size with BaBar/Belle



Thank you!



Comparison with LHCb

Property	LHCb	Belle II
$\sigma_{b\bar{b}}$ (nb)	~150,000	~1
$\int L dt$ (fb ⁻¹)	~25	~50,000
Background level	High	Low
Typical efficiency	Low	High
π^0, K_S efficiency	Low	High
Initial state	Not well known	Well known
Decay-time resolution	Excellent	Good
Collision spot size	Large	Tiny
Heavy bottom hadrons	B_S, B_C, b -baryons	Partly B_S
τ physics capability	Limited	Excellent
B-flavor tagging efficiency	3.5 - 6%	36%