

Early Charmless B Decay Results from Belle II

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on behalf of the Belle II Collaboration

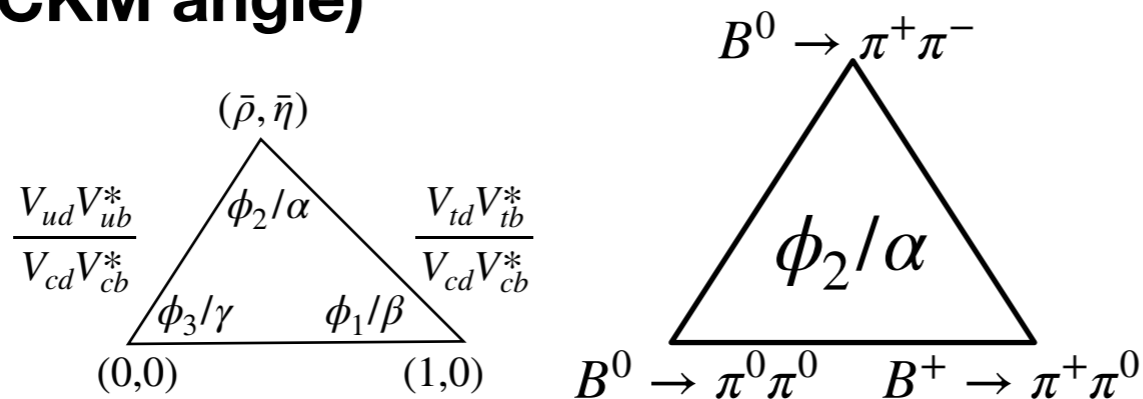
Epiphany 2021



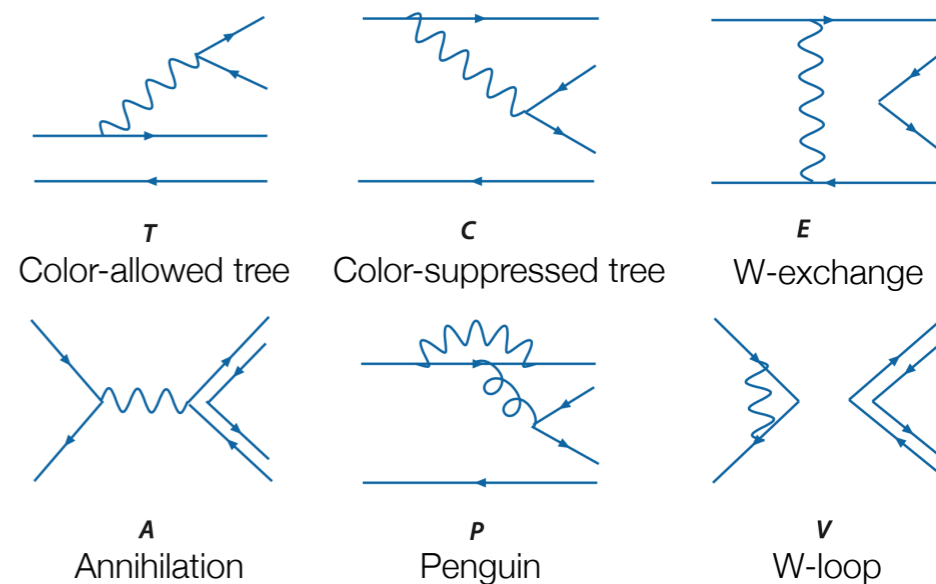
國立臺灣大學
National Taiwan University

SM

- Precise measurement of flavor physics (CKM angle)



Dominant amplitudes of charmless B decays



- Sum rule test

$$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^0 \quad B^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$$

$$I_{K\pi}$$

$$B^0 \rightarrow K^0 \pi^0 \quad B^+ \rightarrow K^0 \pi^+$$

- $b \rightarrow s$ loop diagram + time dependent CP violation analysis:

$$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K_S^0$$

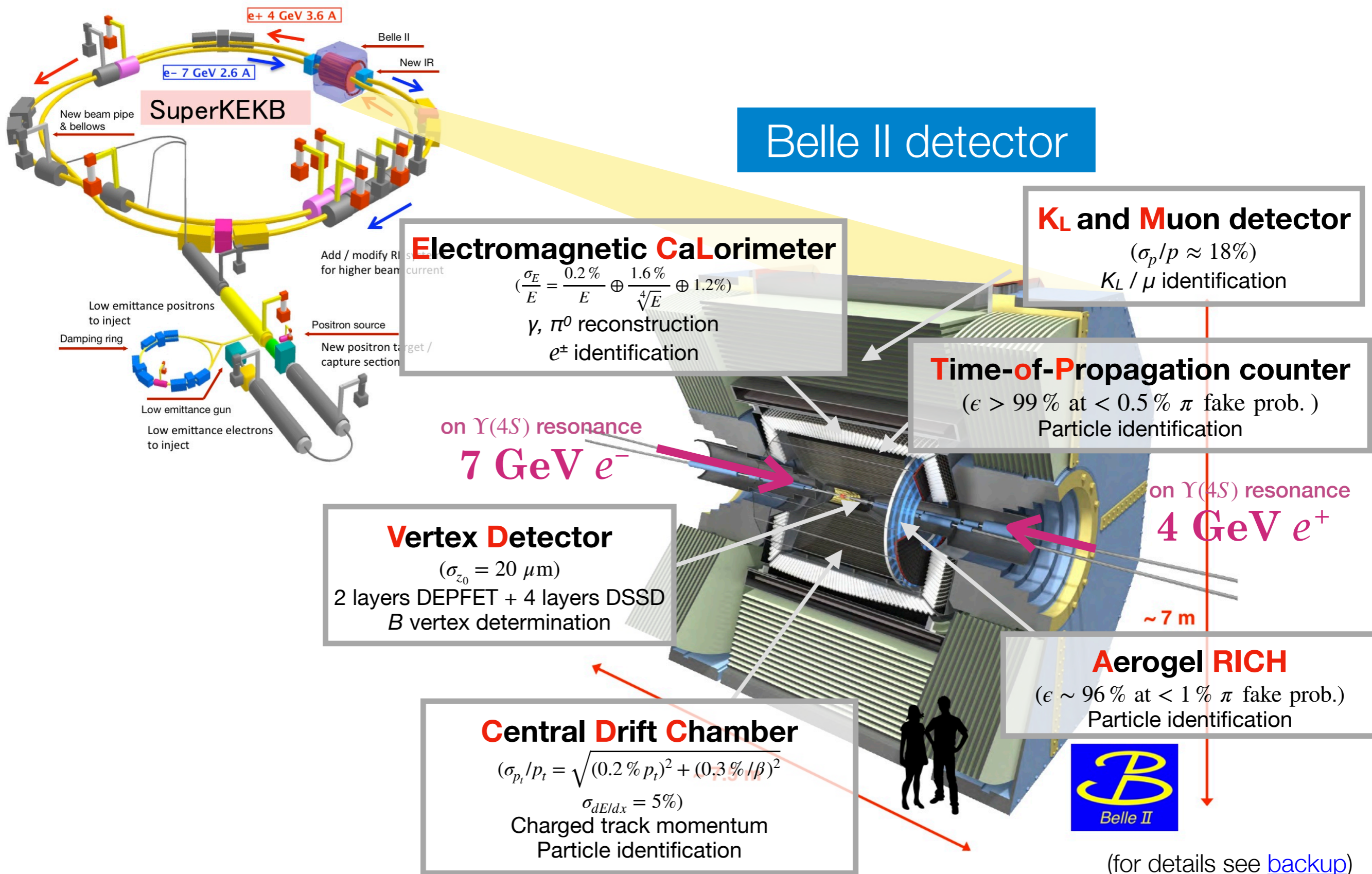
- Three-body Dalitz analysis: local CP asymmetries

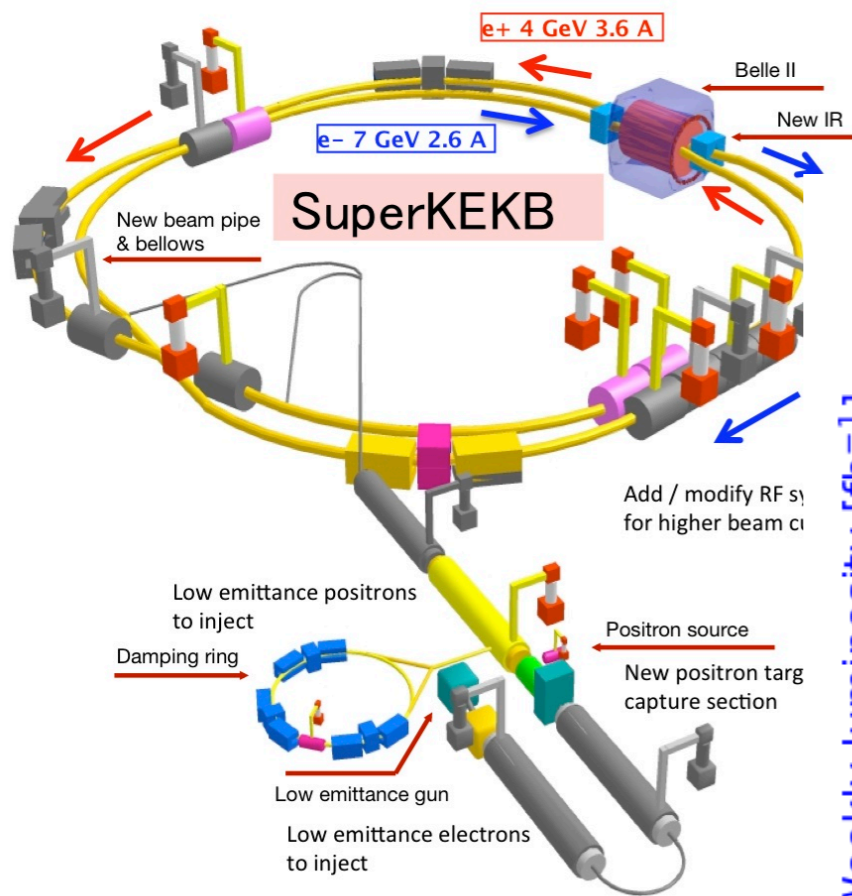
- Belle II strength: high luminosity + neutral final states

(c.f. LHCb)

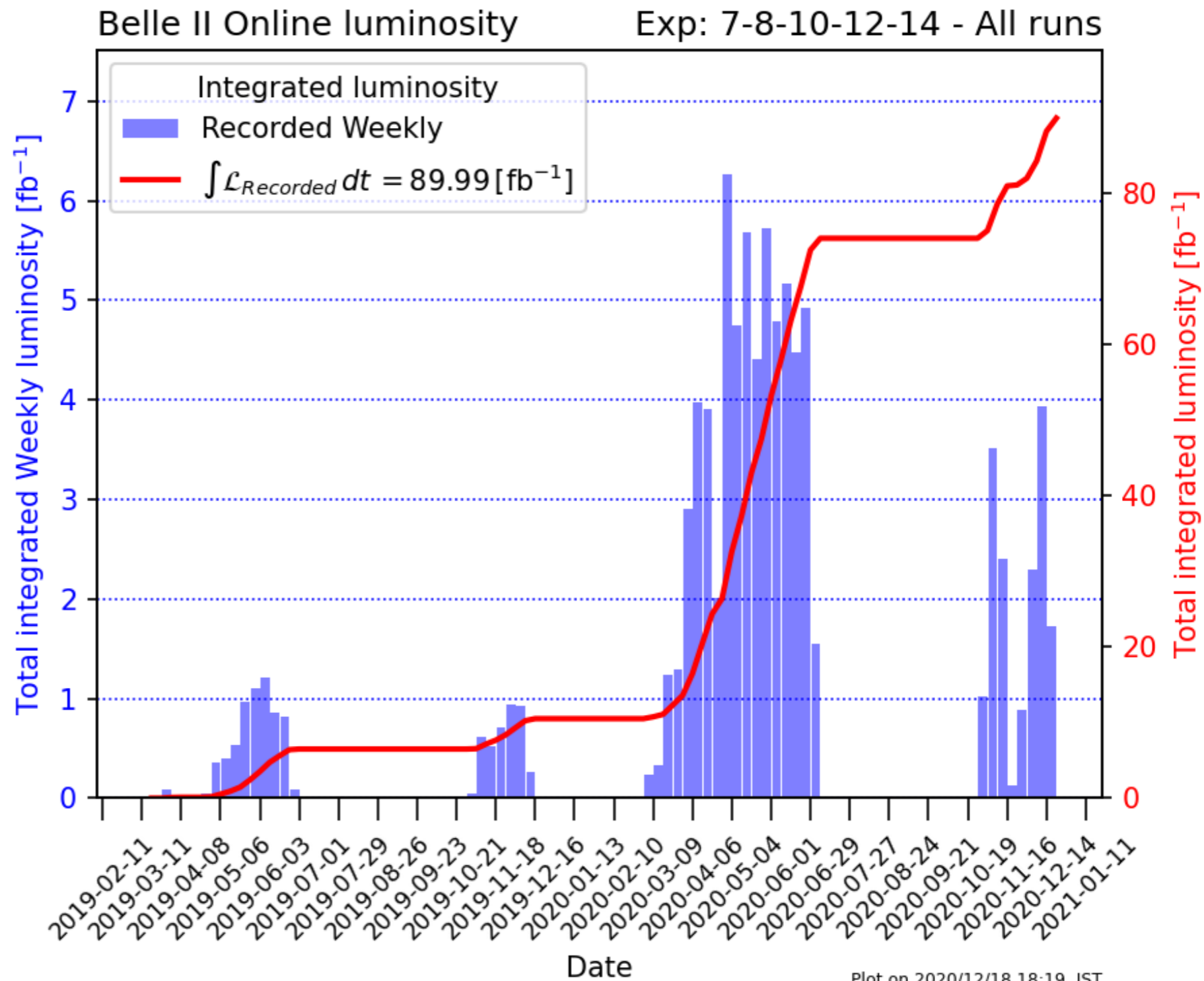
NP?

(New Physics)





World record
 $L_{\text{peak}} \approx 2.4 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$



Charmless B decays at Belle II

$\int Ldt = 34.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ good-quality skimmed data collected in 2019 - 2020 summer

- **Two-body**

- Two tracks:

$$B^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-, B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$$

- Decays with π^0 :

$$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^0, B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$$

- K_S^0 benchmarking:

$$B^+ \rightarrow K^0 \pi^+, B^0 \rightarrow K^0 \pi^0$$

- **Three-body:**

$$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- K^+,$$

$$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^+$$

[arXiv: 2009.09452](https://arxiv.org/abs/2009.09452)

- **$B \rightarrow VP$:**

$$B^+ \rightarrow \phi K^+, B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^0$$

- **$B \rightarrow VV$:**

$$B^+ \rightarrow \phi K^{*+}, B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^{*0}$$

[arXiv: 2008.03873](https://arxiv.org/abs/2008.03873)

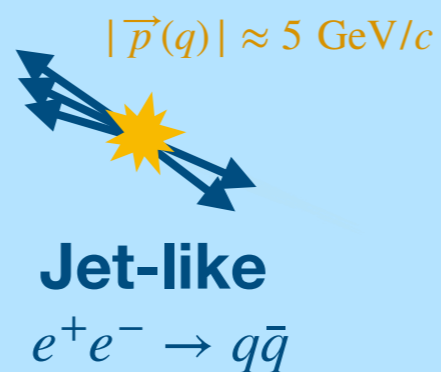
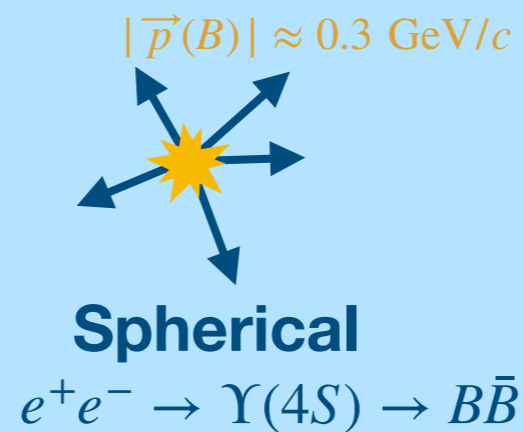
Selections

- Charged tracks: impact parameter + PID
- π^0 (2 γ with $E_\gamma > 20$ MeV): $M(\gamma\gamma)$ + helicity angle
- K_S^0 ($\pi^+\pi^-$ from the same vertex): $|\vec{p}(K_S^0)|$ + flight distance
- Peaking-background veto for three-body final states

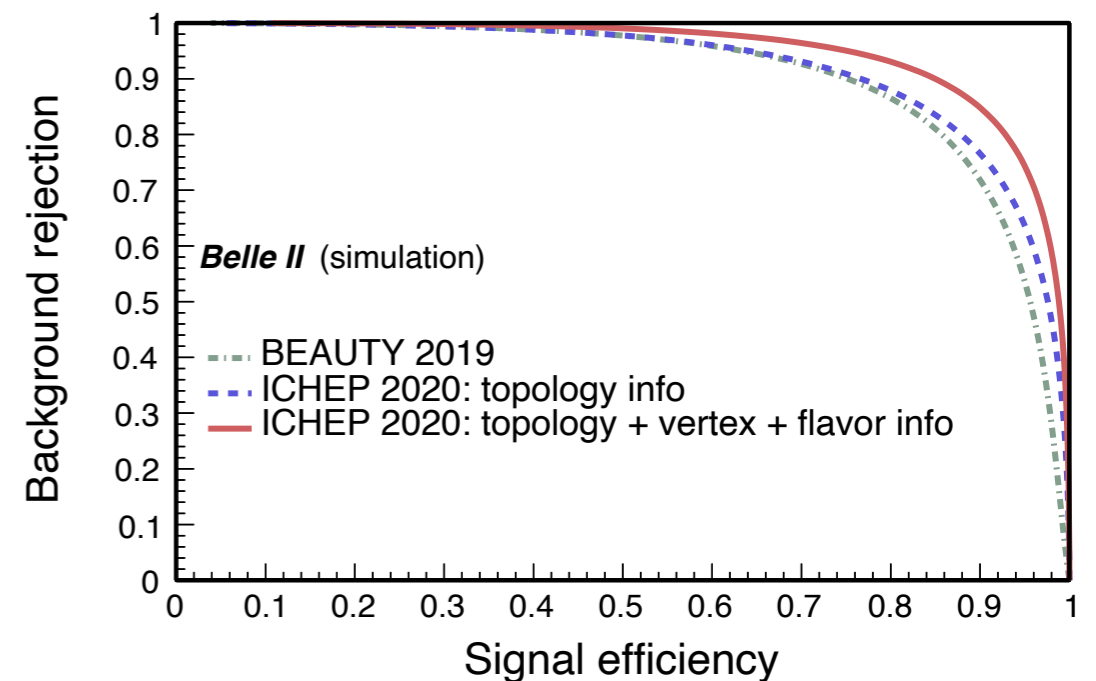
Challenge

Continuum suppression

Signal extraction (Unbinned maximum likelihood fit)



Multivariate algo. w/ training inputs:
event topology flavor tagging
vertex information kinematic fit



Selections

Continuum
suppression

Signal extraction
(Unbinned maximum
likelihood fit)

Energy difference: $\Delta E \equiv E_B^* - \sqrt{s}/2$

Beam-energy-constrained mass:

$$M_{bc} \equiv \sqrt{s/(4c^4) - (p_B^*/c)^2}$$

- For 2- & 3-body K/π modes:

ΔE fits with signal region: $M_{bc} > 5.27 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

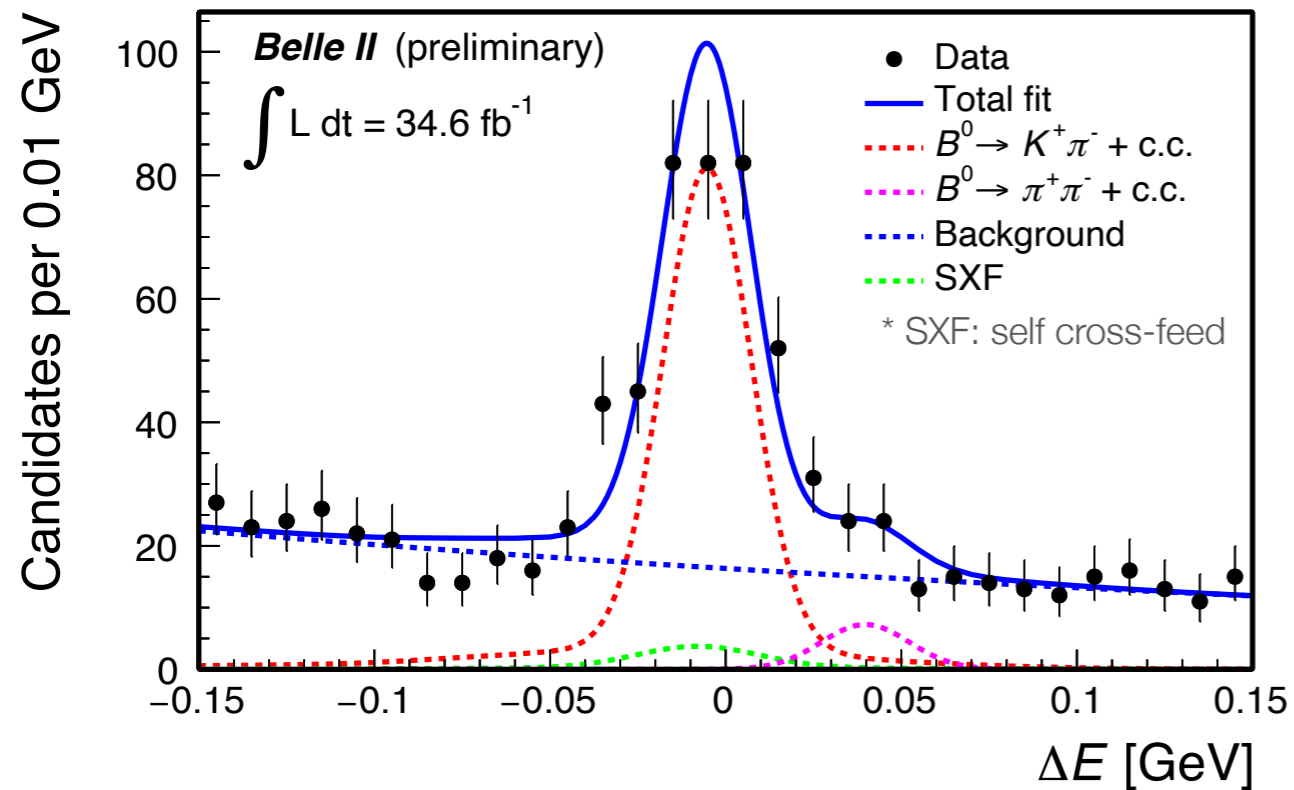
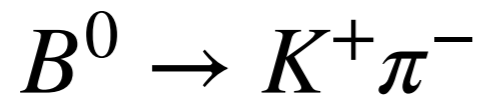
- For $B \rightarrow VP, B \rightarrow VV$:

Multidimensional fits on $M_{bc}, \Delta E$

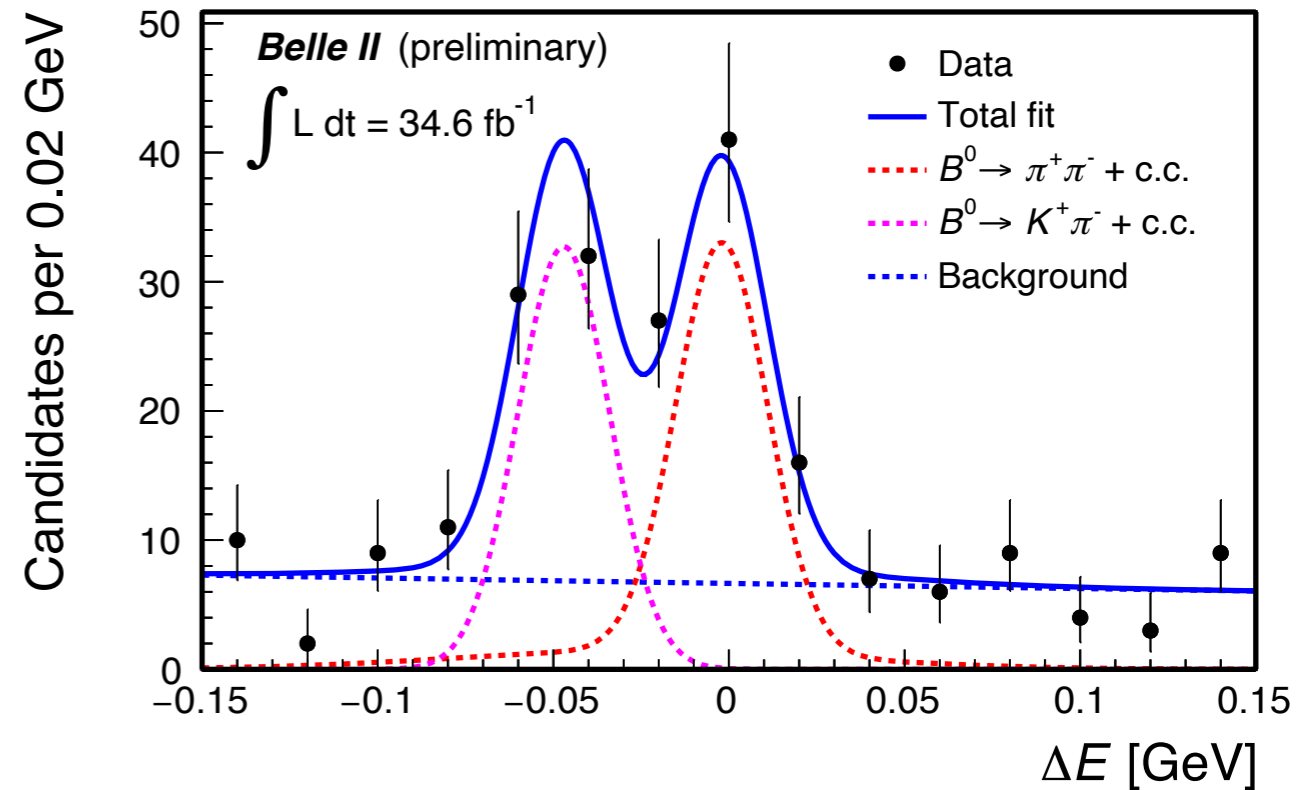
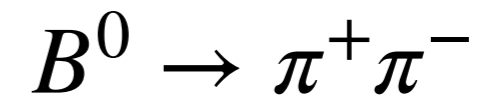
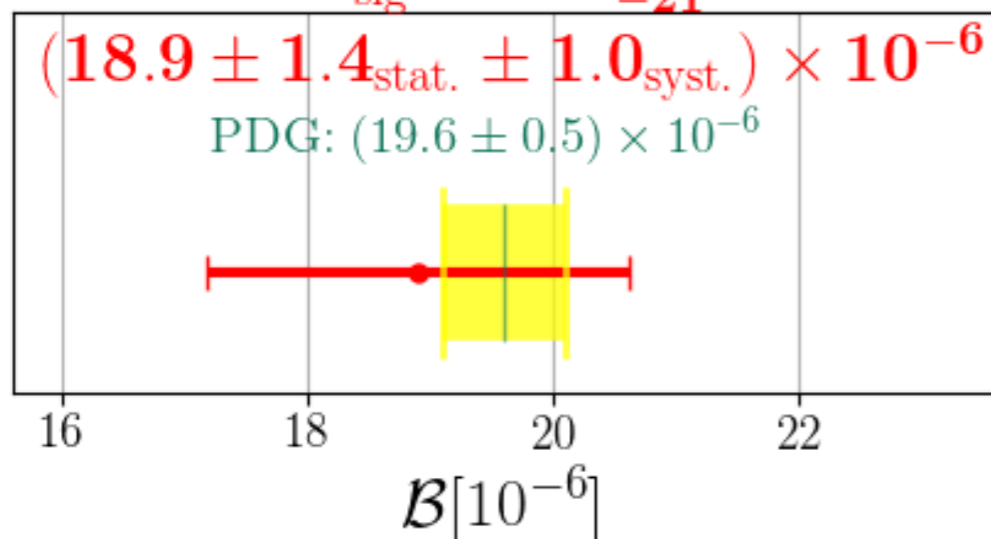
C'_{out} (transformed continuum-suppression output)

$m(K^+K^-), m(K\pi)$ (invariant masses)

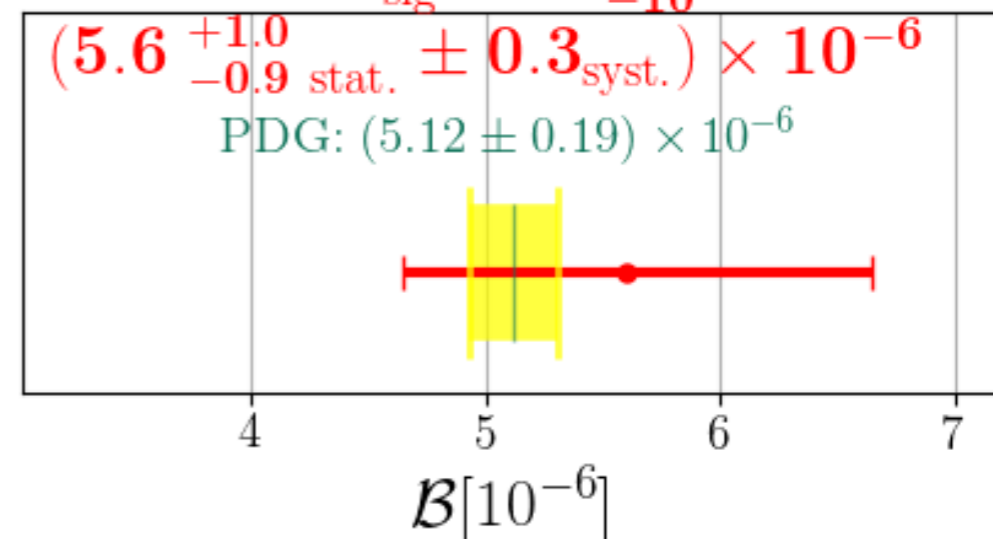
$\cos \theta_{H,\phi}, \cos \theta_{H,K^*}$ (cosines of helicity angle)



$$N_{\text{sig}} = 289^{+22}_{-21}$$

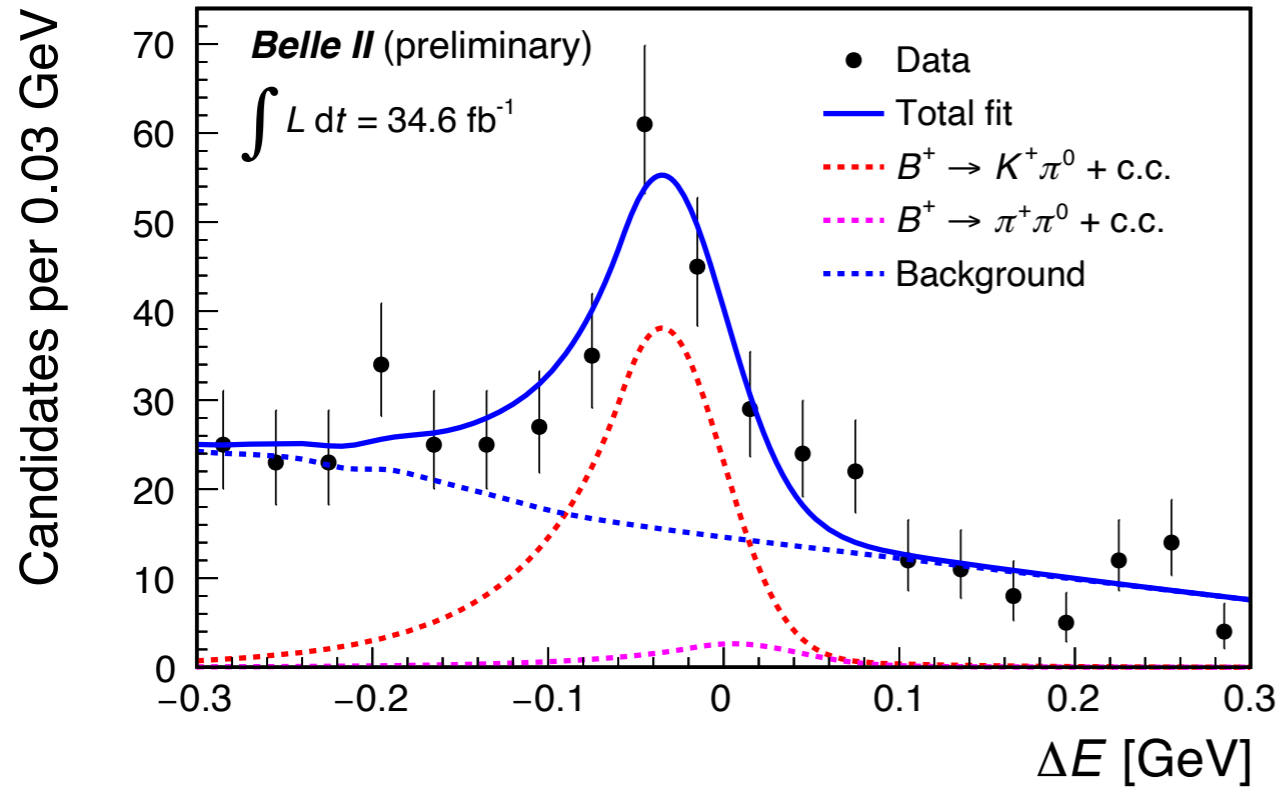
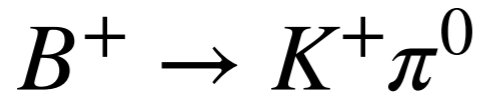


$$N_{\text{sig}} = 61^{+11}_{-10}$$

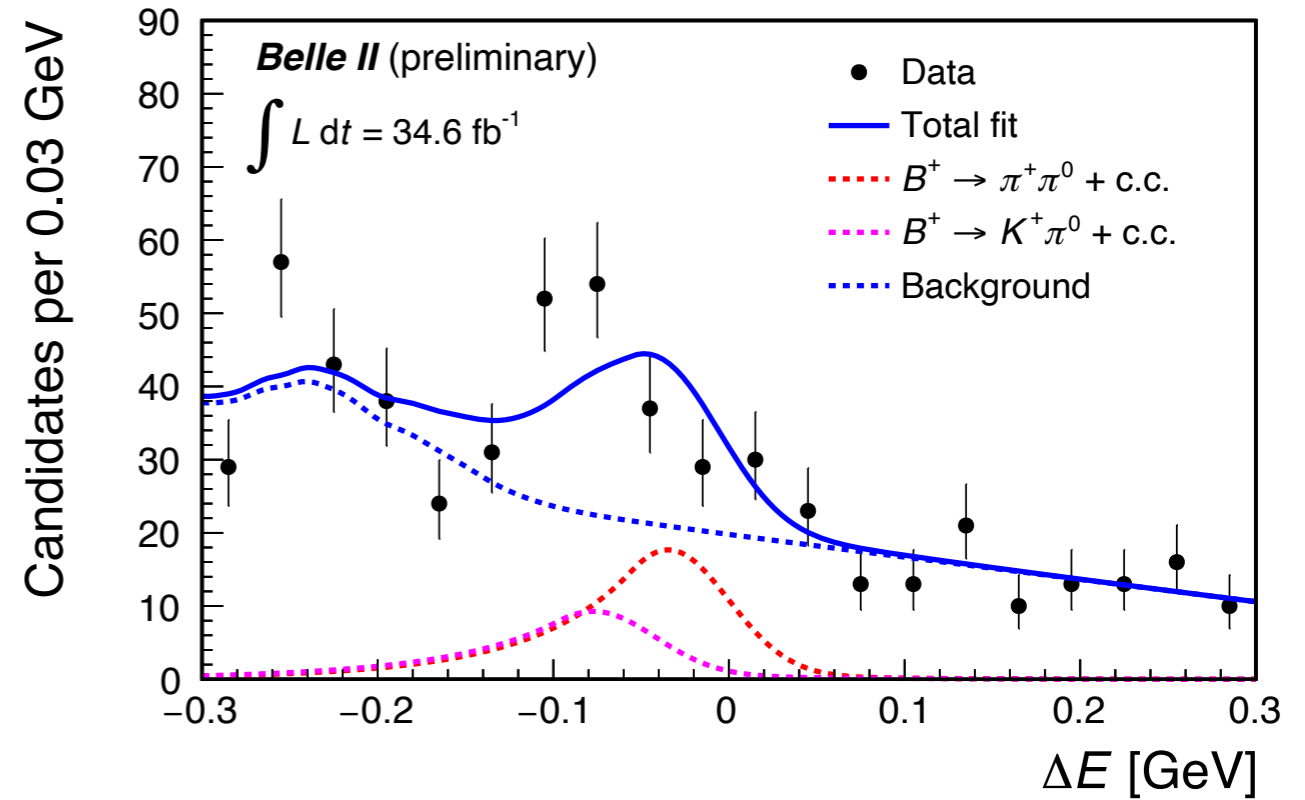
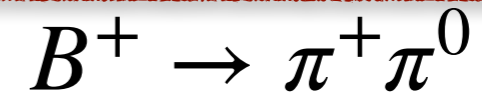
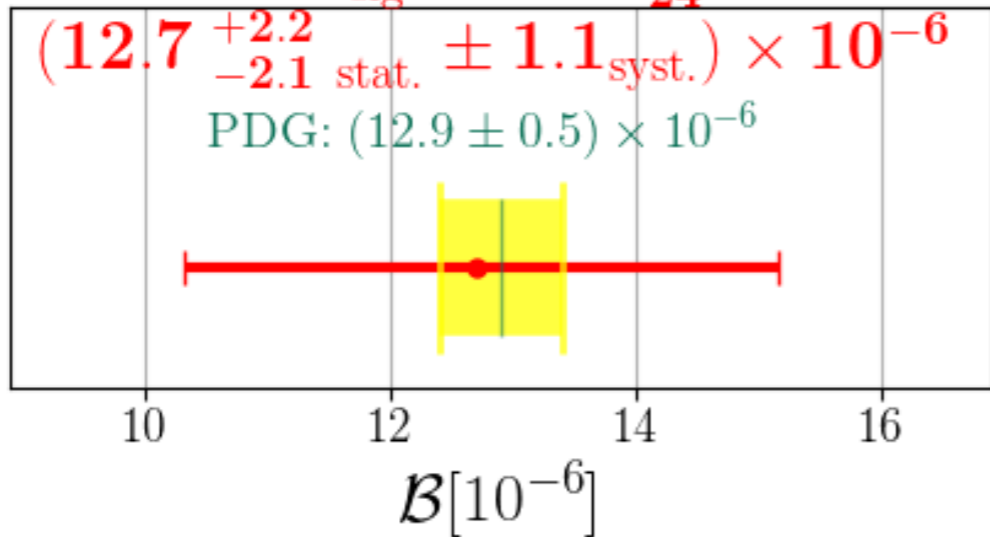


Effective hadron identification

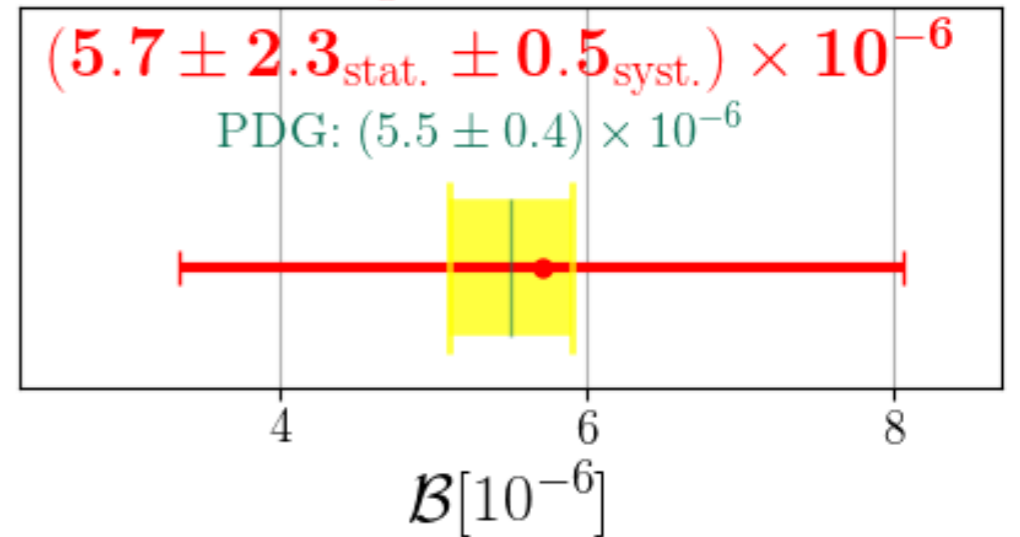
First reconstruction in Belle II



$N_{\text{sig}} = 144^{+25}_{-24}$



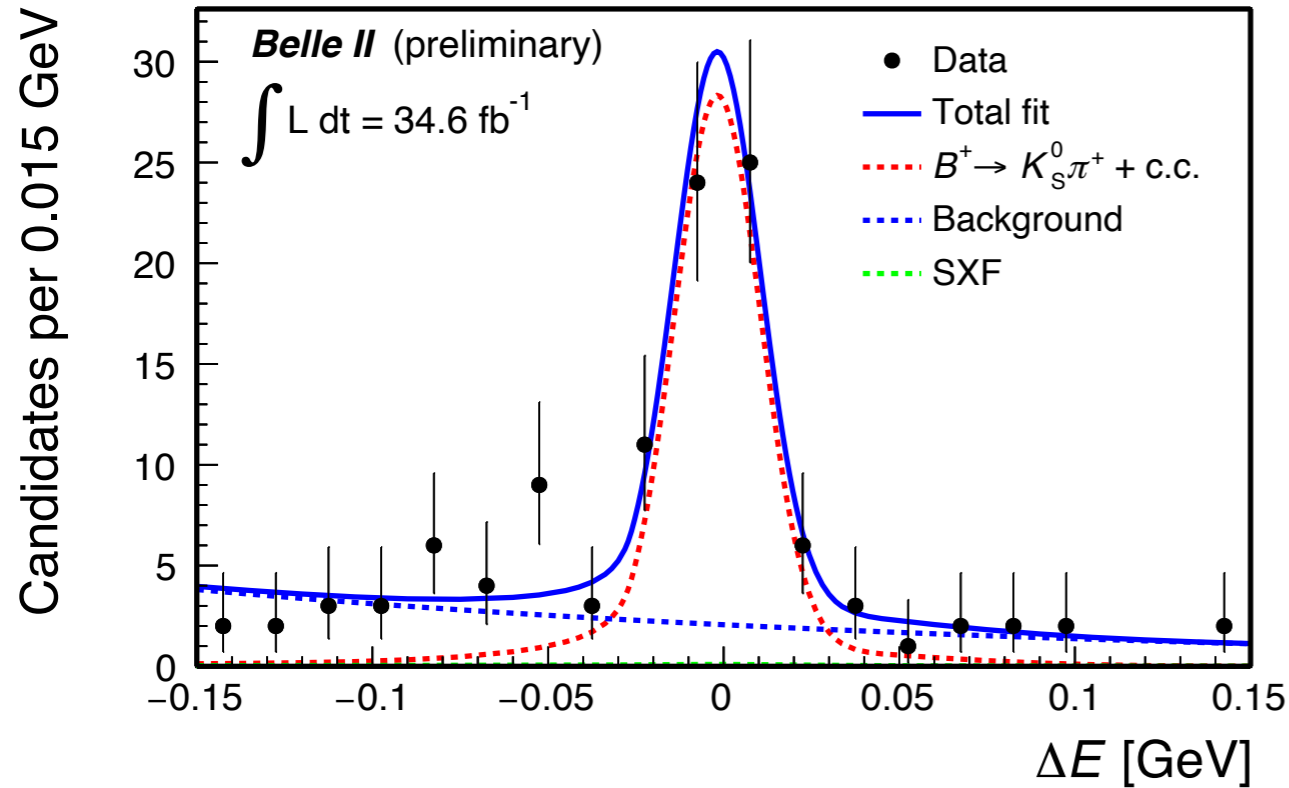
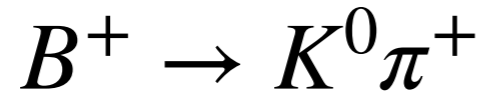
$N_{\text{sig}} = 68 \pm 27$



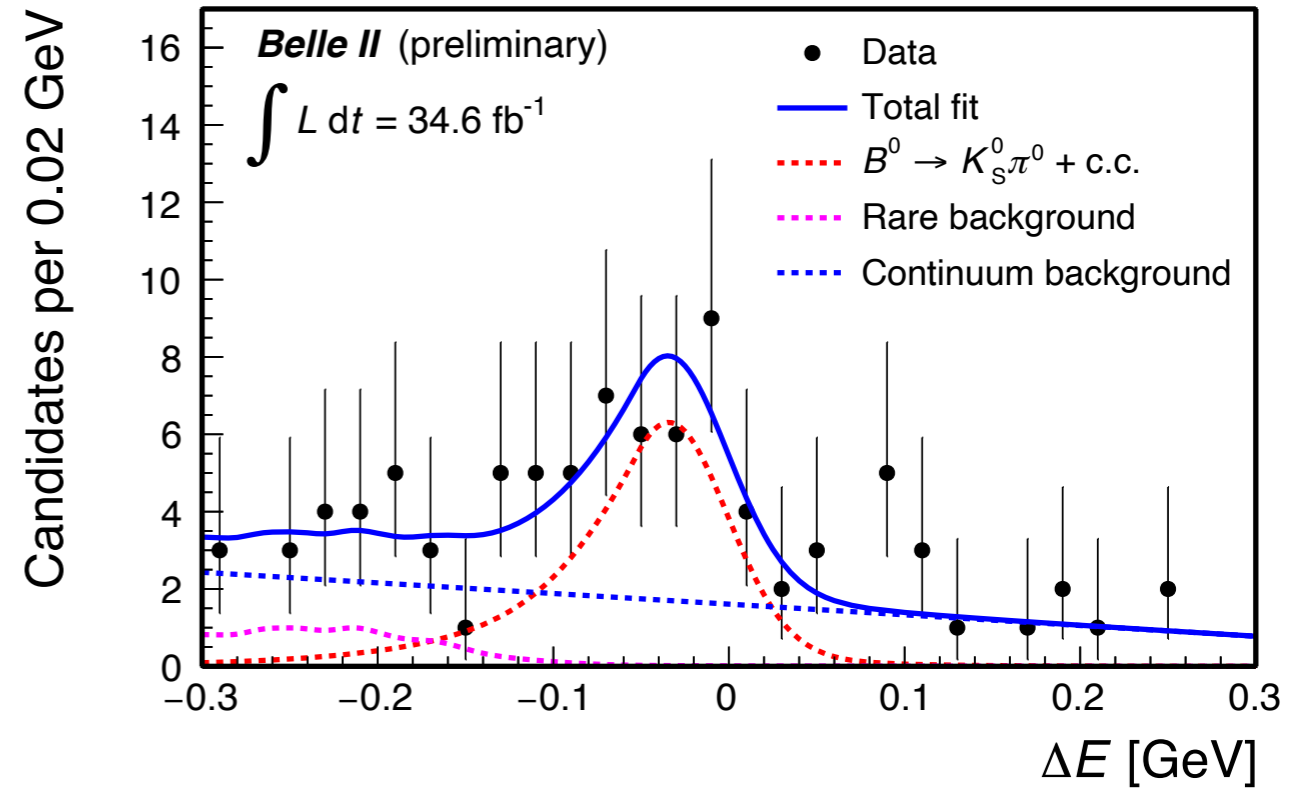
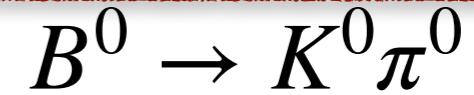
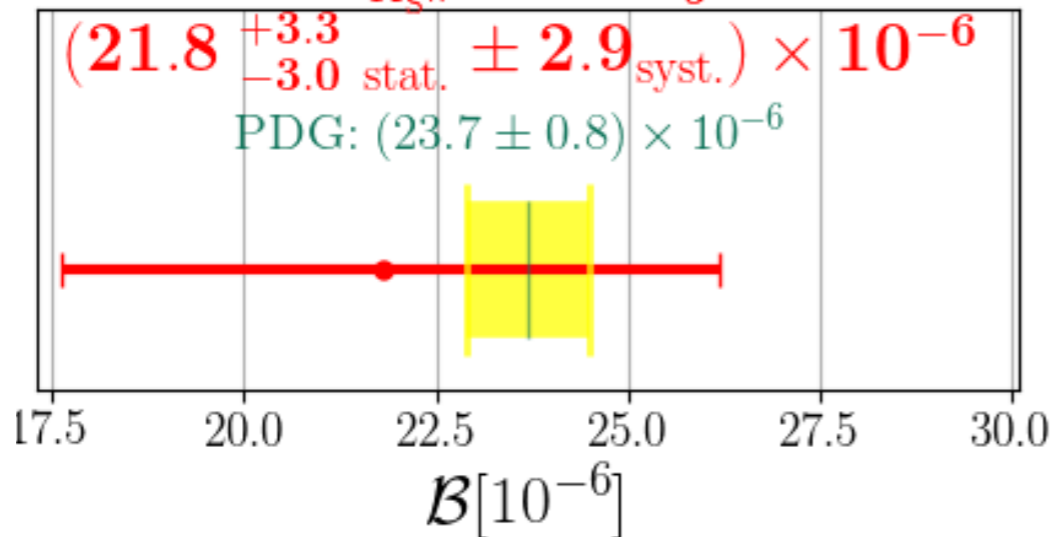
π^0 reconstruction

π^0 mass plot can be checked in [backup](#)

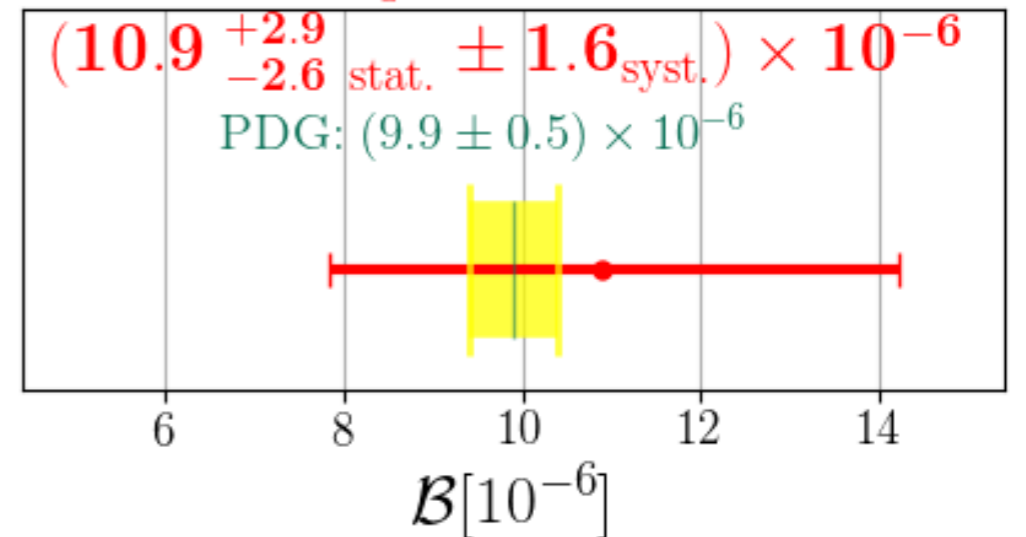
First reconstruction in Belle II



$N_{K_S^0 \pi^+} = 65^{+10}_{-9}$



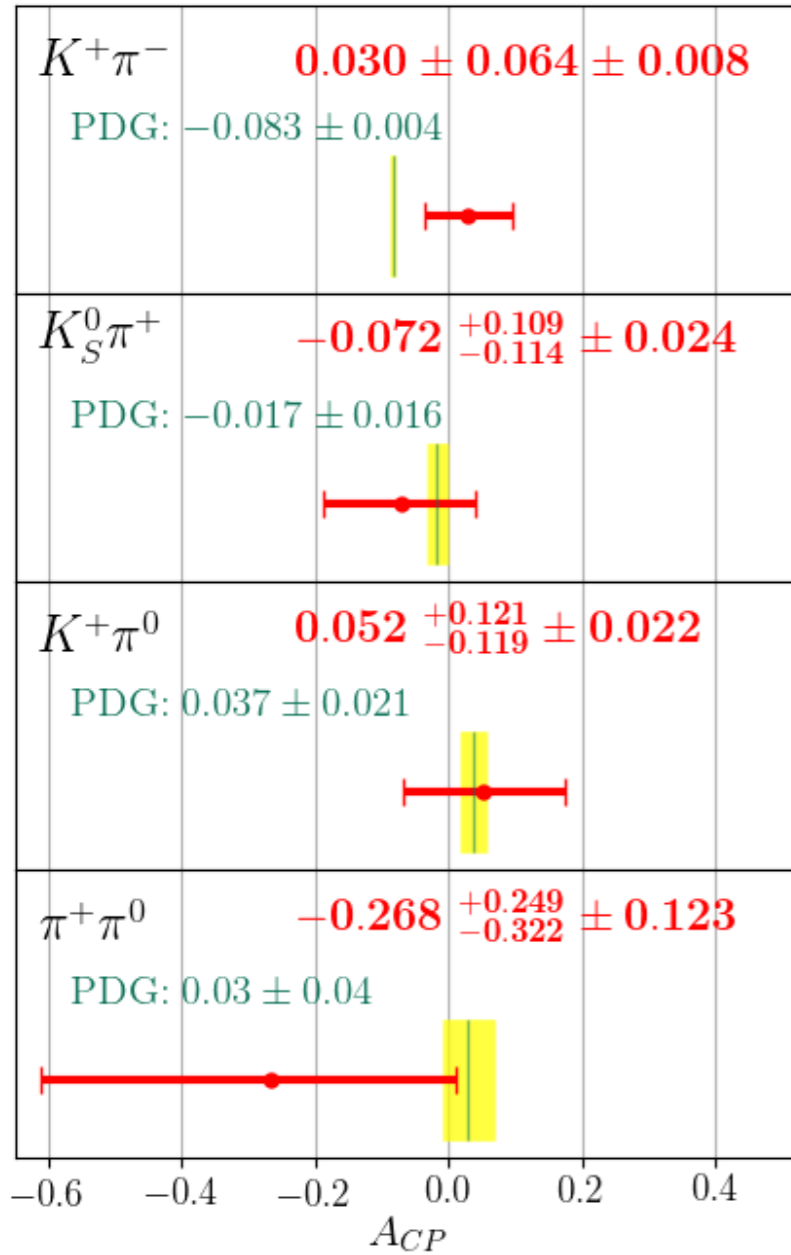
$N_{K_S^0 \pi^0} = 35 \pm 9$



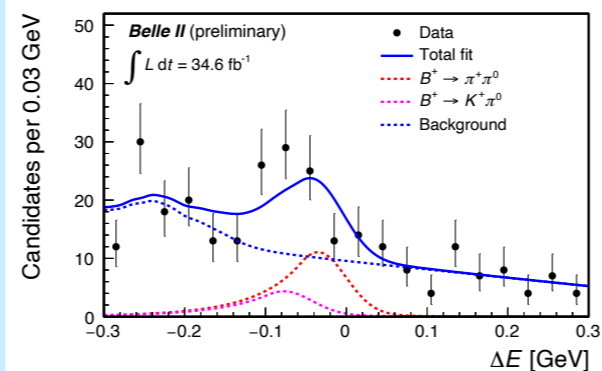
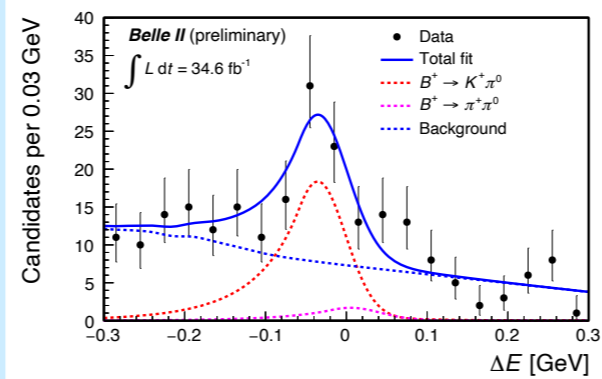
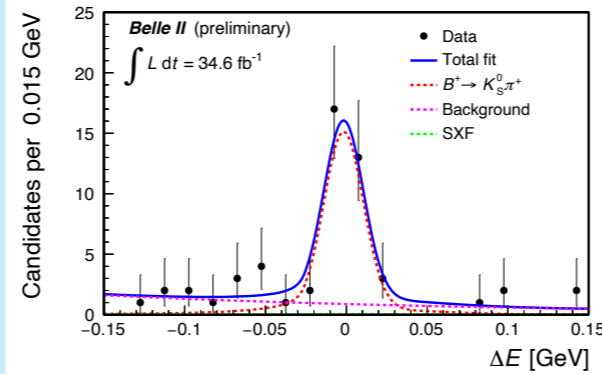
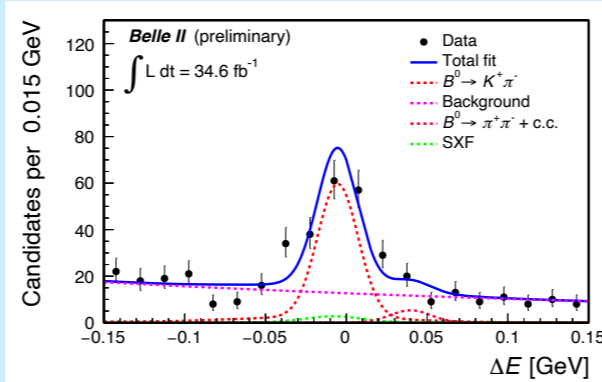
K_S^0 reconstruction

K_S^0 mass plot can be checked in [backup](#)

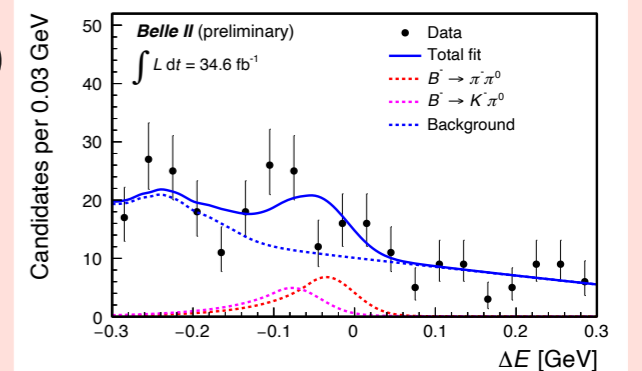
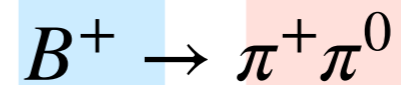
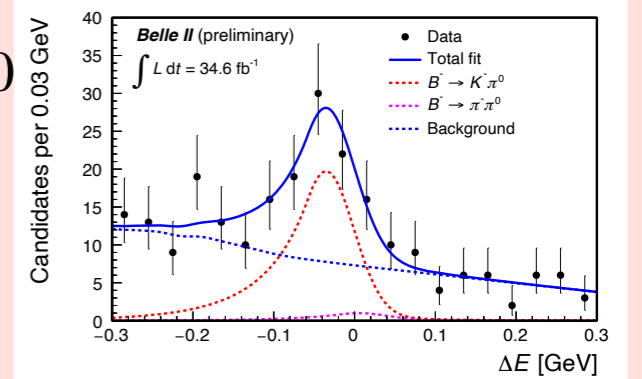
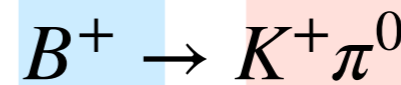
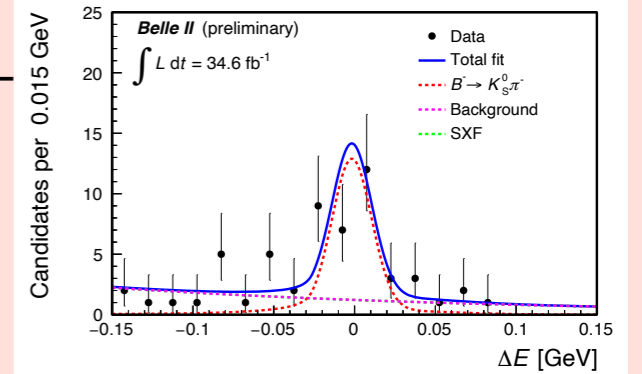
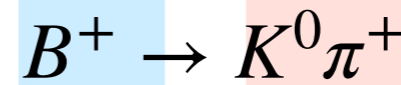
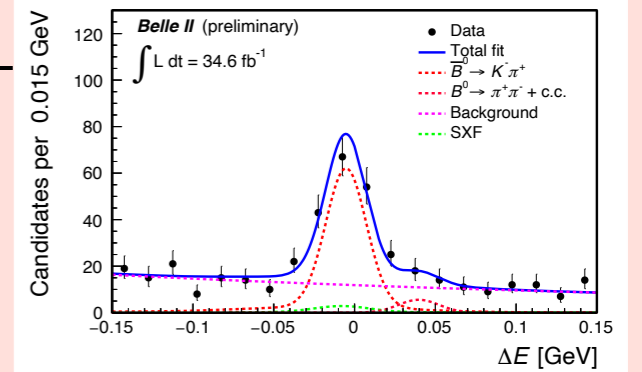
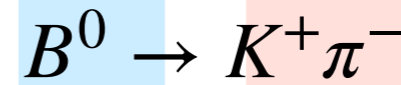
$$A_{\text{raw}} = \frac{N(b) - N(\bar{b})}{N(b) + N(\bar{b})} = A_{CP} + A_{\text{det}}$$



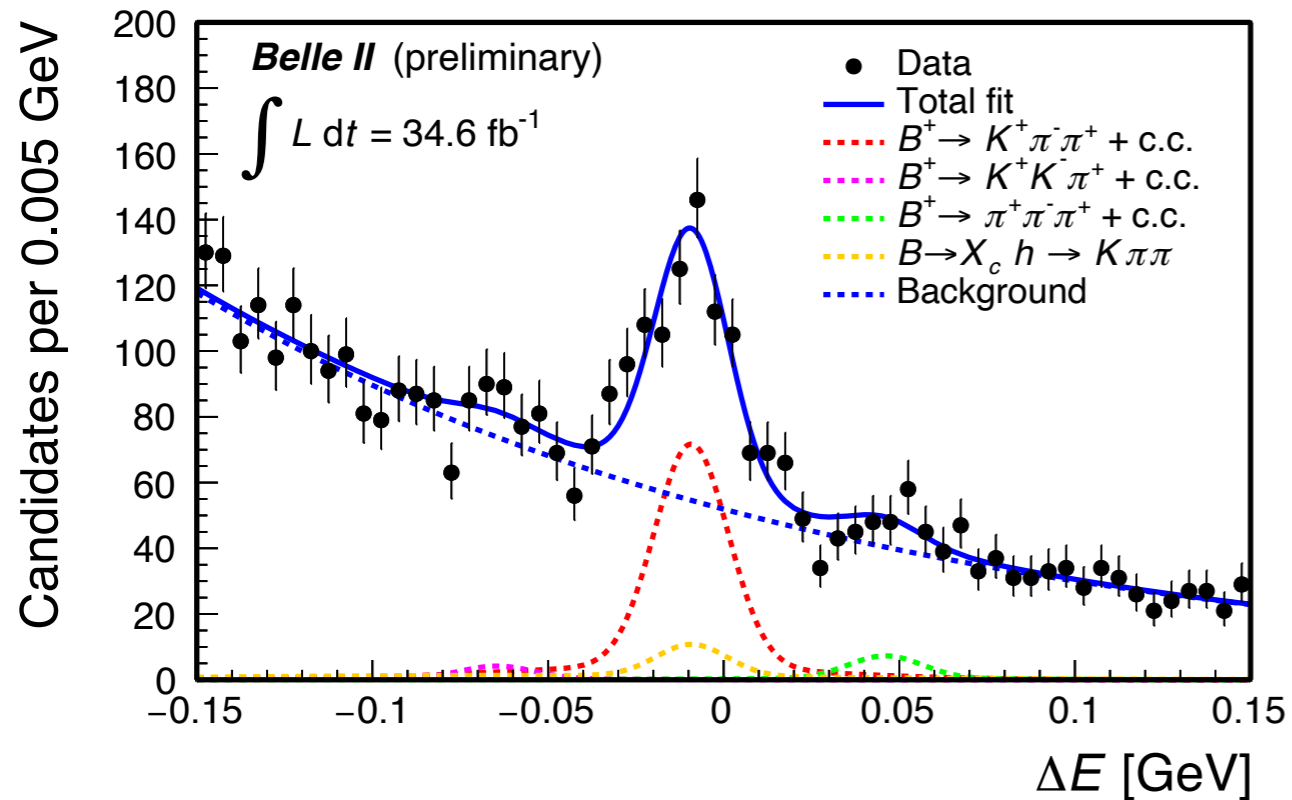
$B^+(B^0)$ decays



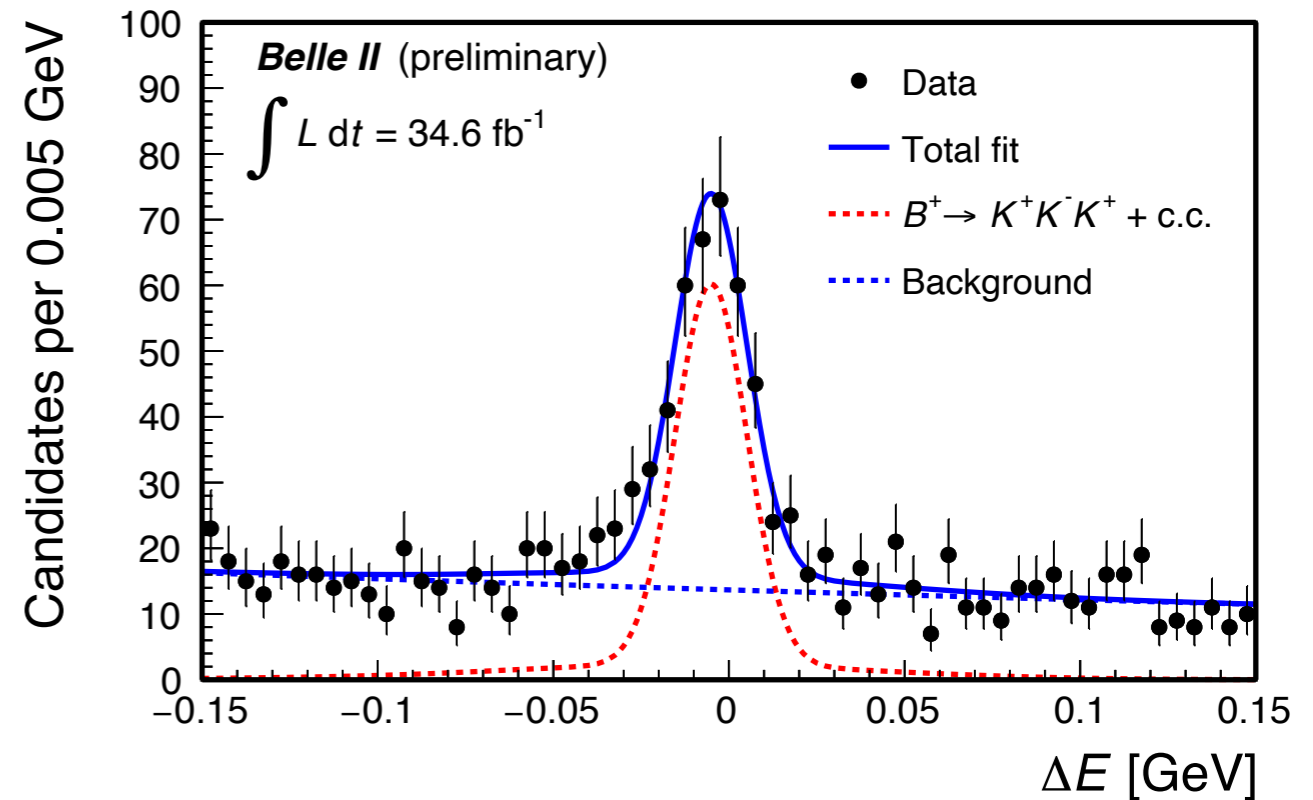
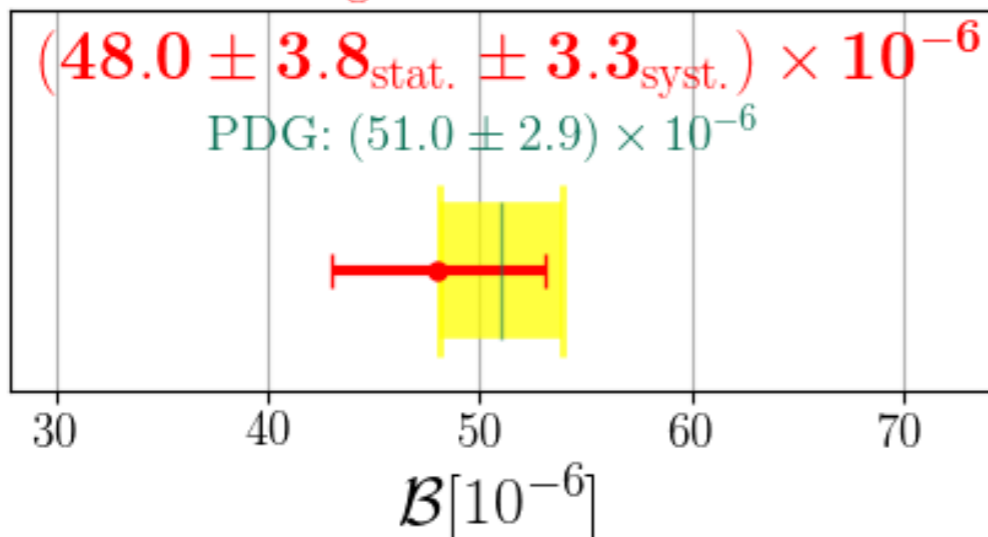
$B^-(\bar{B}^0)$ decays



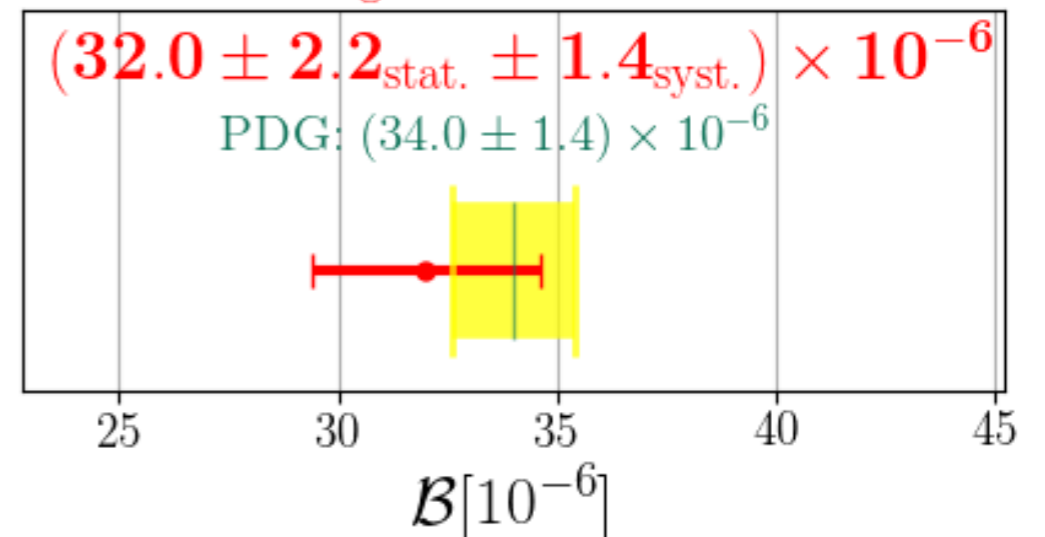
Instrumental asymmetries
constrained from data



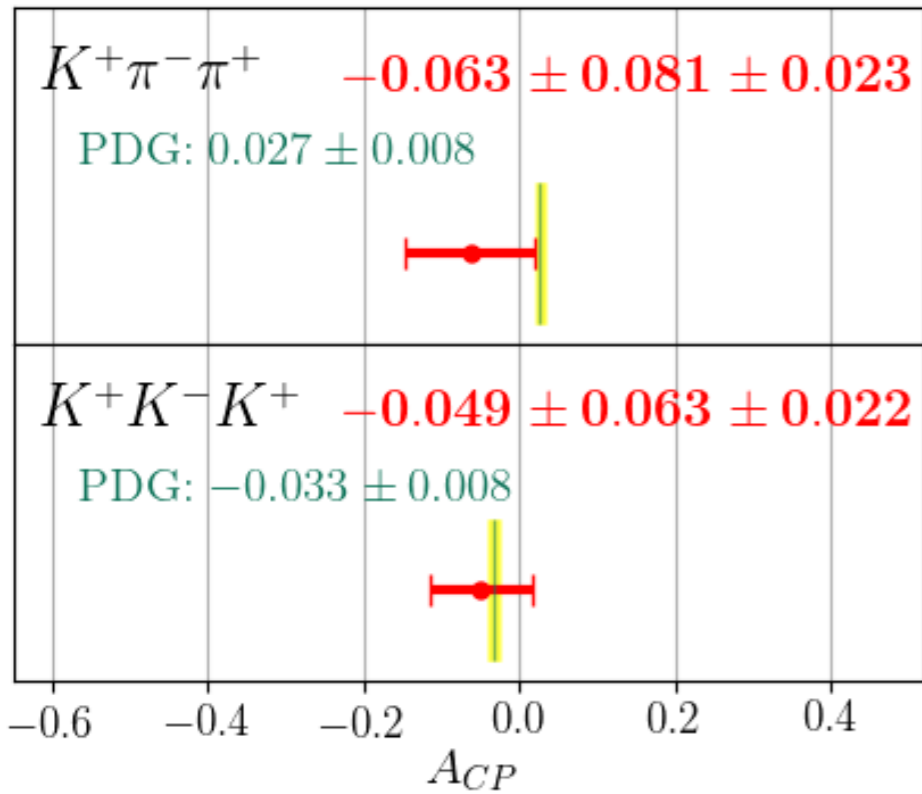
$$N_{\text{sig}} = 449 \pm 37$$



$$N_{\text{sig}} = 359 \pm 25$$

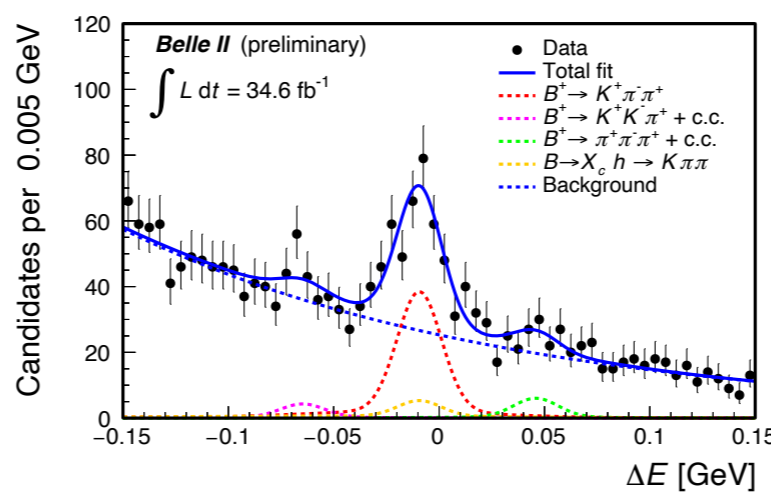


Control of peaking backgrounds

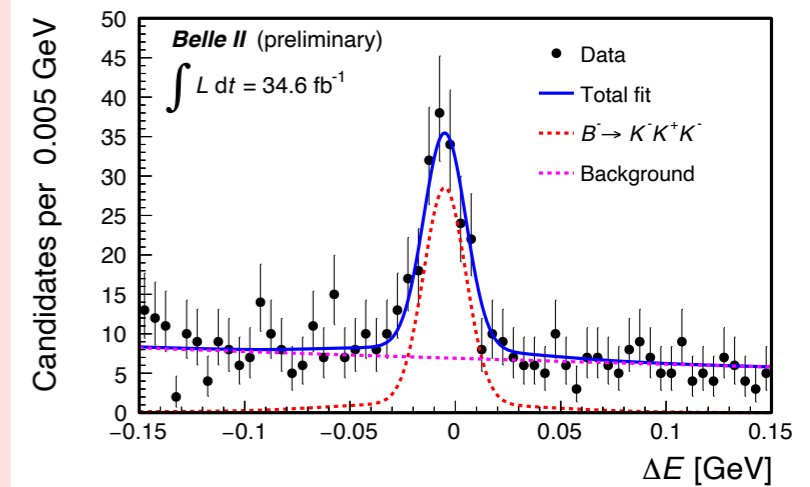
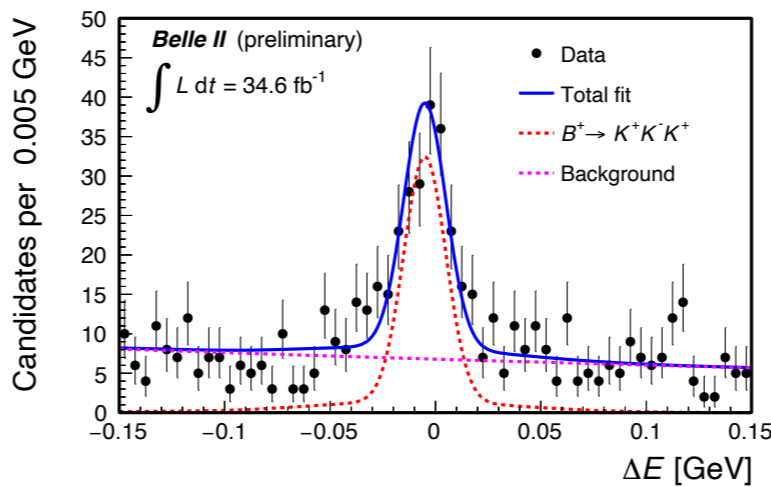
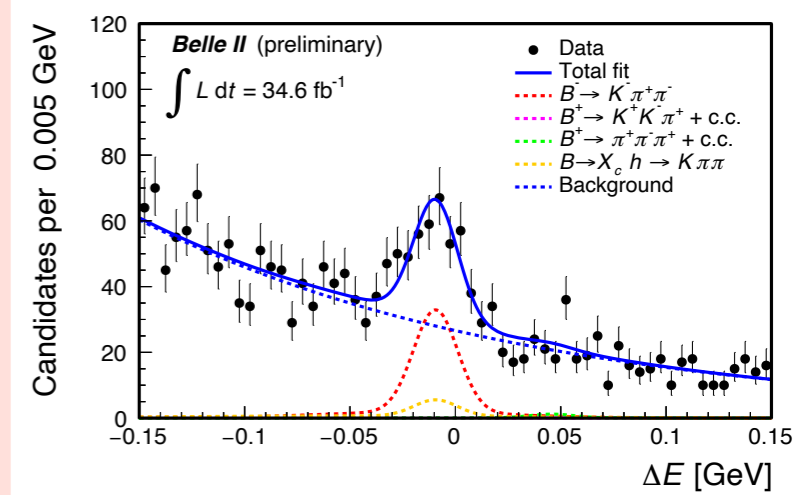
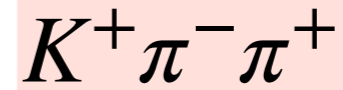


Control of peaking backgrounds

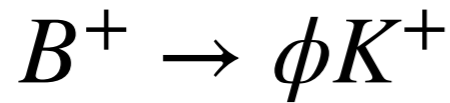
B^+ decays



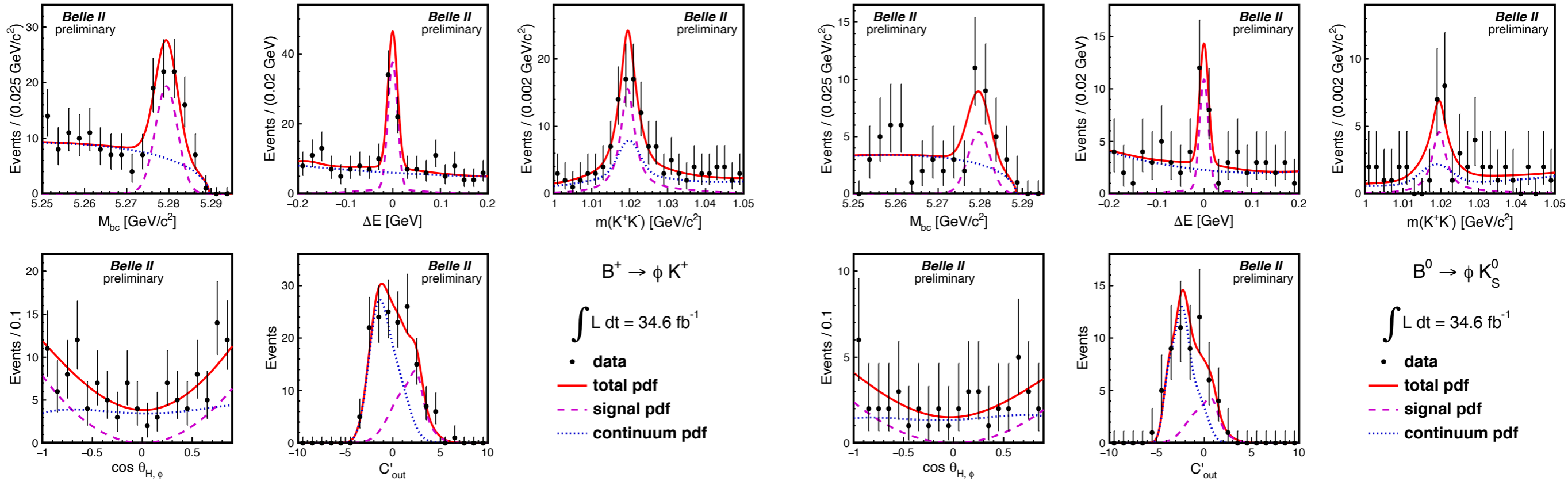
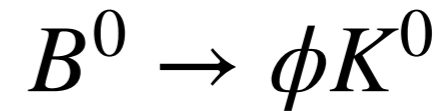
B^- decays



C'_{out} : transformed continuum-supp. output
 $m(K^+K^-)$: invariant mass
 $\cos \theta_{H,\phi}$: cosine of helicity angle



First reconstruction in Belle II

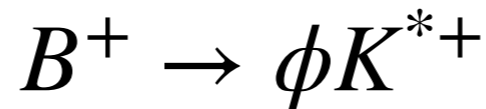


$B^+ \rightarrow \phi K^+$
 $\int L dt = 34.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 • data
 — total pdf
 - - - signal pdf
 ···· continuum pdf

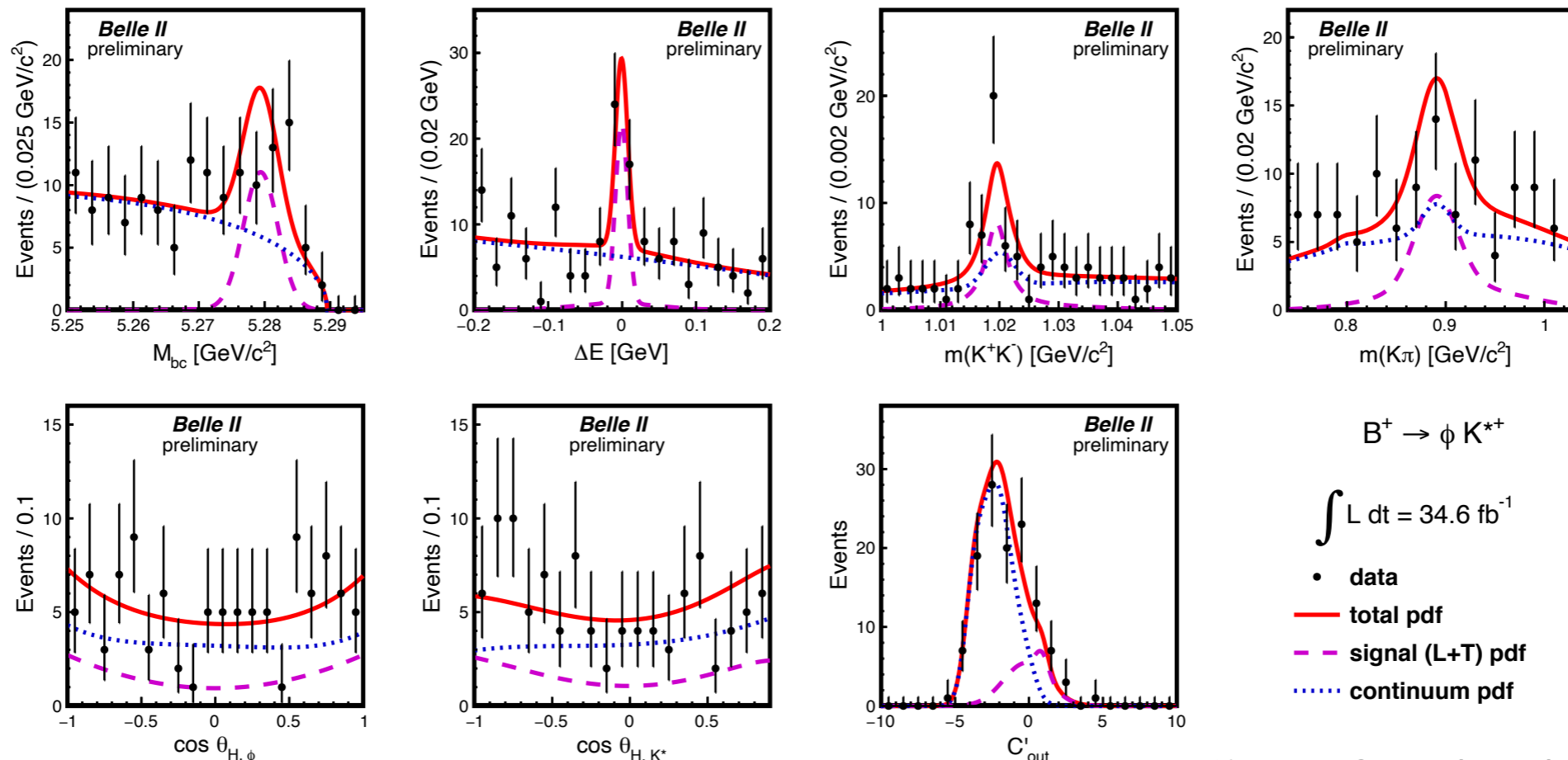
$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^0_S$
 $\int L dt = 34.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 • data
 — total pdf
 - - - signal pdf
 ···· continuum pdf

| | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| N_{sig} | 55 ± 9 |
| $B[10^{-6}]$ | $6.7 \pm 1.1_{stat.} \pm 0.5_{syst.}$ |
| $B_{PDG}[10^{-6}]$ | 8.8 ± 0.7 |

| | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| N_{sig} | 16 ± 5 |
| $B[10^{-6}]$ | $5.9 \pm 1.8_{stat.} \pm 0.7_{syst.}$ |
| $B_{PDG}[10^{-6}]$ | 7.3 ± 0.7 |



First reconstruction in Belle II



$B^+ \rightarrow \phi K^{*+}$
 $\int L dt = 34.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 • data
 — total pdf
 - - signal (L+T) pdf
 ... continuum pdf

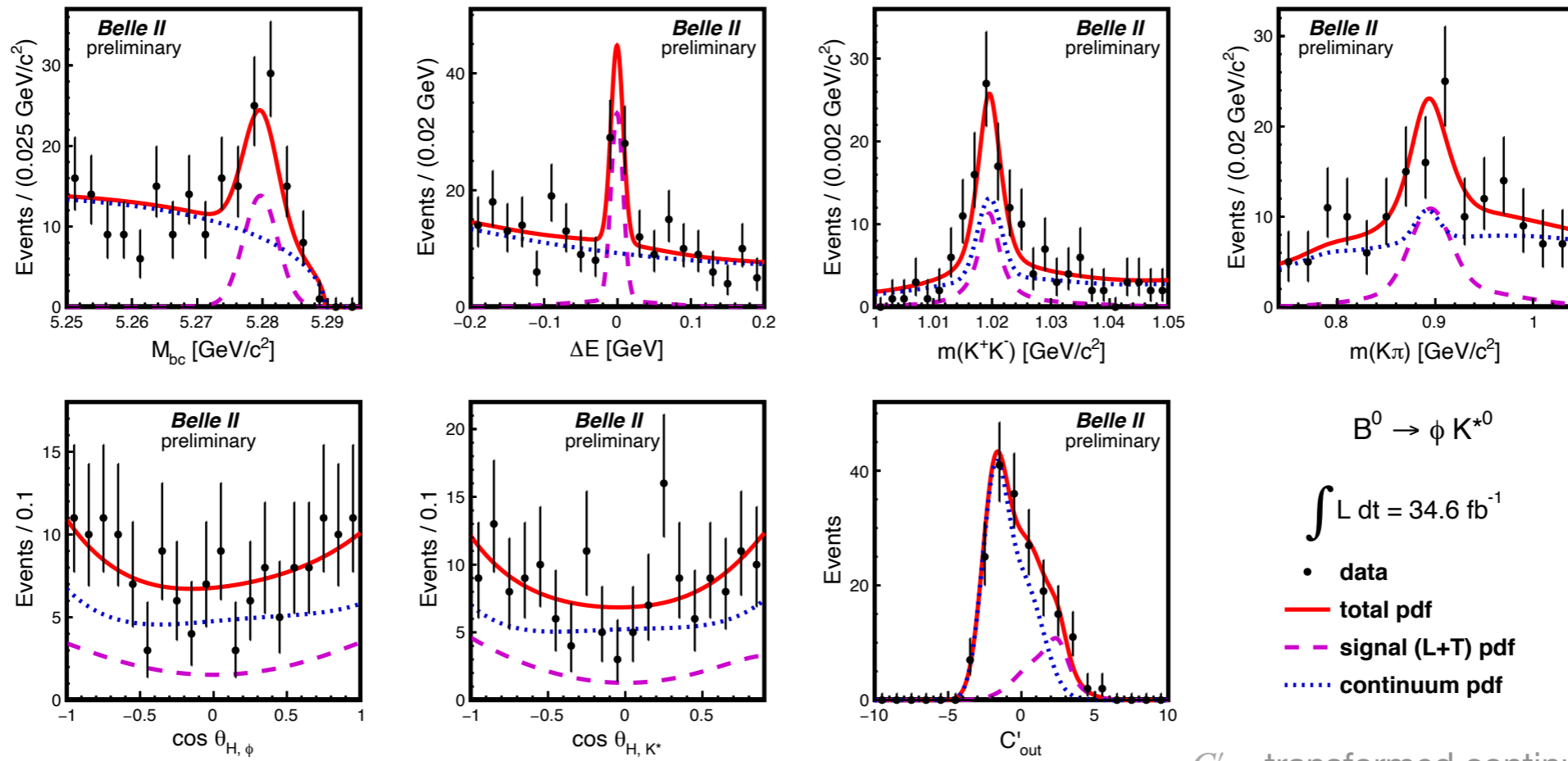
C'_{out} : transformed continuum-supp. output
 $m(K^+K^-), m(K\pi)$: invariant masses
 $\cos \theta_{H,\phi}, \cos \theta_{H,K^*}$: cosines of helicity angle

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| N_{sig} | 33 ± 8 |
| $B[10^{-6}]$ | $21.7 \pm 4.6_{stat.} \pm 1.9_{syst.}$ |
| $B_{PDG}[10^{-6}]$ | 10.0 ± 2.0 |
| f_L | $0.58 \pm 0.23_{stat.} \pm 0.02_{syst.}$ |
| $f_{L,PDG}$ | 0.50 ± 0.05 |

Control of angular acceptances

$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^{*0}$

First reconstruction in Belle II



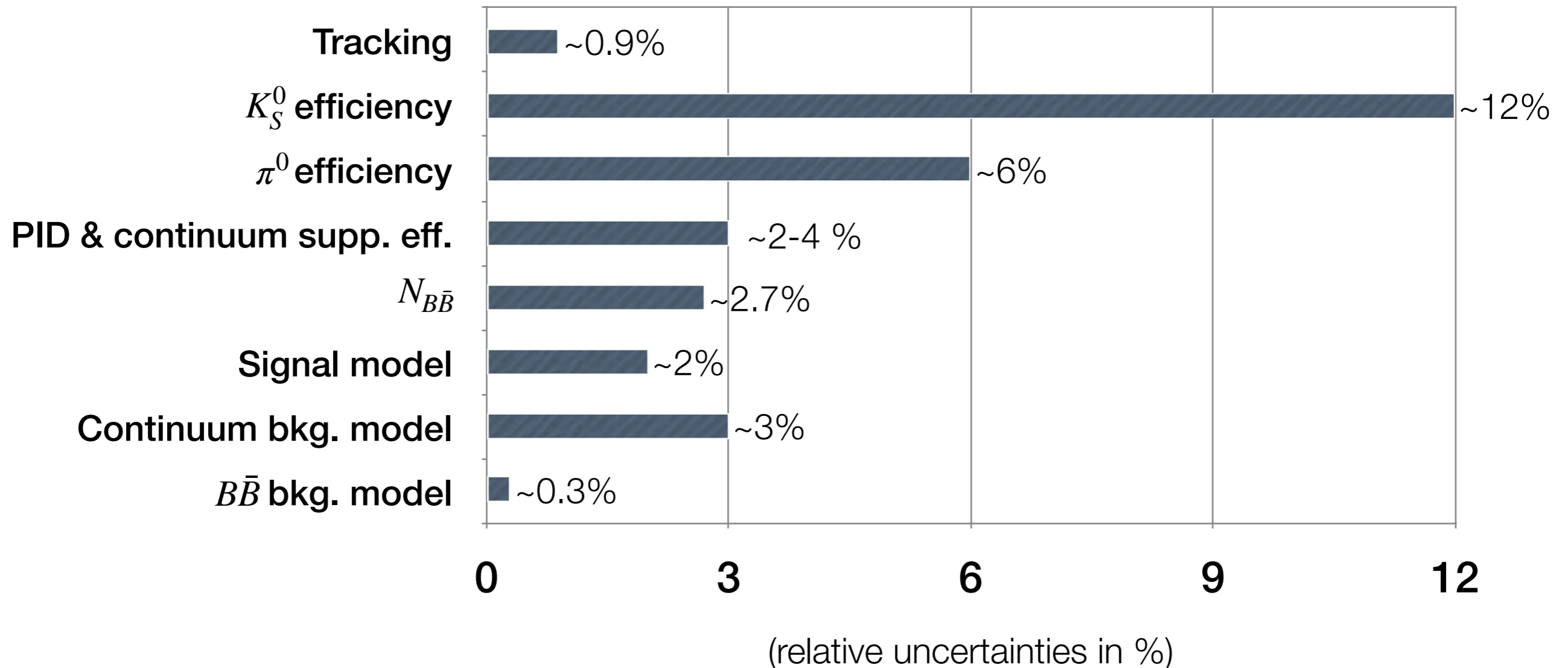
$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^{*0}$
 $\int L dt = 34.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 • data
 — total pdf
 - - signal (L+T) pdf
 ... continuum pdf

C'_{out} : transformed continuum-supp. output
 $m(K^+K^-), m(K\pi)$: invariant masses
 $\cos \theta_{H,\phi}, \cos \theta_{H,K^*}$: cosines of helicity angle

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| N_{sig} | 48 ± 10 |
| $B[10^{-6}]$ | $11.0 \pm 2.1_{stat.} \pm 1.1_{syst.}$ |
| $B_{PDG}[10^{-6}]$ | 10.0 ± 0.5 |
| f_L | $0.57 \pm 0.20_{stat.} \pm 0.04_{syst.}$ |
| $f_{L,PDG}$ | 0.497 ± 0.017 |

Control of angular acceptances

• Branching fractions



• Instrumental asymmetries

| Instrumental asymmetry | Value |
|--|--------------------|
| $\mathcal{A}_{\text{det}}(K^+\pi^-)$ | -0.010 ± 0.003 |
| $\mathcal{A}_{\text{det}}(K_S^0\pi^+)$ | -0.007 ± 0.022 |
| $\mathcal{A}_{\text{det}}(K^+)$ | -0.015 ± 0.022 |
| $\mathcal{A}_{\text{det}}(\pi^+)$ | -0.007 ± 0.022 |

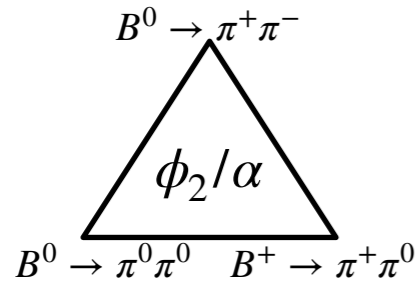
• Longitudinal polarizations

- Modeling of transformed continuum-suppression output (C'_{out})
- Acceptance function for helicity angles

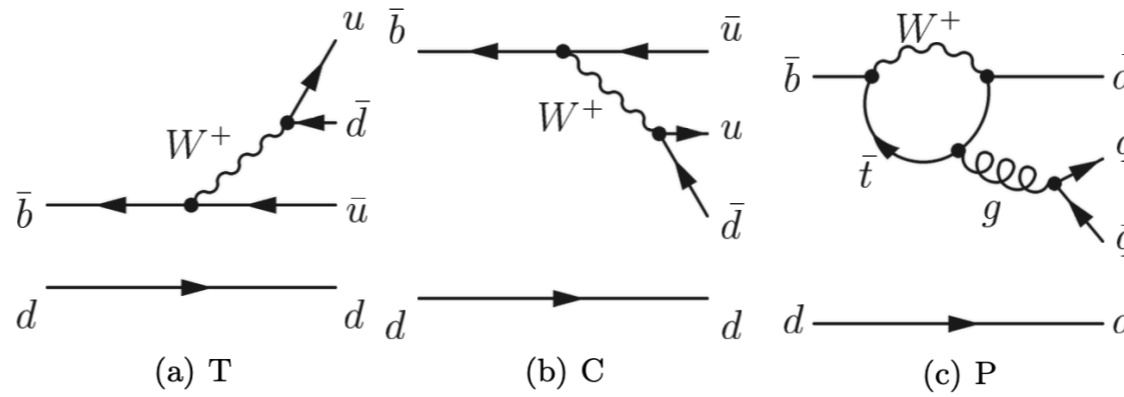
- First measurements in charmless B decays with:
 - 12 branching fractions (\mathcal{B})
 - 6 CP asymmetries (A_{CP})
 - 2 longitudinal polarizations (f_L)are reported using 2019-2020 summer Belle II data
- Yields and purities are comparable with Belle's best
- Establishes solid understanding of detector and analysis workflow
- Near future:
 - $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$ to complete ϕ_2/α determination
 - $A_{CP}(K^0 \pi^0)$ to complete sum rule test
- Long run: data accumulating & analysis ongoing!

Backup

• Isospin relation



Feynman diagrams for $B \rightarrow \pi\pi, B \rightarrow \rho\rho$ systems



arXiv: 1002.5012

$$A(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) + \sqrt{2}A(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^-) = \sqrt{2}A(B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^0)$$

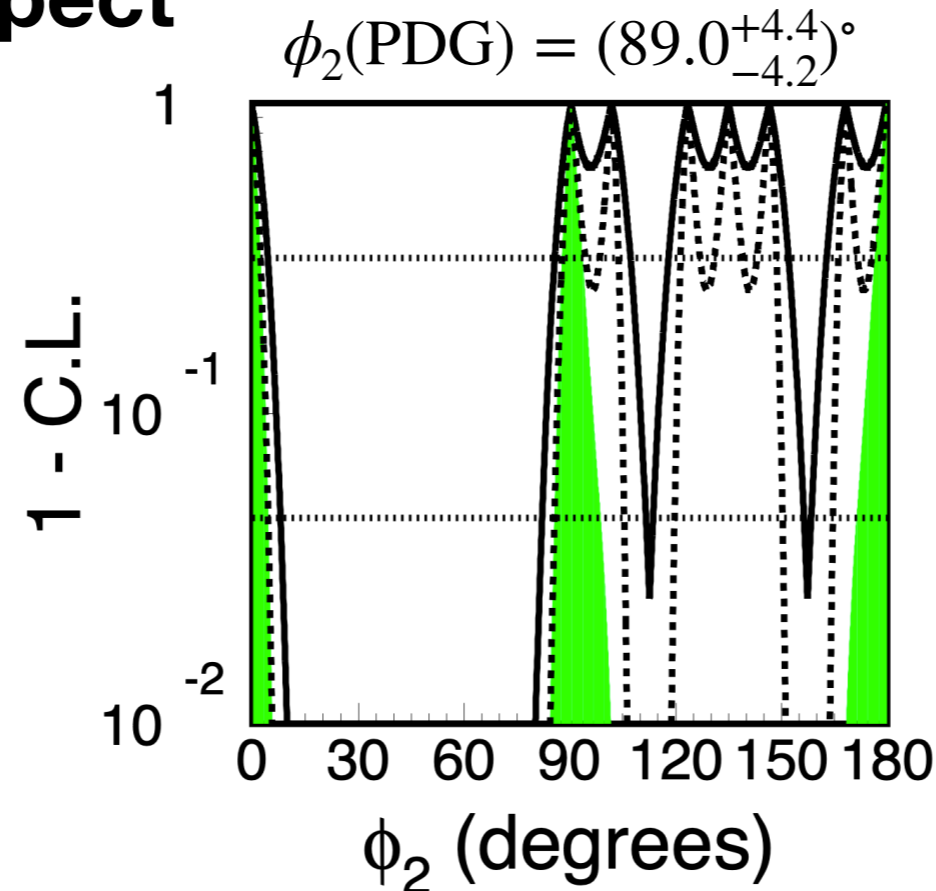
$$A(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) = \sqrt{2}(A_2 - A_0)$$

$$A(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0) = 2A_2 + A_0$$

$$A(B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^0) = 3A_2$$

(A_0, A_2 : amplitudes of the isospin 0, 2 final state)

• SuperKEKB prospect



— 5 ab^{-1} w/o $S_{\pi^0\pi^0}$

... 50 ab^{-1} w/o $S_{\pi^0\pi^0}$

■ 50 ab^{-1} w/ $S_{\pi^0\pi^0}$

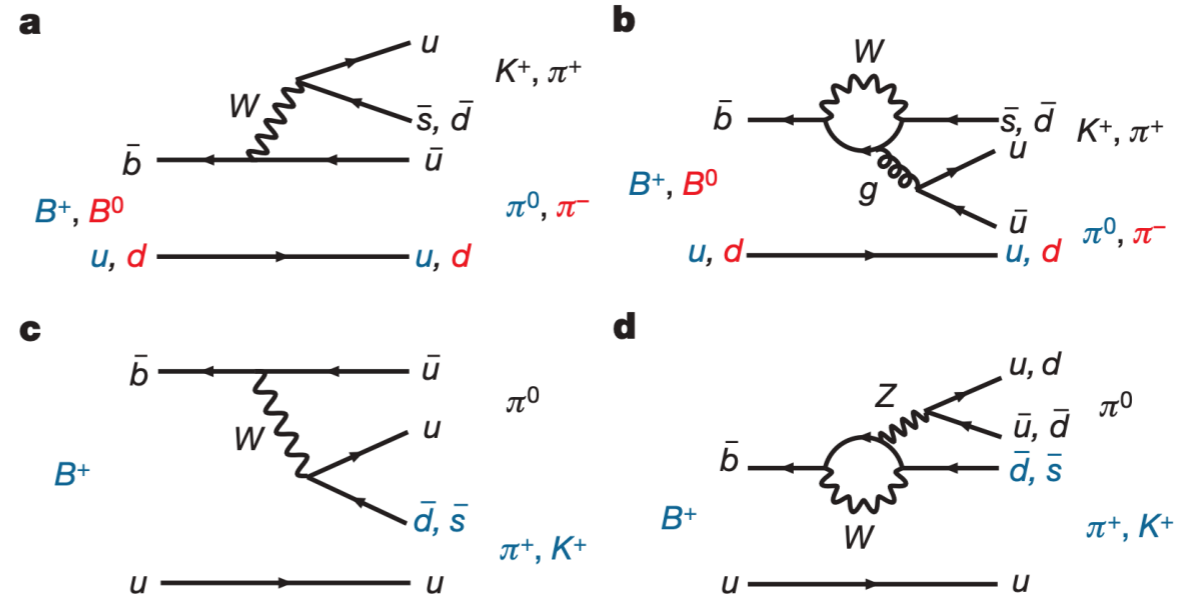
• SU(3) symmetry

$$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^0 \quad B^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$$

$$I_{K\pi}$$

$$B^0 \rightarrow K^0 \pi^0 \quad B^+ \rightarrow K^0 \pi^+$$

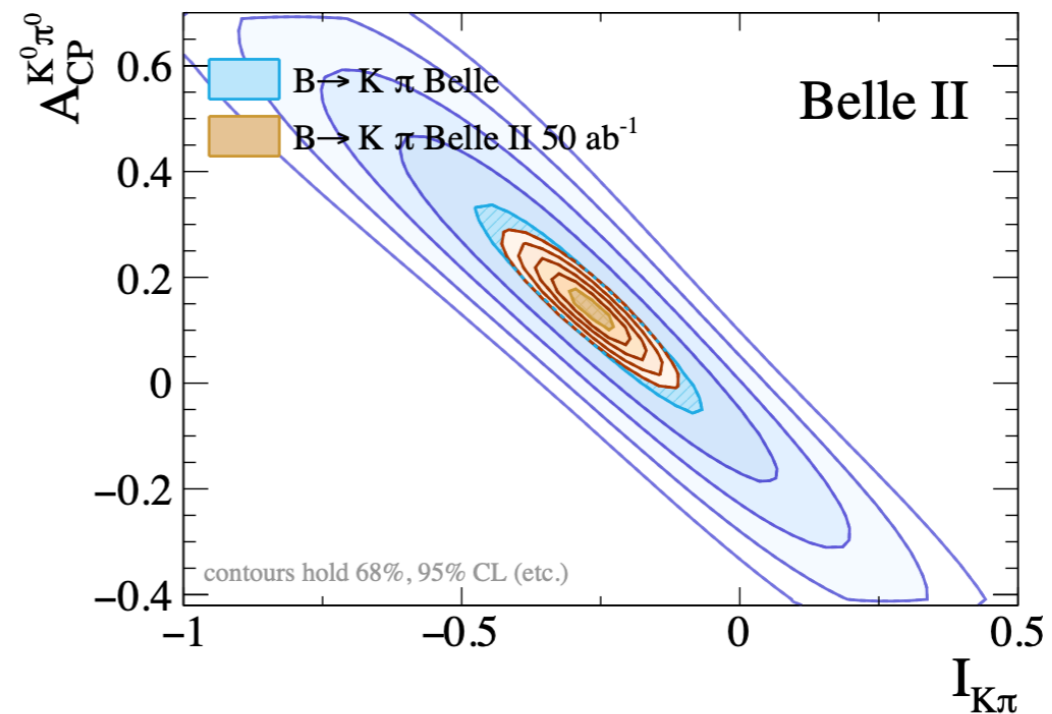
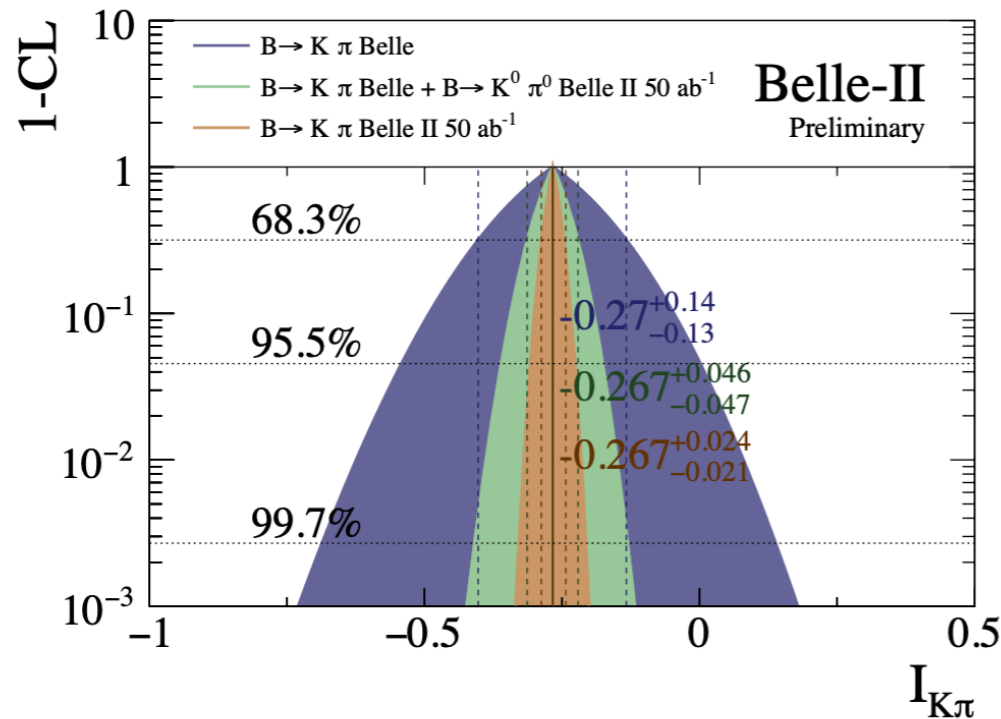
Feynman diagrams for $B \rightarrow K\pi, B \rightarrow \pi\pi$ systems



$$I_{K\pi} = A_{CP}^{K^+\pi^-} + A_{CP}^{K^0\pi^+} \frac{B(K^0\pi^+)}{B(K^+\pi^-)} \frac{\tau_{B^0}}{\tau_{B^+}} - 2A_{CP}^{K^+\pi^0} \frac{2B(K^+\pi^0)}{B(K^+\pi^-)} \frac{\tau_{B^0}}{\tau_{B^+}} - 2A_{CP}^{K^0\pi^0} \frac{2B(K^0\pi^0)}{B(K^+\pi^-)}$$

• SuperKEKB prospect

arXiv:1808.10567



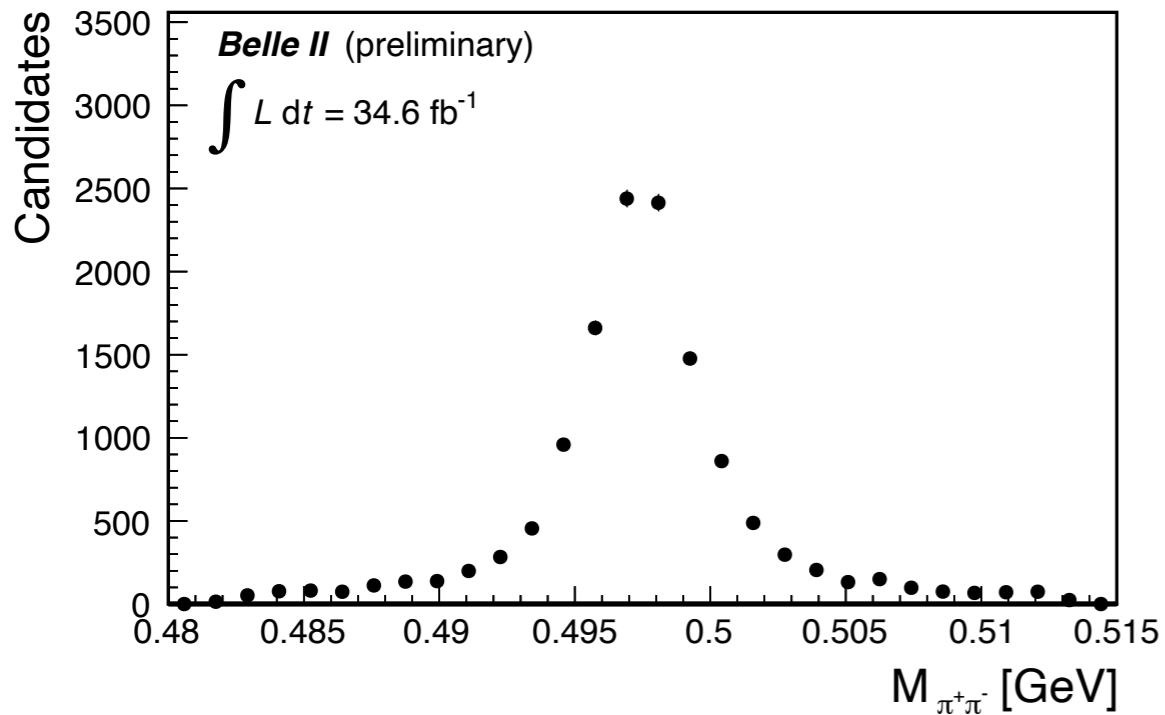
Summary of sensitivity

| Observable | Belle 2006 ($\sim 0.5 \text{ ab}^{-1}$) | SuperKEKB | | \dagger LHCb | |
|---|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | (5 ab^{-1}) | (50 ab^{-1}) | (2 fb^{-1}) | (10 fb^{-1}) |
| Unitarity triangle parameters | | | | | |
| $\sin 2\phi_1$ | 0.026 | 0.016 | 0.012 | ~ 0.02 | ~ 0.01 |
| $\phi_2 (\pi\pi)$ | 11° | 10° | 3° | - | - |
| $\phi_2 (\rho\pi)$ | $68^\circ < \phi_2 < 95^\circ$ | 3° | 1.5° | 10° | 4.5° |
| $\phi_2 (\rho\rho)$ | $62^\circ < \phi_2 < 107^\circ$ | 3° | 1.5° | - | - |
| ϕ_2 (combined) | | 2° | $\lesssim 1^\circ$ | 10° | 4.5° |
| Hadronic $b \rightarrow s$ transitions | | | | | |
| $\Delta\mathcal{S}_{\phi K^0}$ | 0.22 | 0.073 | 0.029 | | 0.14 |
| $\Delta\mathcal{S}_{\eta' K^0}$ | 0.11 | 0.038 | 0.020 | | |
| $\Delta\mathcal{S}_{K_S^0 K_S^0 K_S^0}$ | 0.33 | 0.105 | 0.037 | - | - |
| $\Delta\mathcal{A}_{\pi^0 K_S^0}$ | 0.15 | 0.072 | 0.042 | - | - |
| $\mathcal{A}_{\phi\phi K^+}$ | 0.17 | 0.05 | 0.014 | | |
| $\phi_1^{eff}(\phi K_S)$ Dalitz | | 3.3° | 1.5° | | |

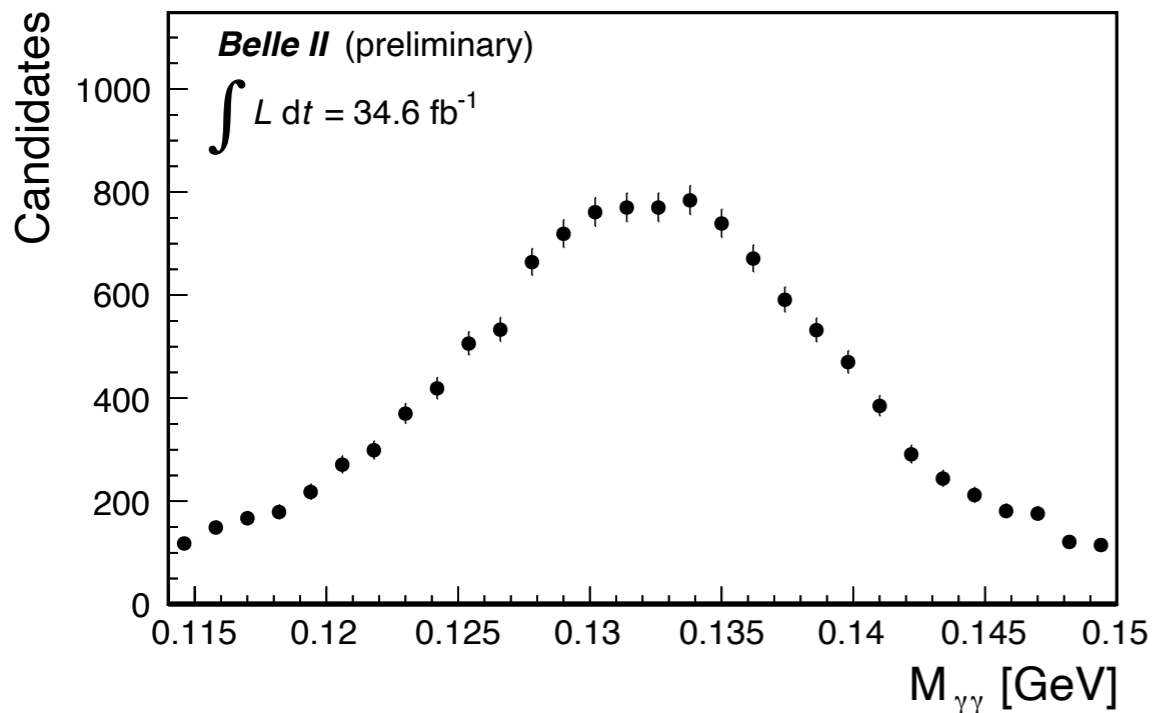
Table 1.3: Expected performance of components of the Belle II spectrometer.

| Component | Type | Configuration | Readout | Performance |
|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Beam pipe | Beryllium double-wall | Cylindrical, inner radius 10 mm, 10 μm Au, 0.6 mm Be, 1 mm coolant (paraffin), 0.4 mm Be | | |
| PXD | Silicon pixel (DEPFET) | Sensor size: 15 \times 100 (120) mm ² pixel size: 50 \times 50 (75) μm^2 2 layers: 8 (12) sensors | 10 M | impact parameter resolution $\sigma_{z_0} \sim 20 \mu\text{m}$ (PXD and SVD) |
| SVD | Double sided Silicon strip | Sensors: rectangular and trapezoidal Strip pitch: 50(p)/160(n) - 75(p)/240(n) μm 4 layers: 16/30/56/85 sensors | 245 k | |
| CDC | Small cell drift chamber | 56 layers, 32 axial, 24 stereo r = 16 - 112 cm - 83 $\leq z \leq$ 159 cm | 14 k | $\sigma_{r\phi} = 100 \mu\text{m}, \sigma_z = 2 \text{ mm}$ $\sigma_{p_t}/p_t = \sqrt{(0.2\%p_t)^2 + (0.3\%/\beta)^2}$ $\sigma_{p_t}/p_t = \sqrt{(0.1\%p_t)^2 + (0.3\%/\beta)^2}$ (with SVD) $\sigma_{dE/dx} = 5\%$ |
| TOP | RICH with quartz radiator | 16 segments in ϕ at $r \sim 120$ cm 275 cm long, 2 cm thick quartz bars with 4x4 channel MCP PMTs | 8 k | $N_{p.e.} \sim 20, \sigma_t = 40$ ps K/ π separation : efficiency > 99% at < 0.5% pion fake prob. for $B \rightarrow \rho\gamma$ decays |
| ARICH | RICH with aerogel radiator | 4 cm thick focusing radiator and HAPD photodetectors for the forward end-cap | 78 k | $N_{p.e.} \sim 13$ K/ π separation at 4 GeV/c: efficiency 96% at 1% pion fake prob. |
| ECL | CsI(Tl) (Towered structure) | Barrel: $r = 125 - 162$ cm End-cap: $z =$ -102 cm and +196 cm | 6624 1152 (F) 960 (B) | $\frac{\sigma_E}{E} = \frac{0.2\%}{E} \oplus \frac{1.6\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 1.2\%$ $\sigma_{pos} = 0.5 \text{ cm}/\sqrt{E}$ (E in GeV) |
| KLM | barrel: RPCs end-caps: scintillator strips | 14 layers (5 cm Fe + 4 cm gap) 2 RPCs in each gap 14 layers of (7 - 10) \times 40 mm ² strips read out with WLS and G-APDs | θ : 16 k, ϕ : 16 k 17 k | $\Delta\phi = \Delta\theta = 20$ mradian for K_L $\sim 1\%$ hadron fake for muons $\Delta\phi = \Delta\theta = 10$ mradian for K_L $\sigma_p/p = 18\%$ for 1 GeV/c K_L |

$$K_S^0(\rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)$$

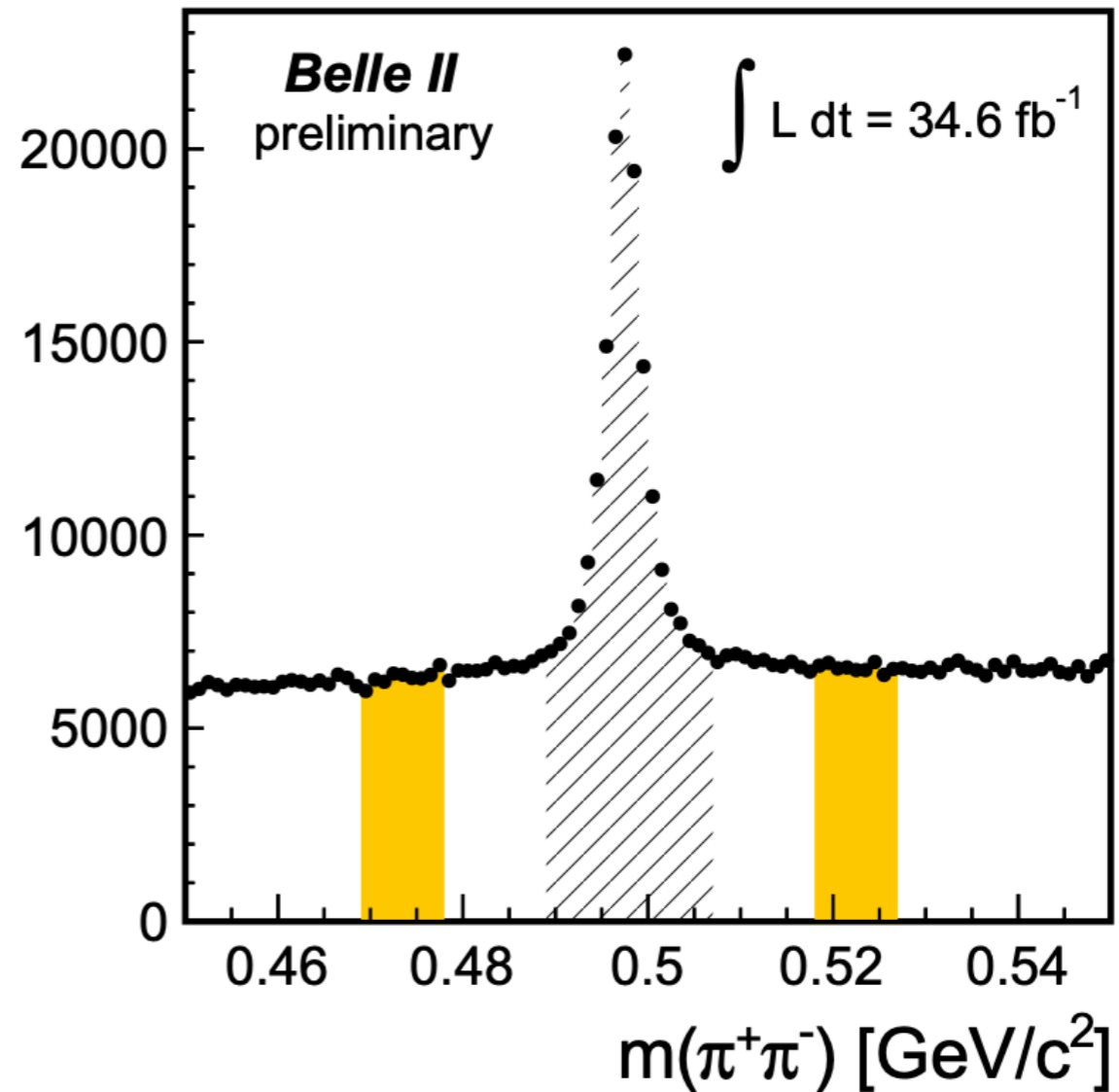


$$\pi^0(\rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$$



from $B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0$ candidates in data

$$K_S^0(\rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)$$



from $B^0 \rightarrow \phi K_S^0$ candidates in data

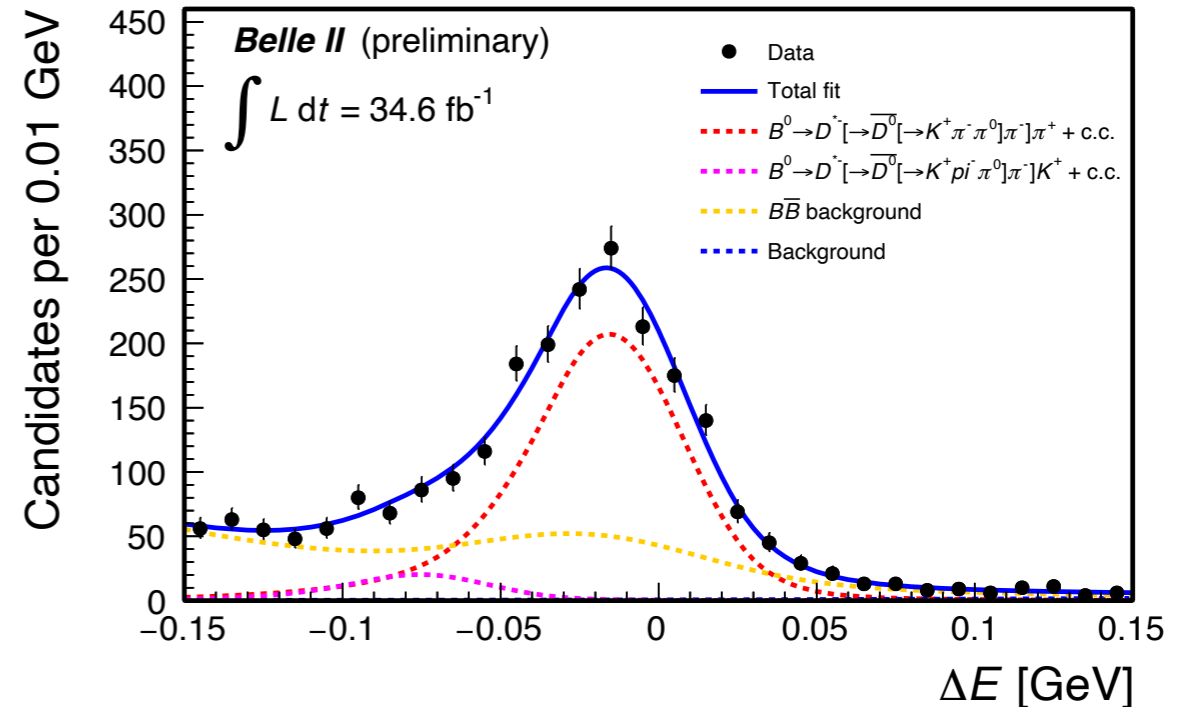
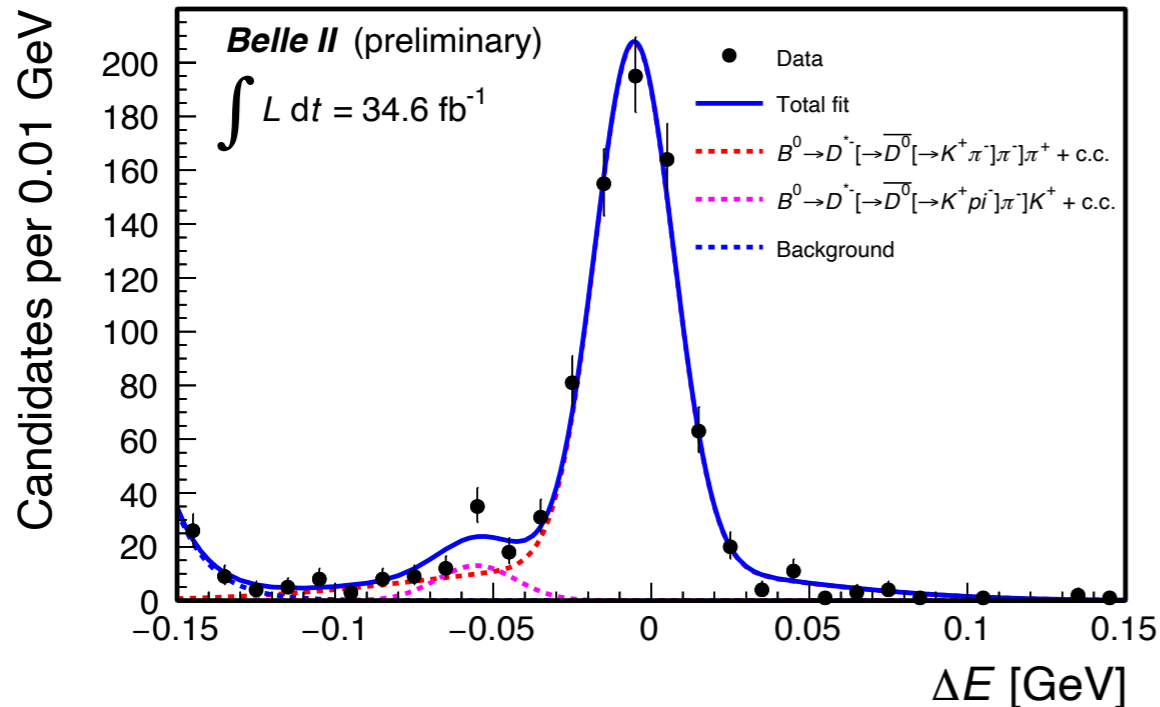
- K_S^0 reconstruction

Average flight distance in signal MC (truth-matched) * 1%

- π^0 reconstruction

The uncertainty is evaluated as the difference of efficiency

ratio of $\frac{B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-}(\rightarrow \bar{D}^0(\rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^0)\pi^-)\pi^+}{B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-}(\rightarrow D^0(\rightarrow K^+\pi^-)\pi^-)\pi^+}$ in MC & data

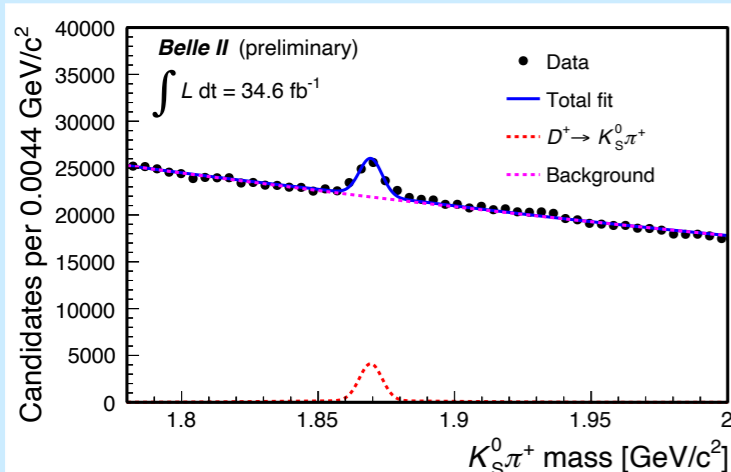
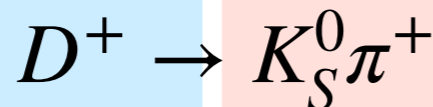
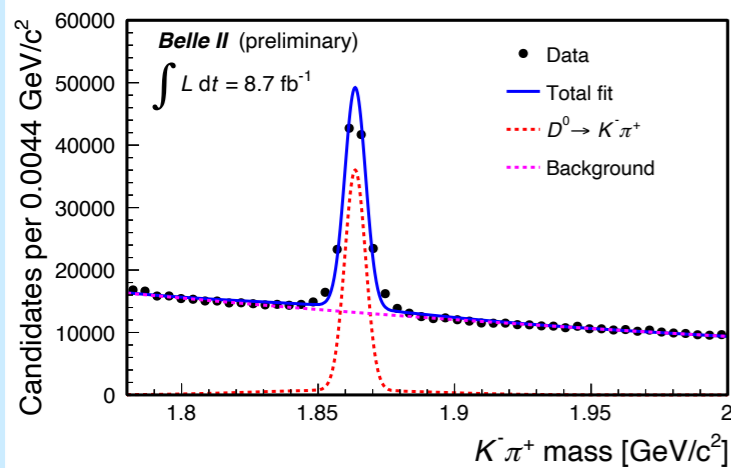
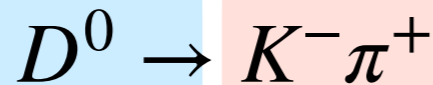


- CP asymmetry correction with instrumental effects:

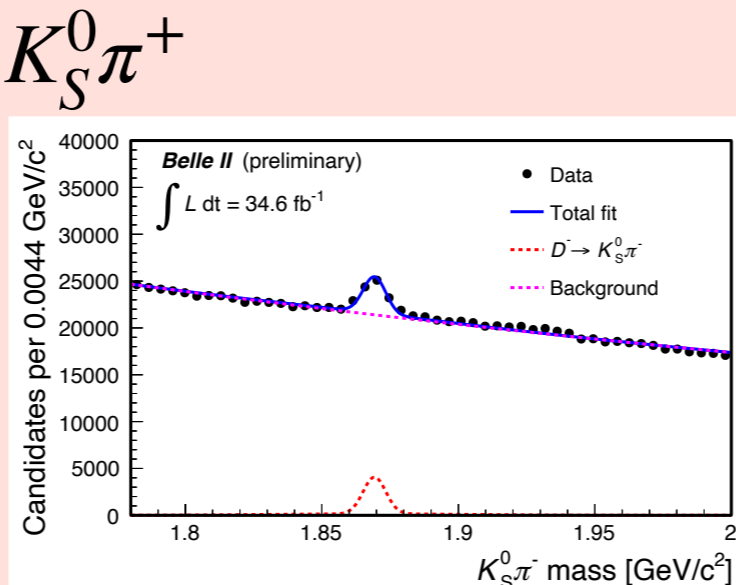
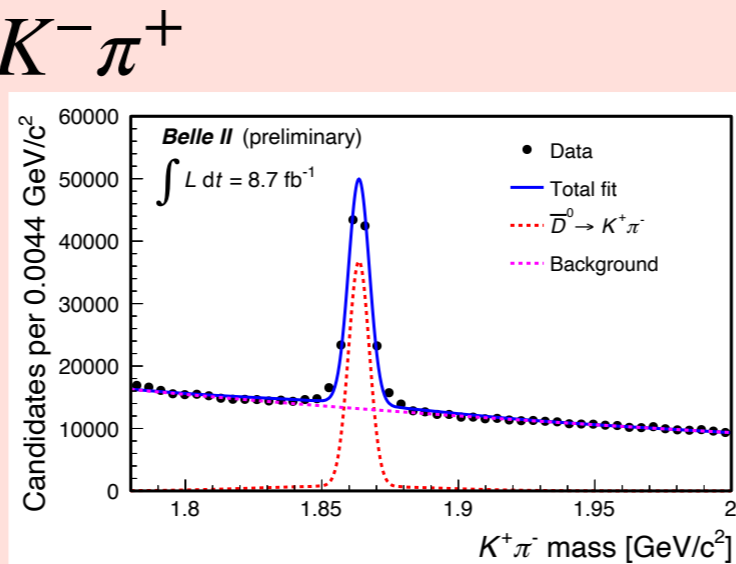
$$A_{\text{raw}} = \frac{N(b) - N(\bar{b})}{N(b) + N(\bar{b})} = A_{CP} + A_{\text{det}}$$

- A_{det} assessment:

$D^+(D^0)$ decays



$D^-(\bar{D}^0)$ decays



| Instrumental asymmetry | Value |
|---|--------------------|
| $\mathcal{A}_{\text{det}}(K^+ \pi^-)$ | -0.010 ± 0.003 |
| $\mathcal{A}_{\text{det}}(K_S^0 \pi^+)$ | -0.007 ± 0.022 |
| $\mathcal{A}_{\text{det}}(K^+)$ | -0.015 ± 0.022 |
| $\mathcal{A}_{\text{det}}(\pi^+)$ | -0.007 ± 0.022 |

$$A_{\text{det}}(K) = A_{\text{det}}(K\pi) - A_{\text{det}}(K_S^0\pi) + A(K_S^0)$$

$$A_{\text{det}}(\pi) = A_{\text{det}}(K_S^0\pi) - A(K_S^0)$$

($A(K_S^0)$ is quoted from LHCb results)