

Status of Belle II / SuperKEKB, and plans for Dark Sector Physics

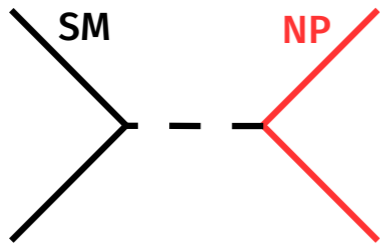
Torben Ferber (ferber@physics.ubc.ca)

21-Feb-2017, Lake Louise

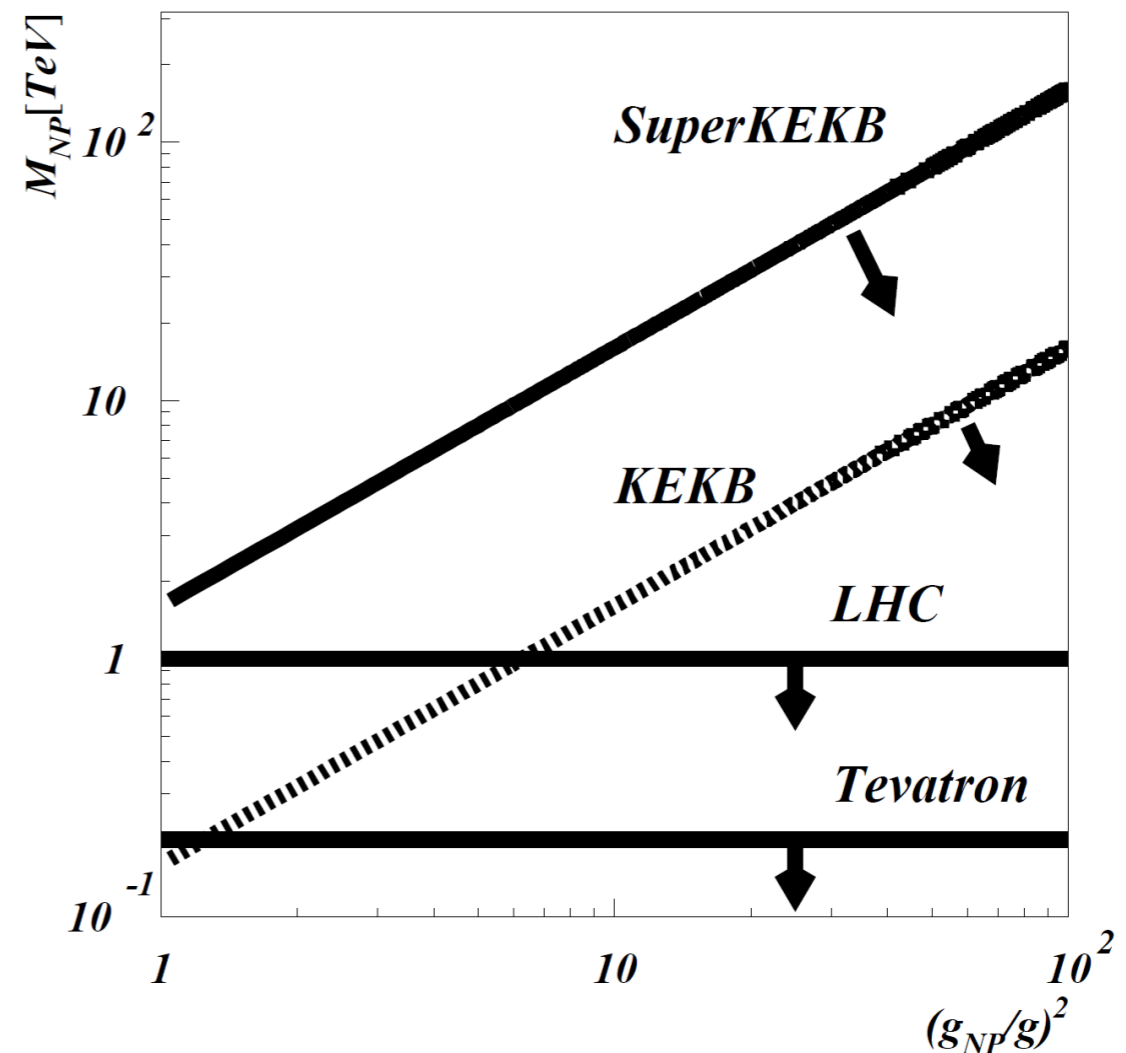


Energy or Intensity?

- Energy frontier:
 - Production of New Physics (NP) in collision final states.
 - Limited by beam energy.



- Intensity frontier:
 - NP in virtual processes.
 - Limited by statistics.



Belle and BaBar.

- Belle at KEKB, Japan and BaBar at PEP-II, USA.

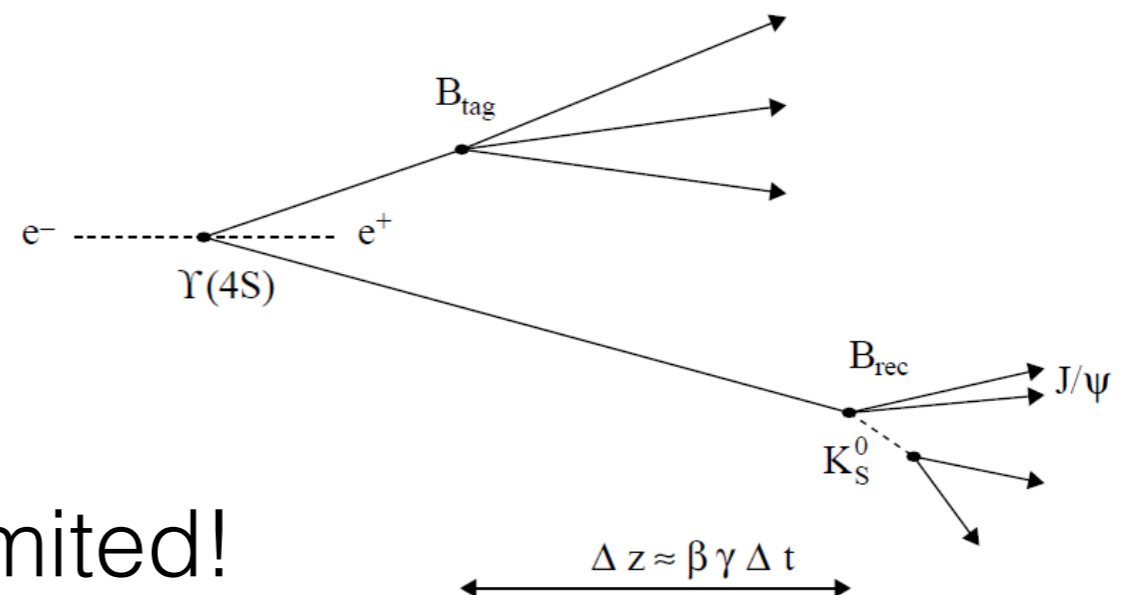
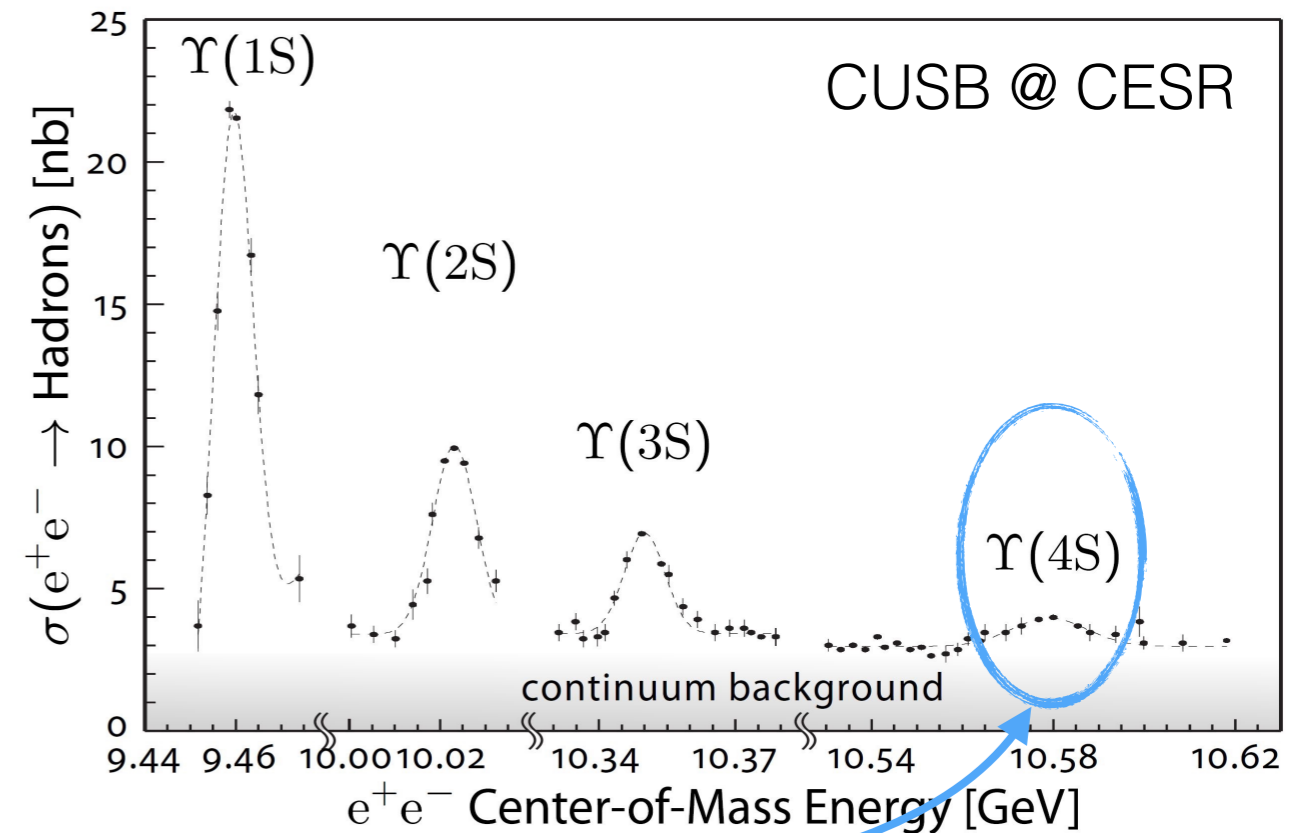
- Very high luminosity:
 $\sim 2 \times 10^{34} / \text{cm}^2/\text{s}$ (Belle)

- Collision energy at $\Upsilon(nS)$:
 Mainly at $E_{\text{cm}} = 10.58 \text{ GeV}$.

$\text{BR}(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B\bar{B}) > 96\%$

- Asymmetric beam energies:
 $8 \text{ GeV} (e^-) / 3.5 \text{ GeV} (e^+)$ (Belle)
 \rightarrow Boosted $B\bar{B}$ pairs.

- Many analysis still statistically limited!

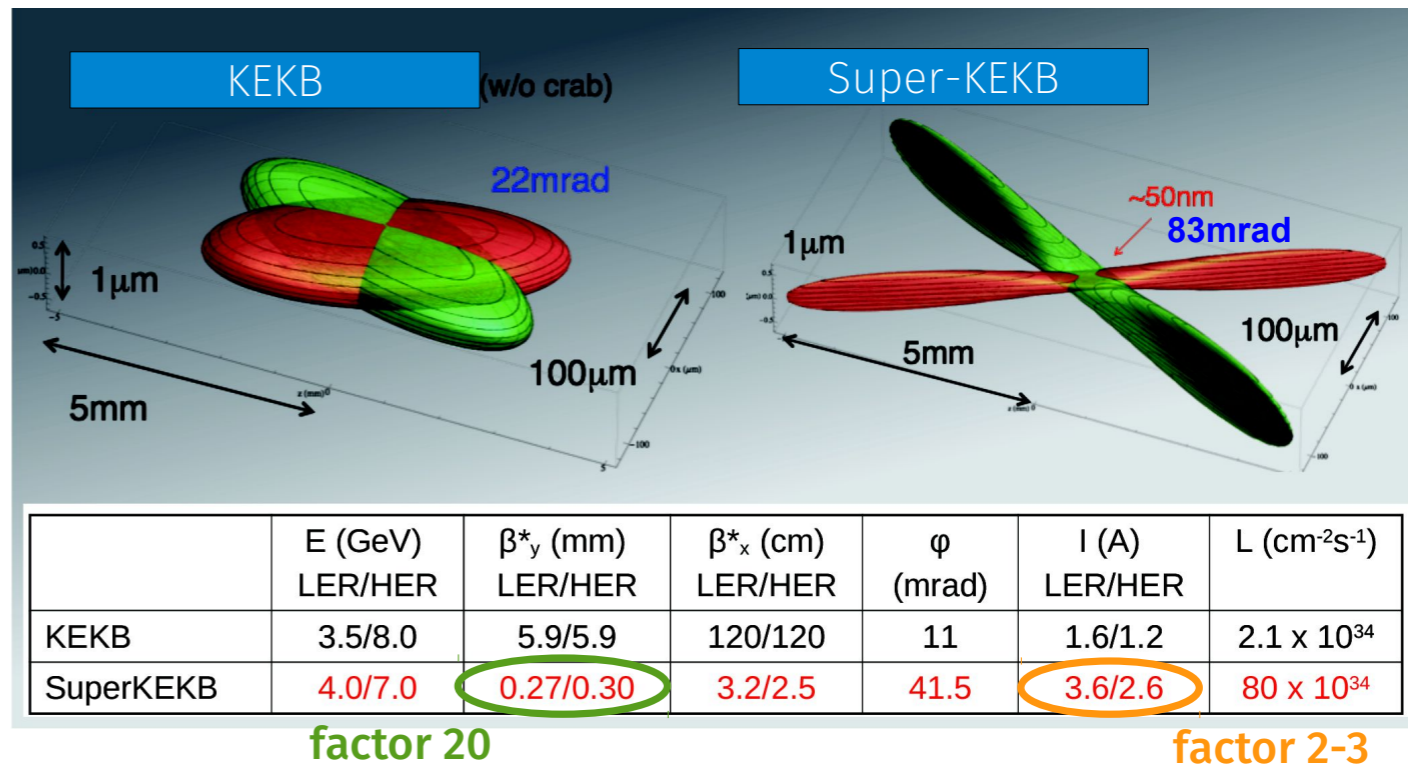
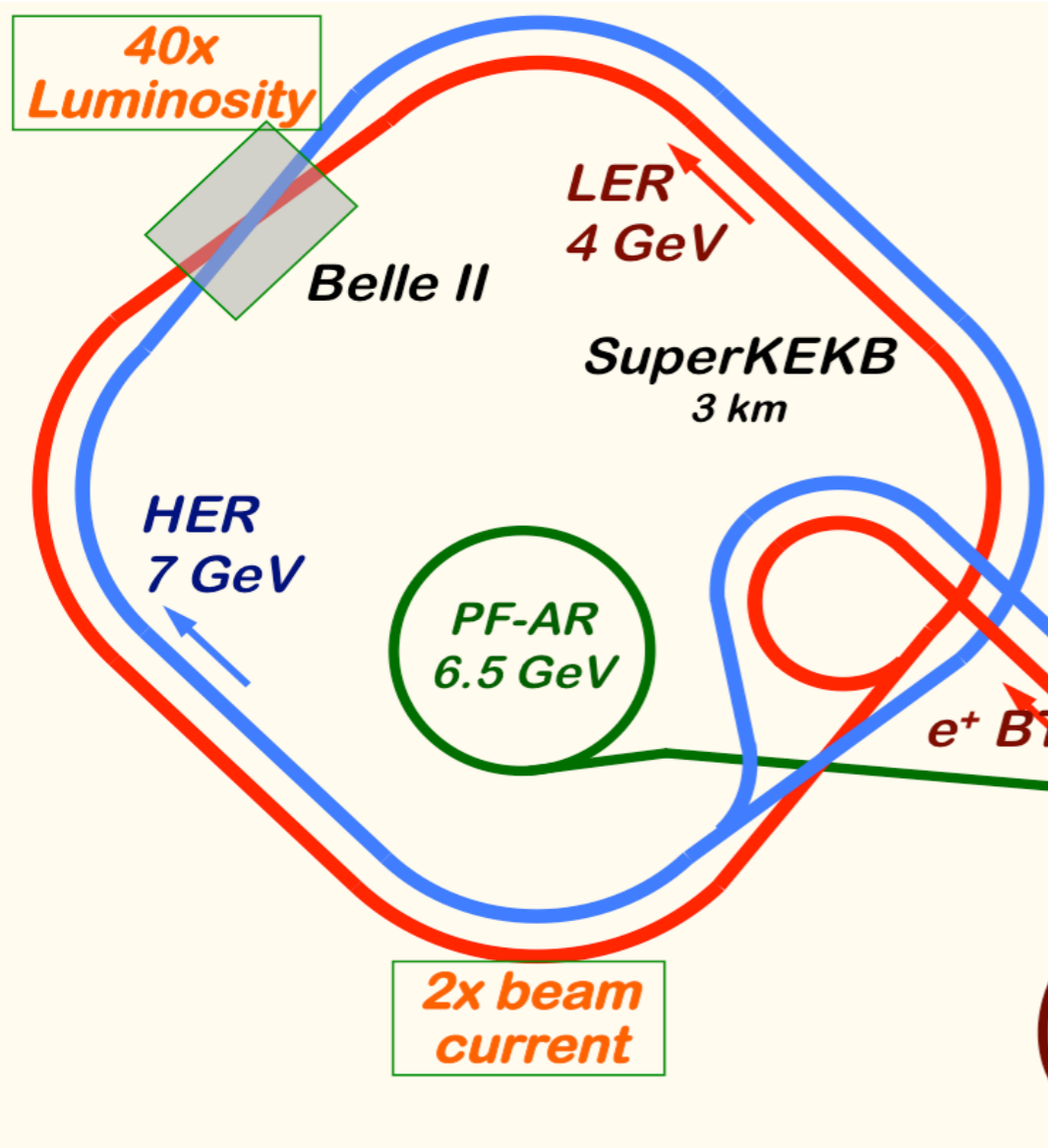


SuperKEKB.

First beams in 2016.
Commissioning ongoing.

$$L = \frac{\gamma_{\pm}}{2er_e} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*}\right) \frac{I_{\pm} \xi_{y\pm}}{\beta_{y\pm}} \frac{R_L}{R_{\xi_y}}$$

beam current
vertical beta function at IP



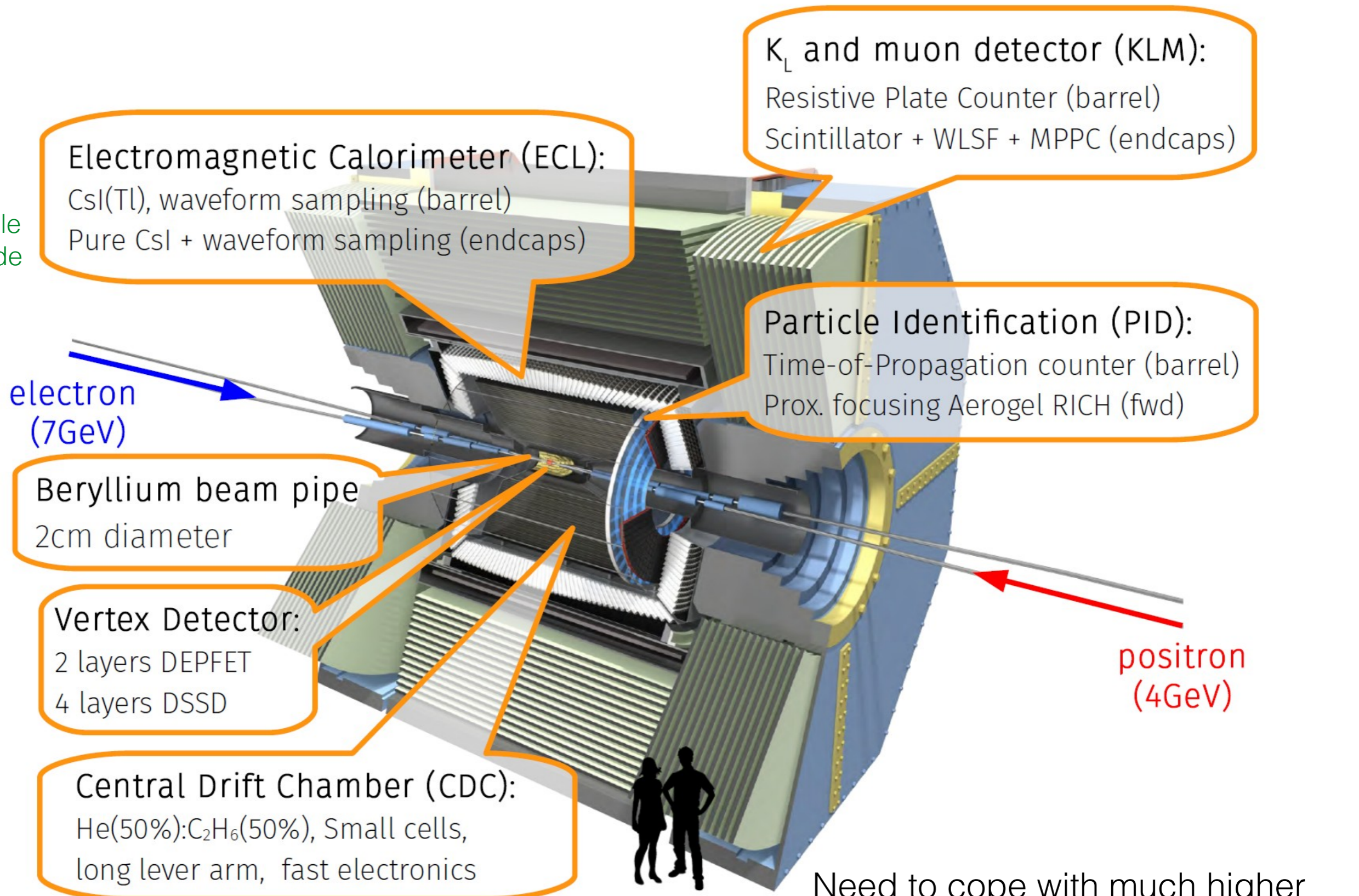
Belle II Collaboration.



728 members (including 262 grad students).
100 institutes.

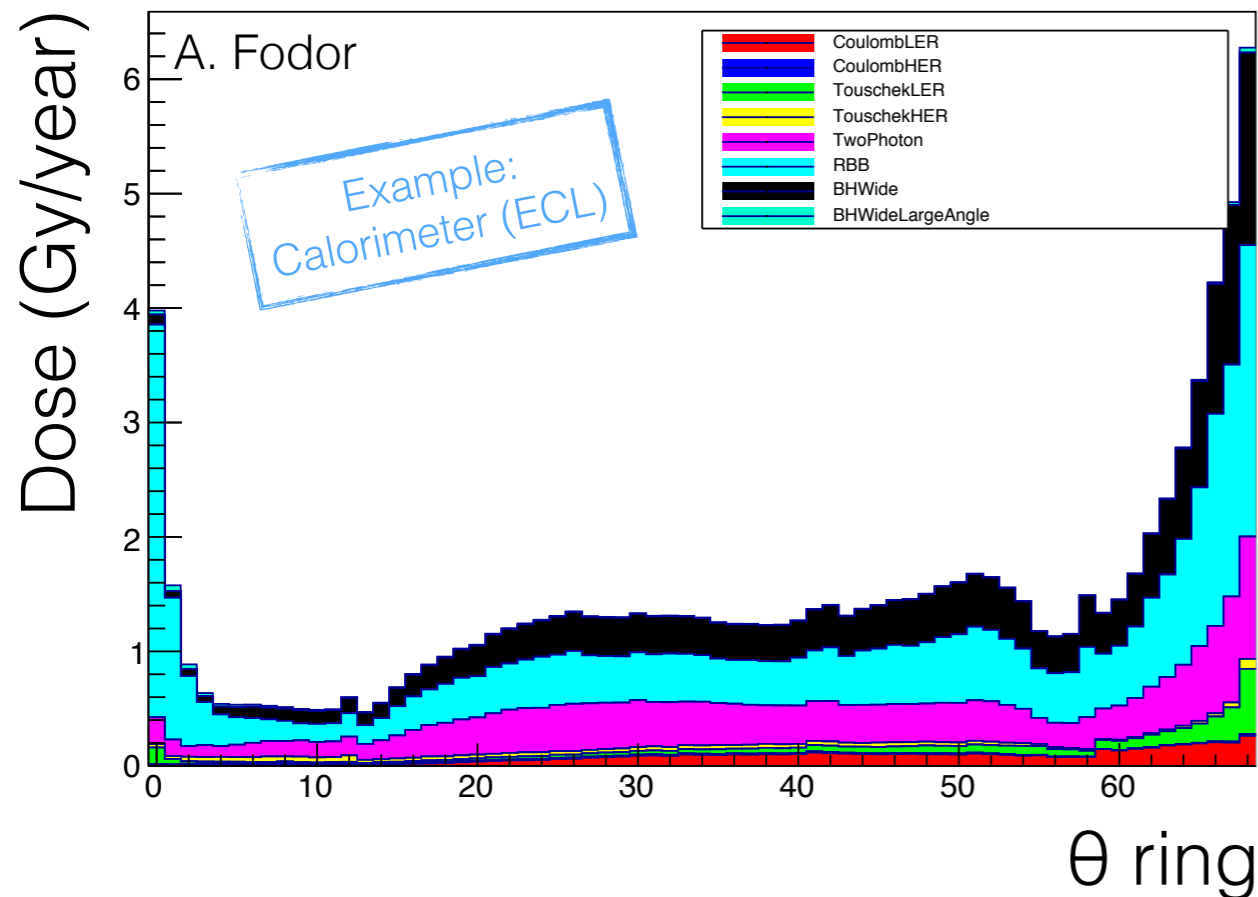
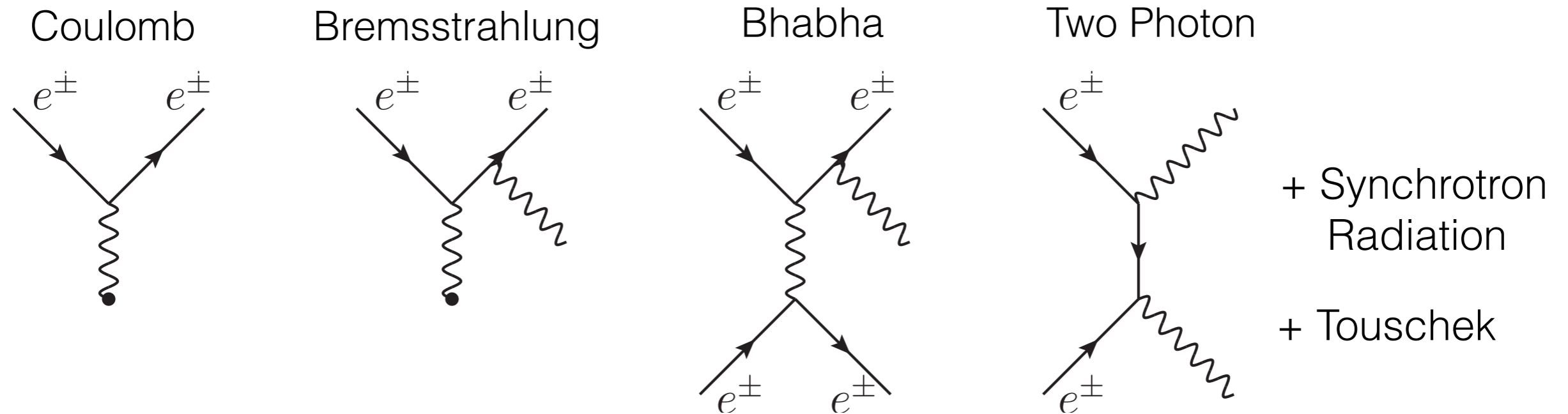
Belle II Detector.

Possible upgrade



Need to cope with much higher luminosity and beam background.

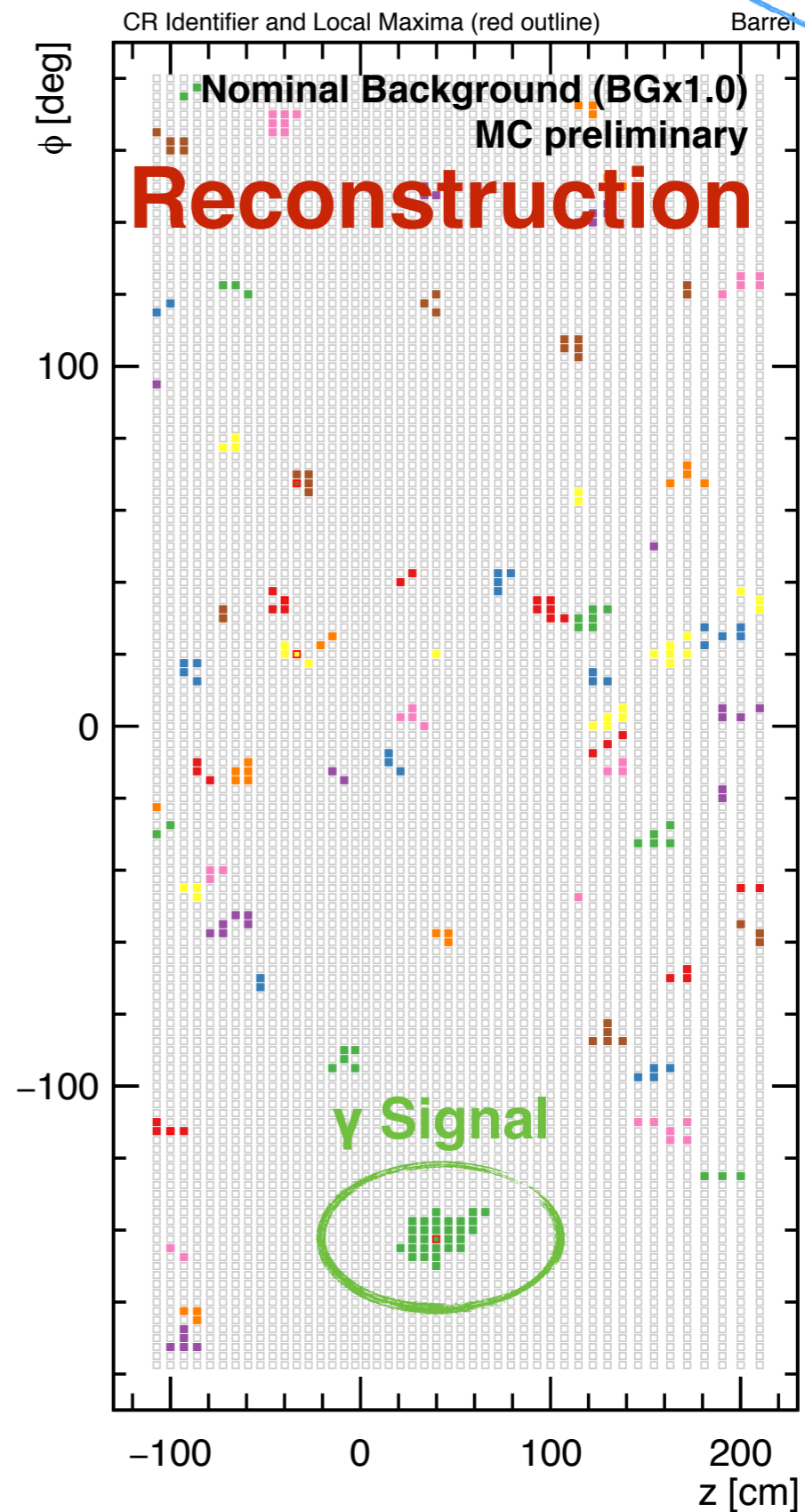
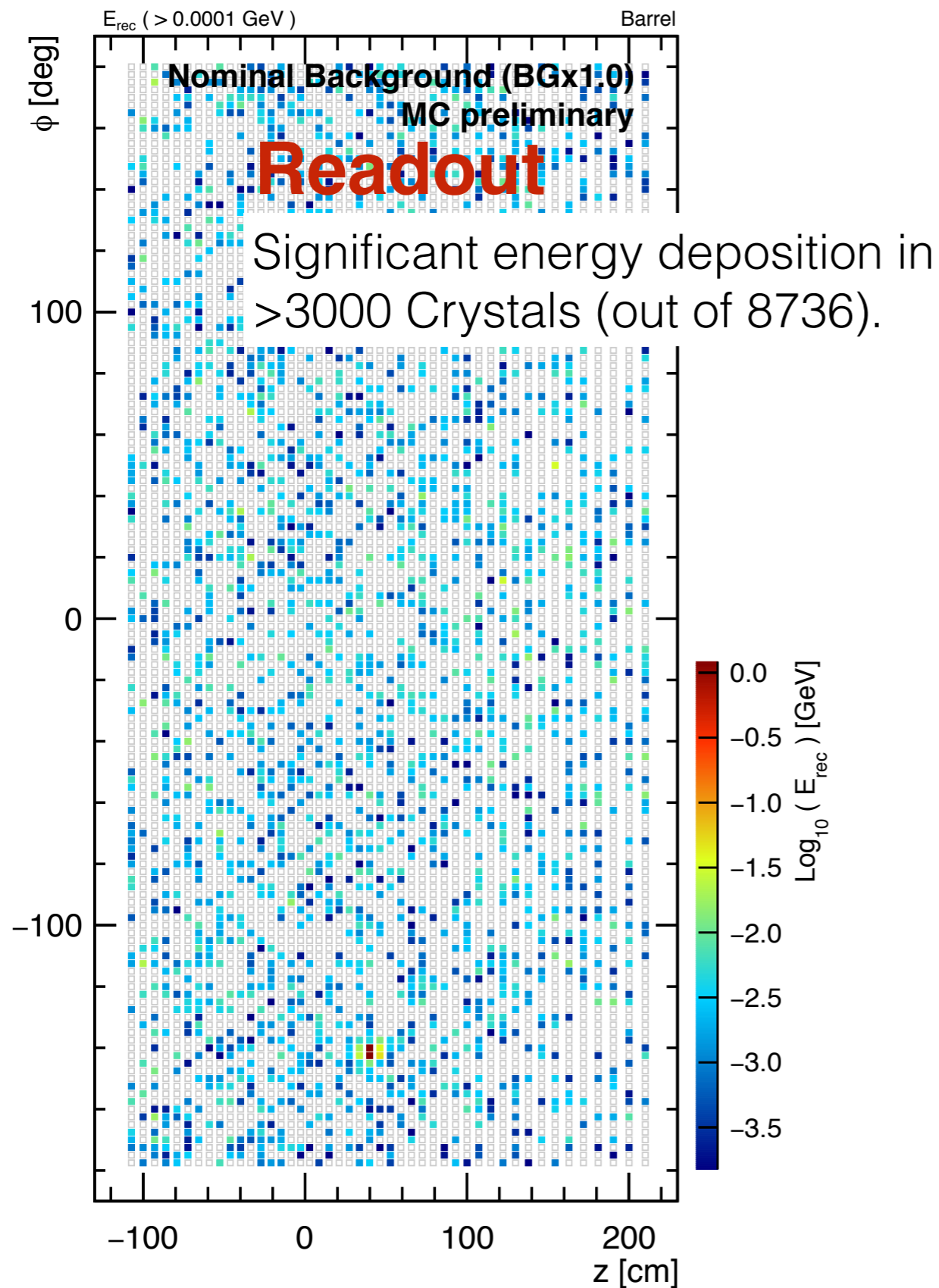
Belle II: Backgrounds.



- Degrades calorimeter resolution.
- Radiation damage.
- Pile-up and event size.
- Physics background.

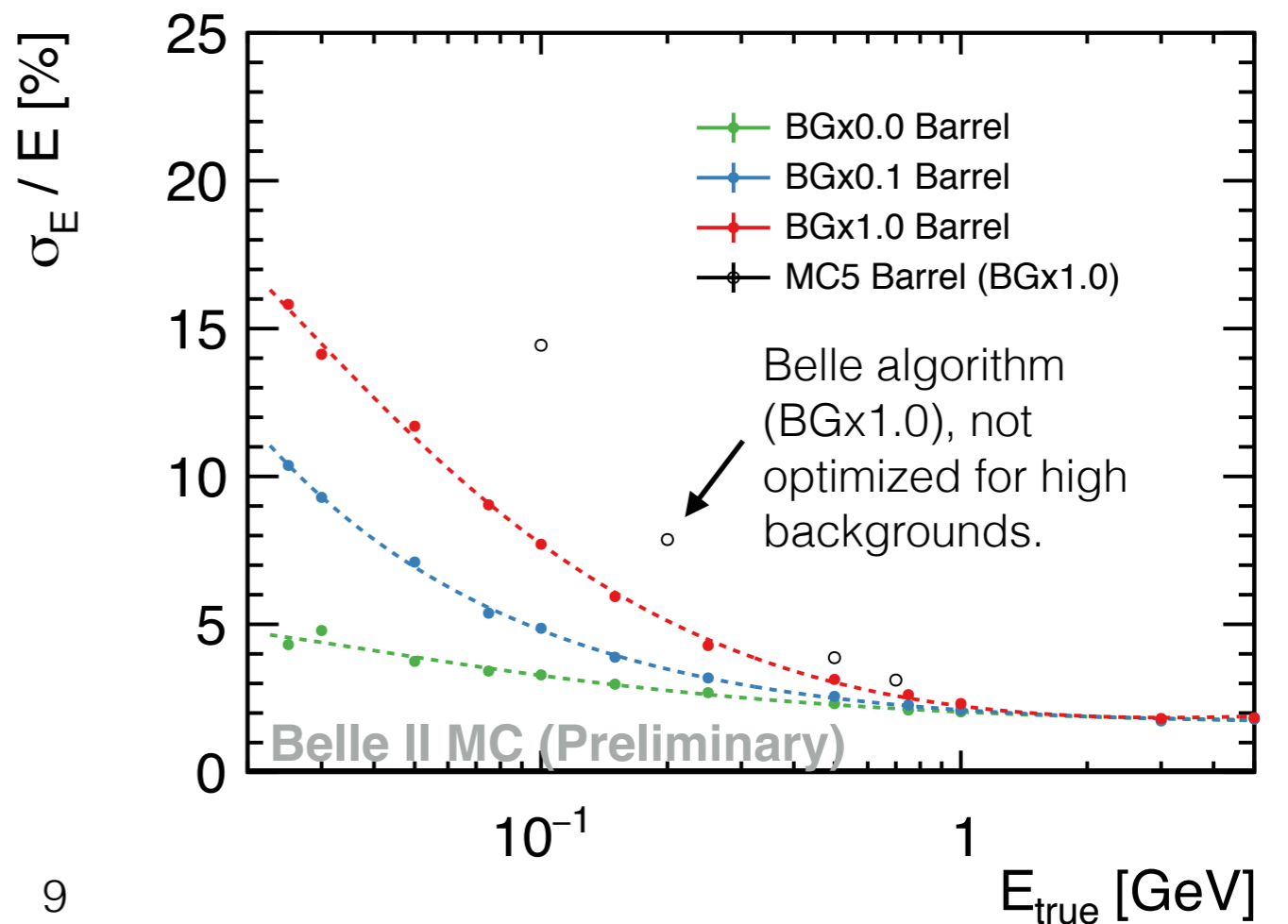
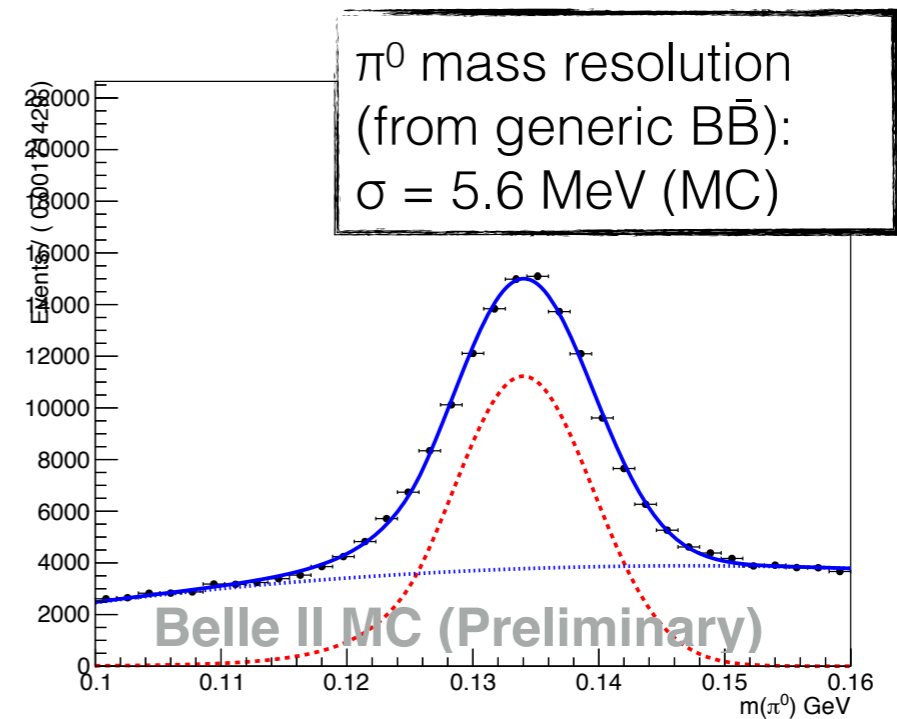
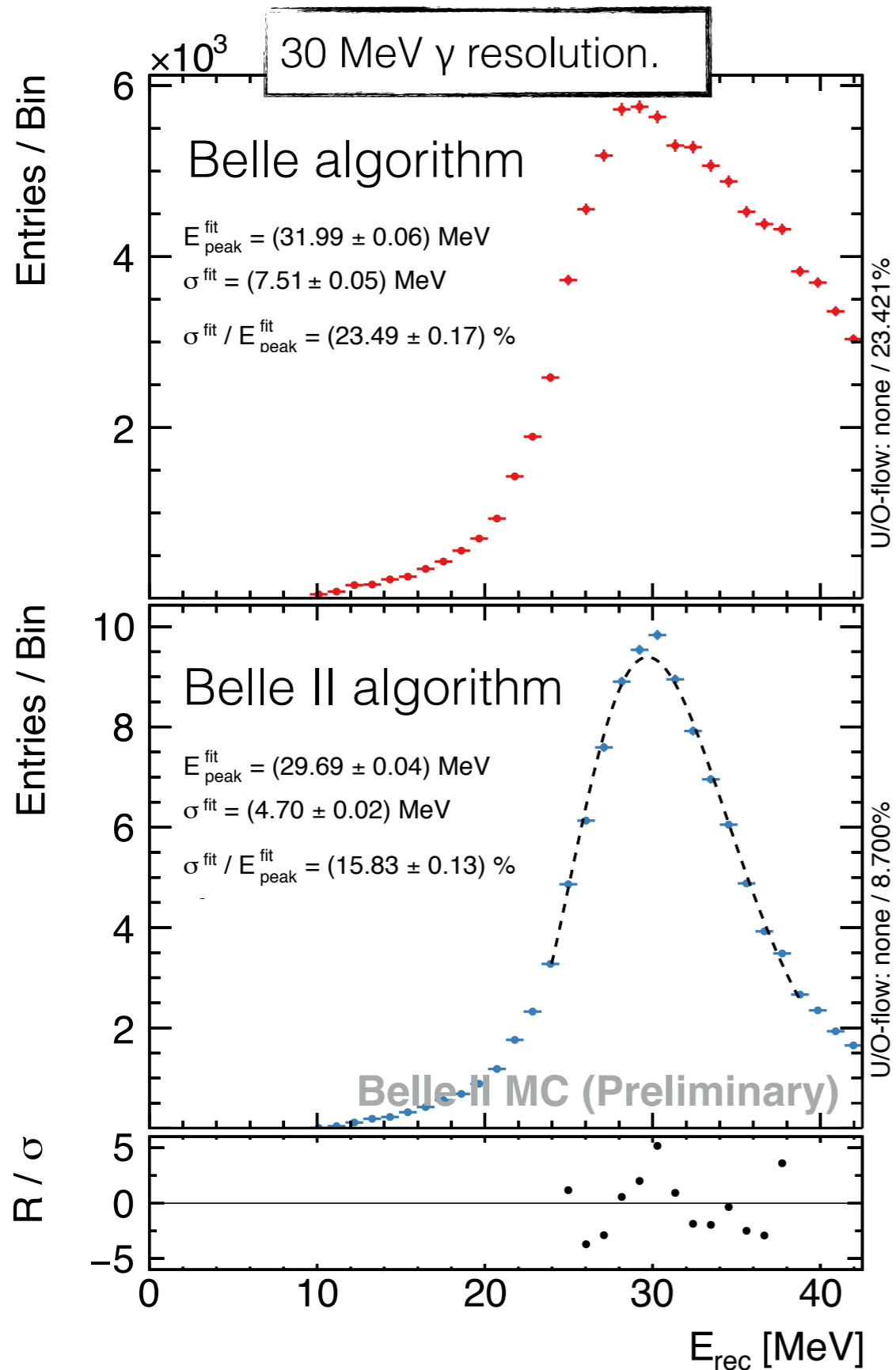
Belle II: Backgrounds.

Example:
Calorimeter (ECL)

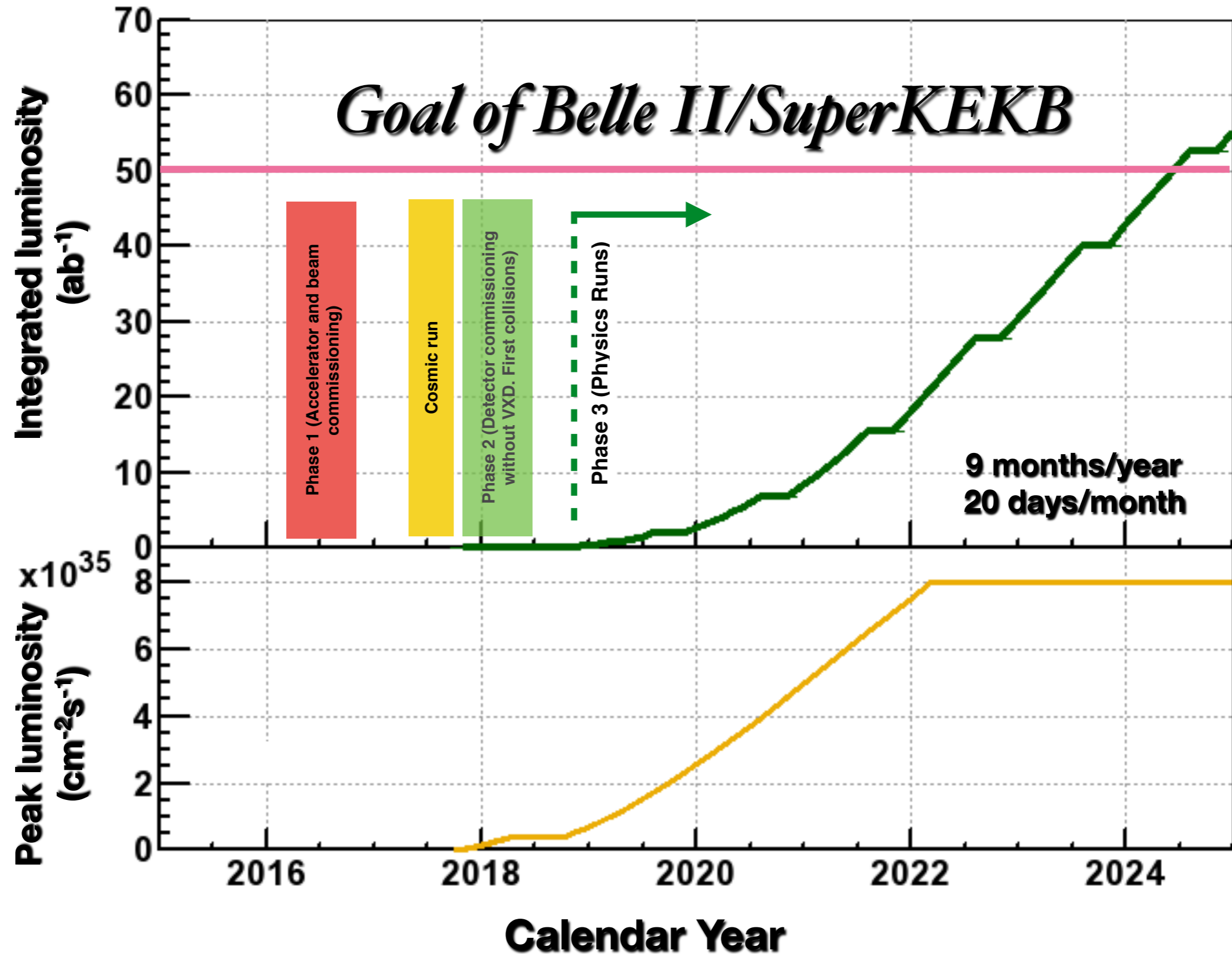


Belle II: Performance.

Example:
Calorimeter (ECL)



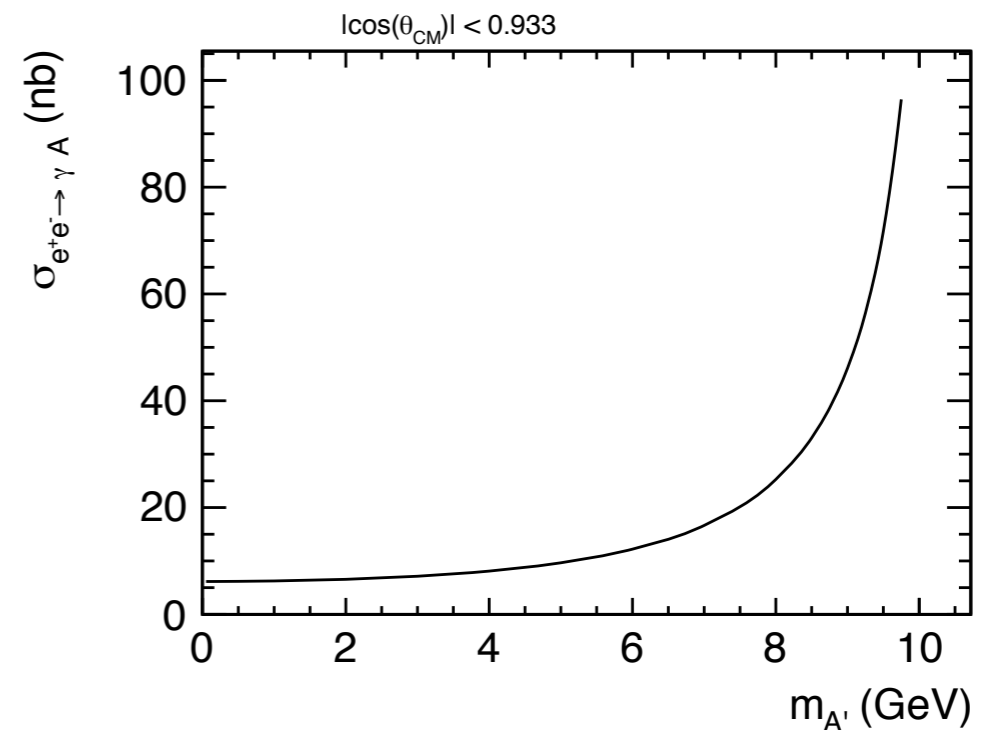
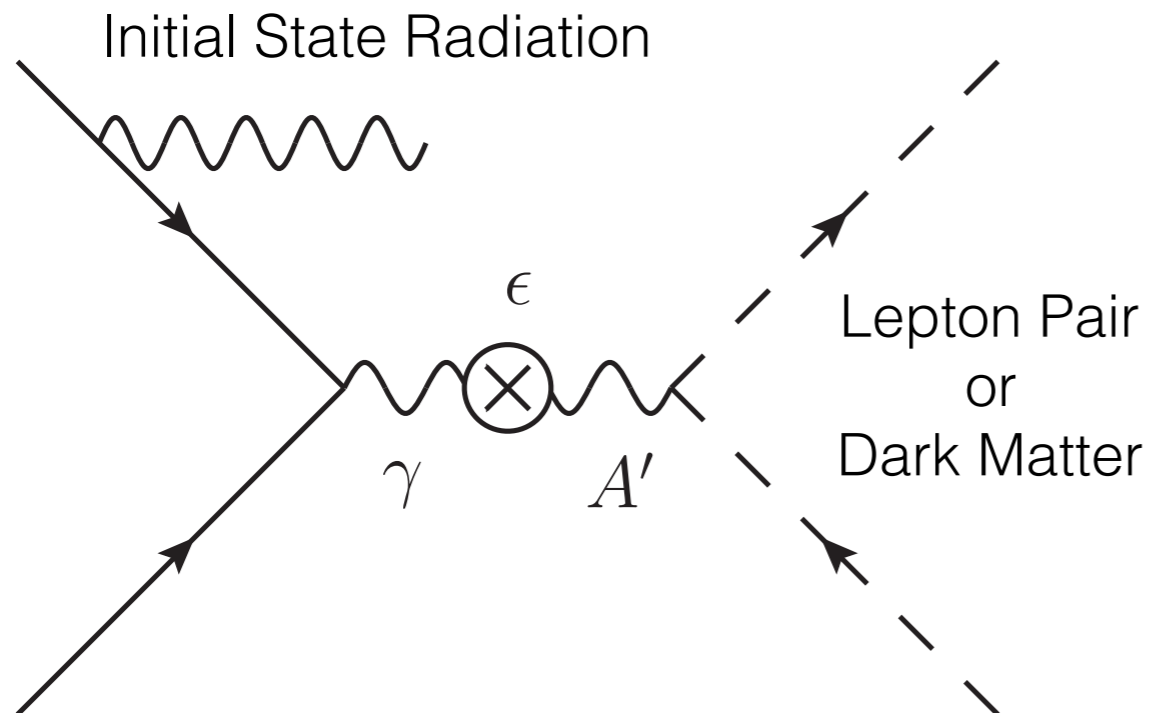
Belle II: Luminosity Projection.



Dark Photon searches.

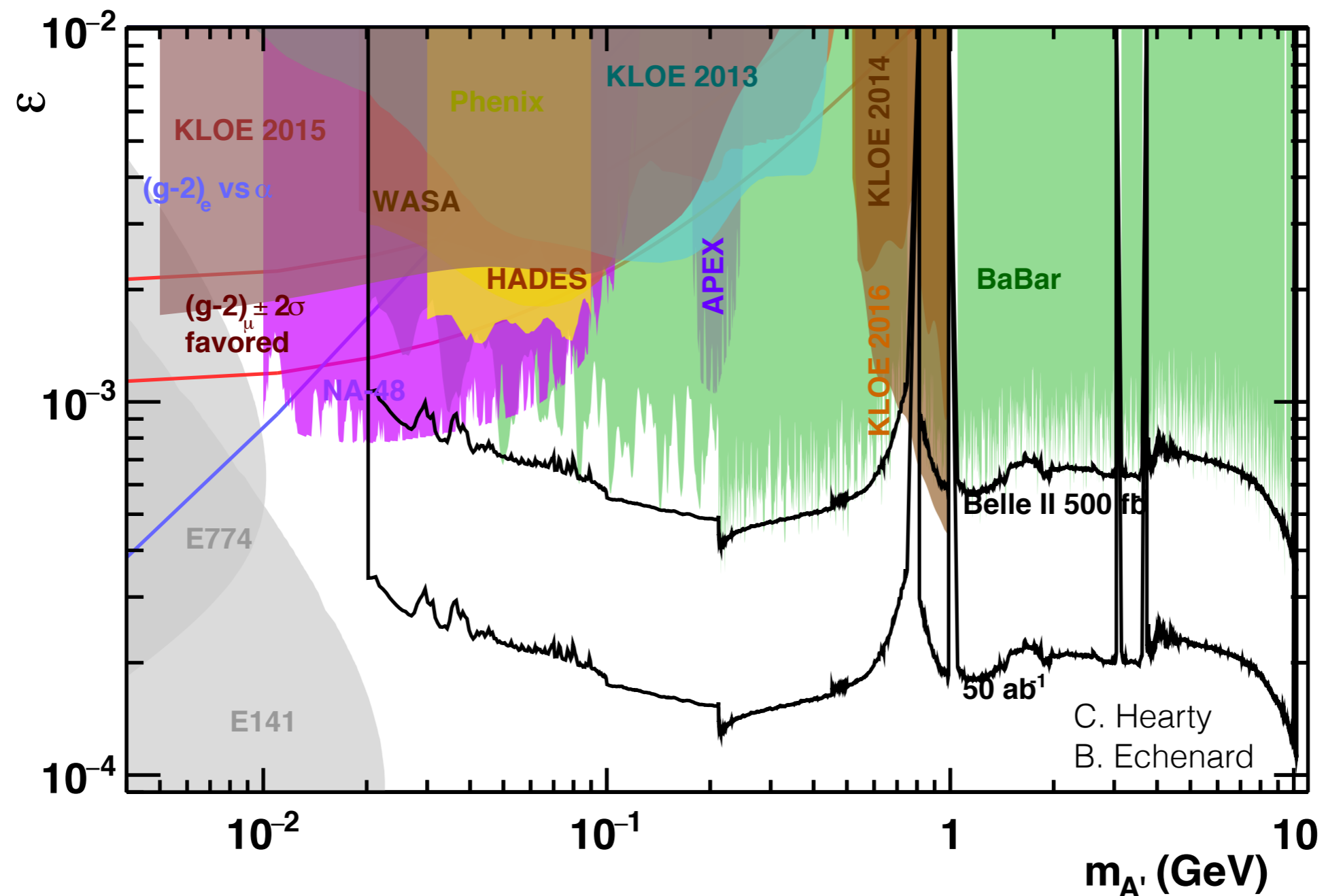
- In the so called “vector portal”, a dark photon A' mixes* with the SM photon γ with strength ϵ :

*Holdom, Phys. Lett B166, 1986

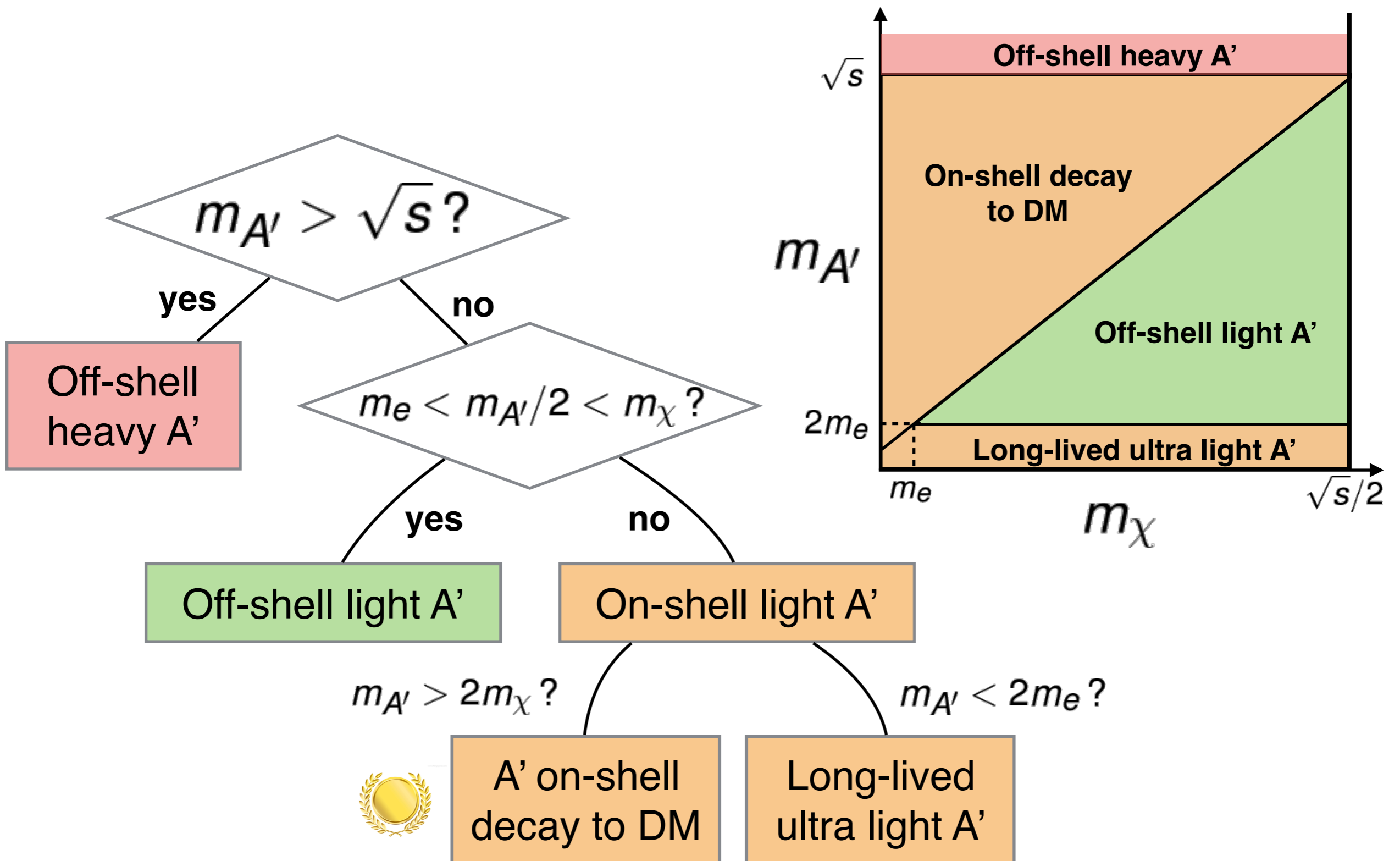


Dark Photon to Leptons.

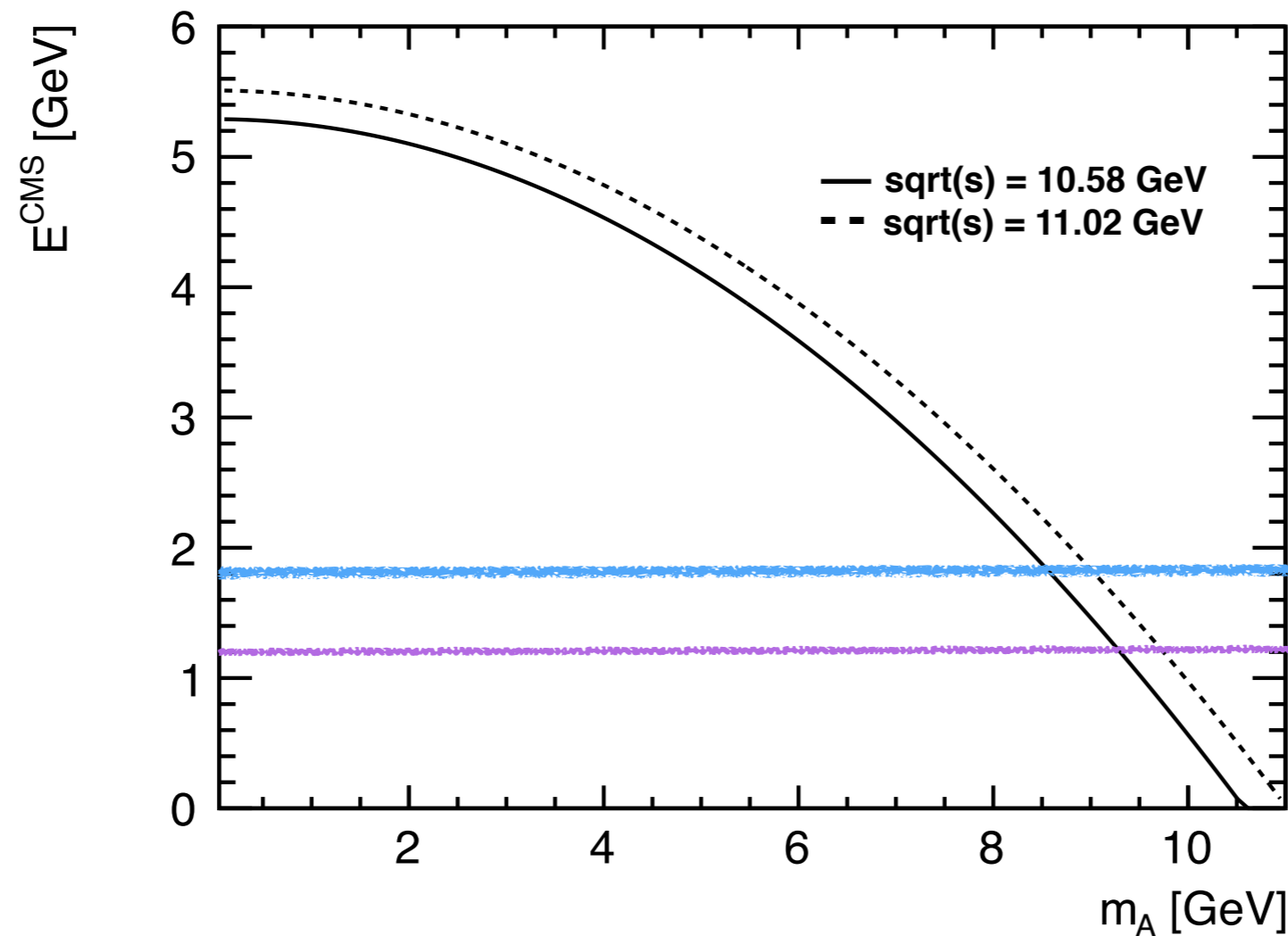
- Belle II limit scaled from BaBar: two times better mass resolution (larger drift chamber), better trigger efficiency for ee final states.



Dark Photon to Dark Matter.



Dark Photon to Dark Matter.



$$E_{\gamma} = \frac{s - M_{A'}^2}{2\sqrt{s}}$$

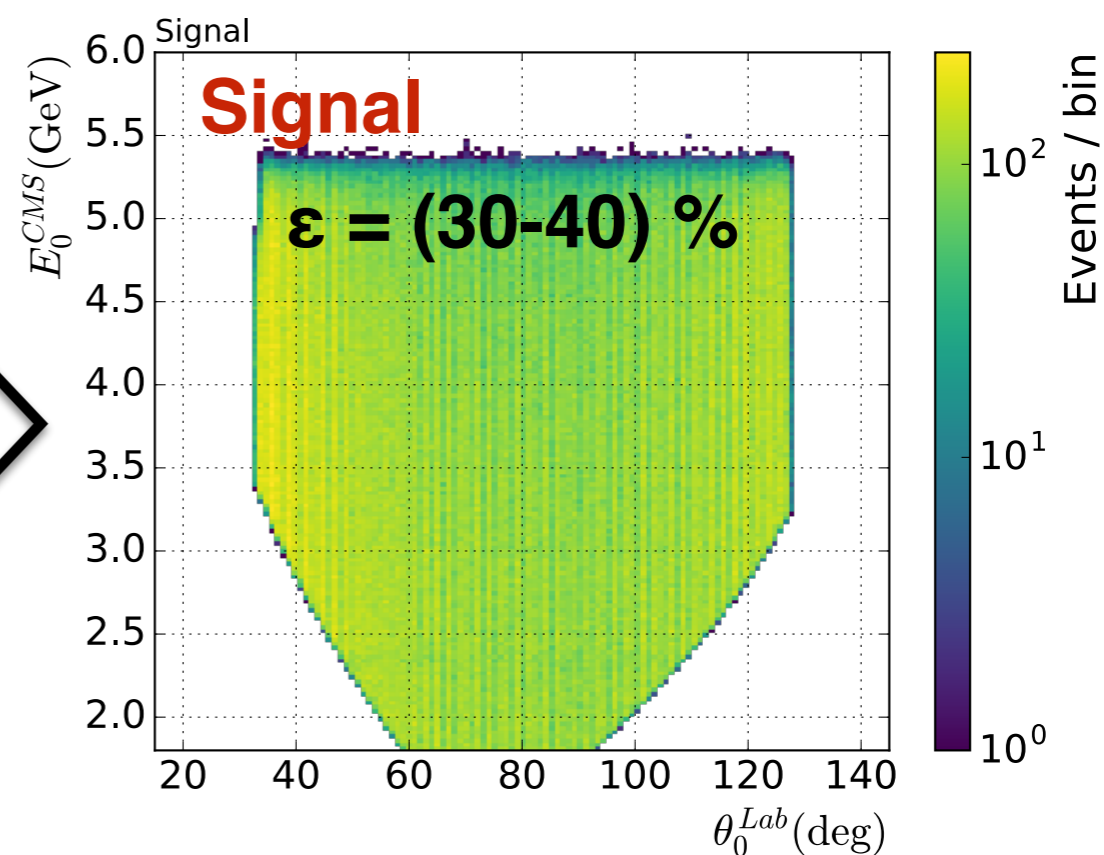
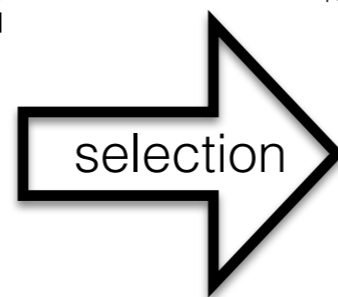
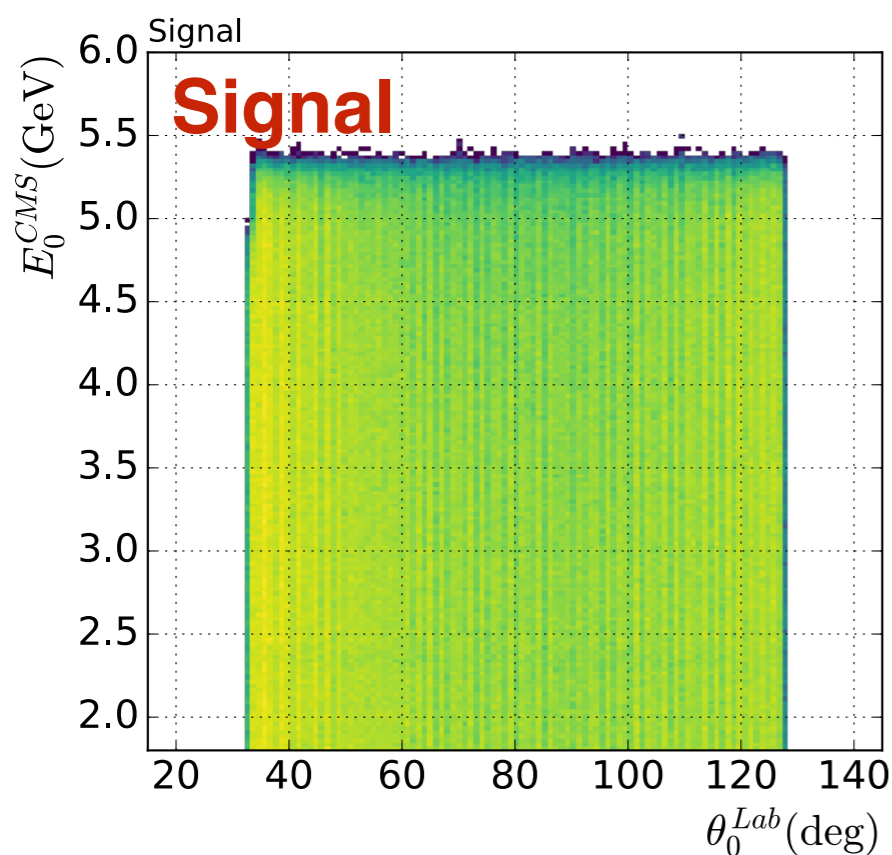
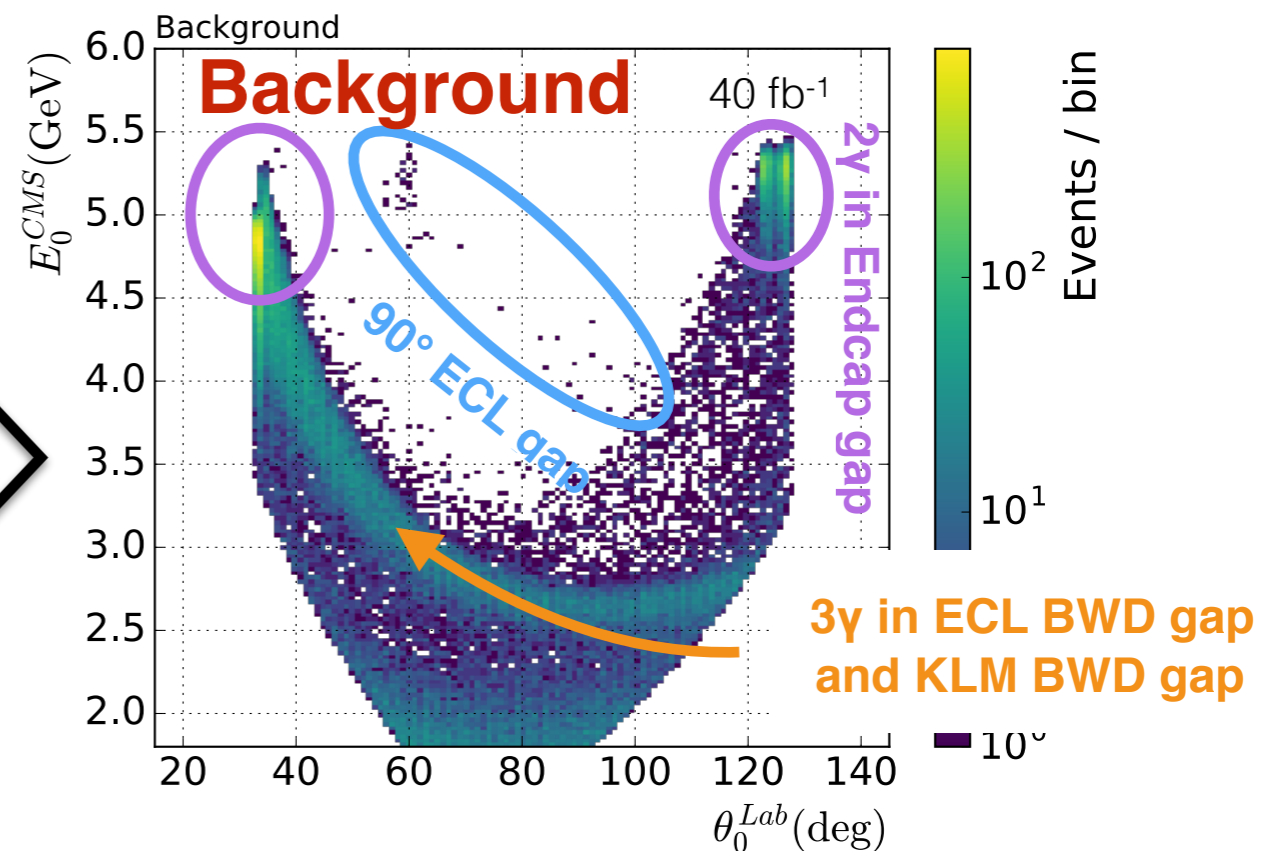
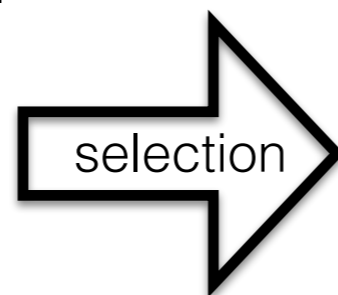
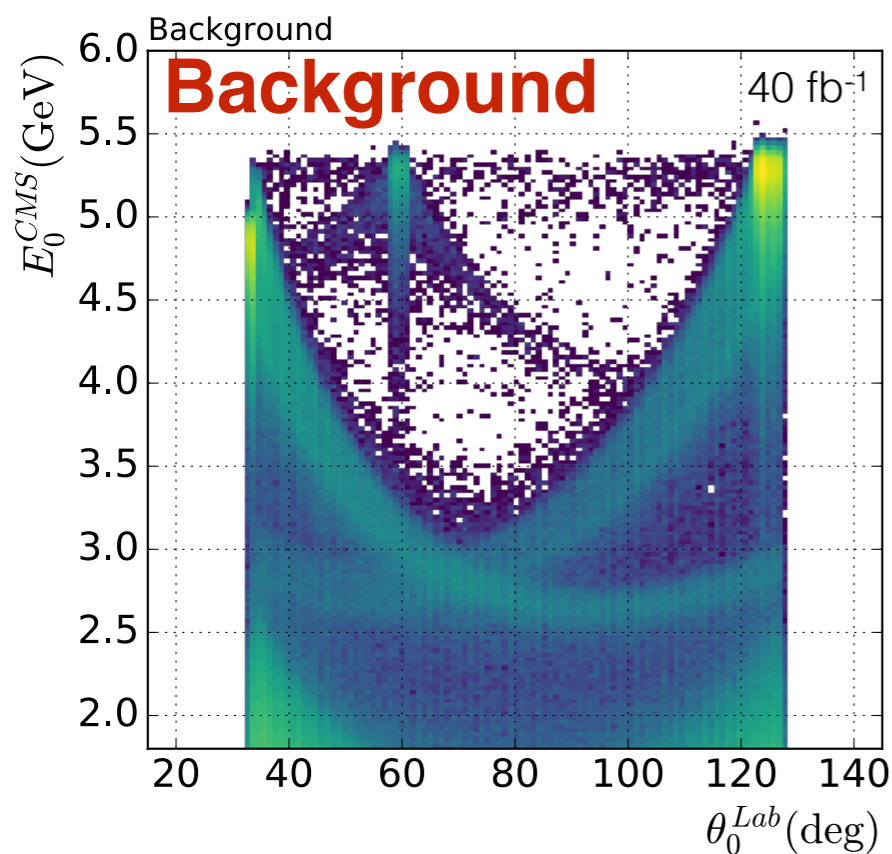
$$E_{\text{Trigger}} = 1.8 \text{ GeV}$$

$$E_{\text{Trigger}} = 1.2 \text{ GeV}$$

- Energy resolution for $E_{\text{ECL}} > 1.8$ GeV is about 2 %, almost independent of beam backgrounds.
- Dark Photon mass resolution below $m_A \approx 2.5$ GeV too poor to determine m_A but we can still make an observation.

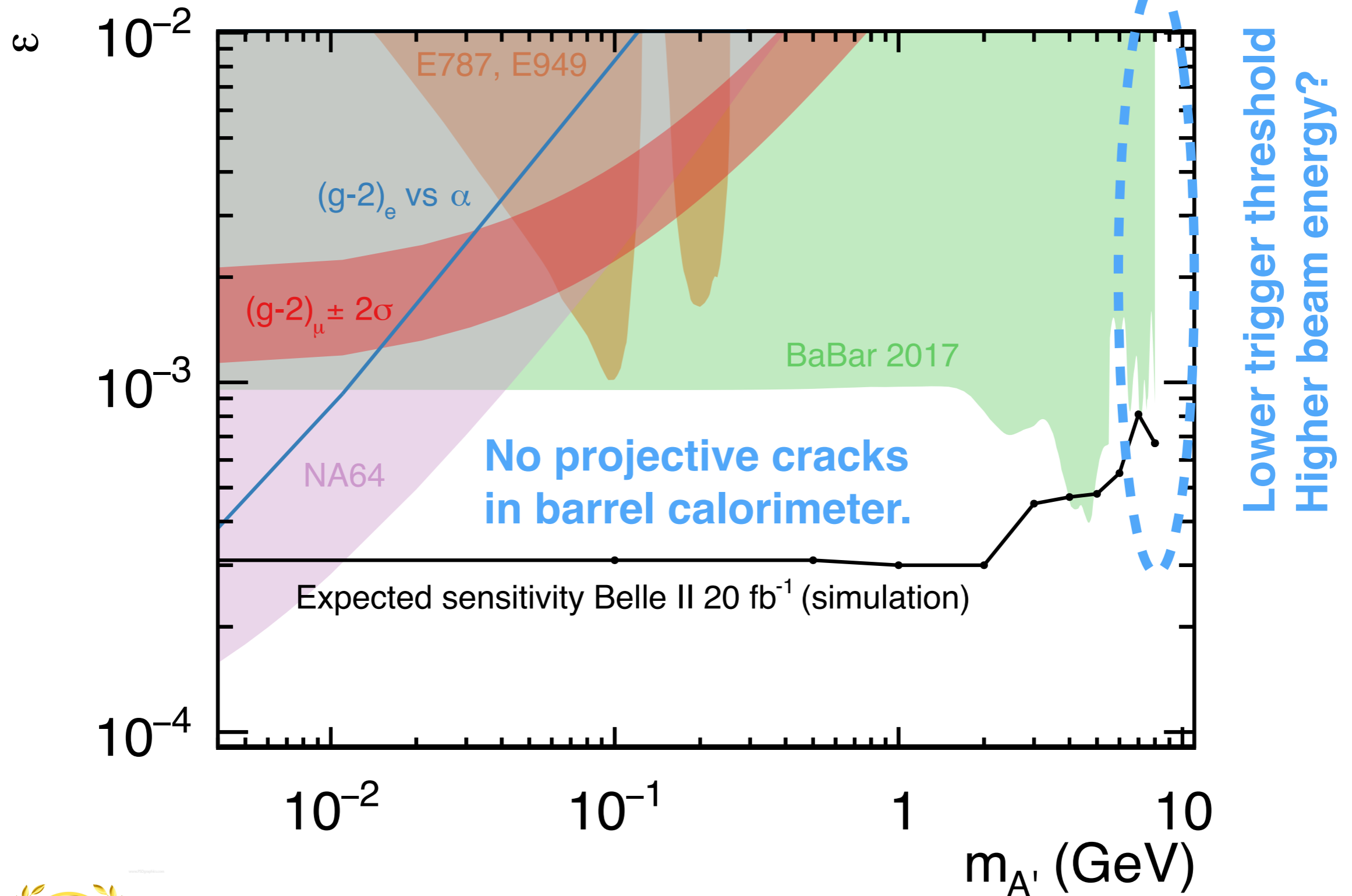
Dark Photon to Dark Matter.

Phase 2 geometry (no VXD)
Phase 2 beam backgrounds



Dark Photon to Dark Matter.

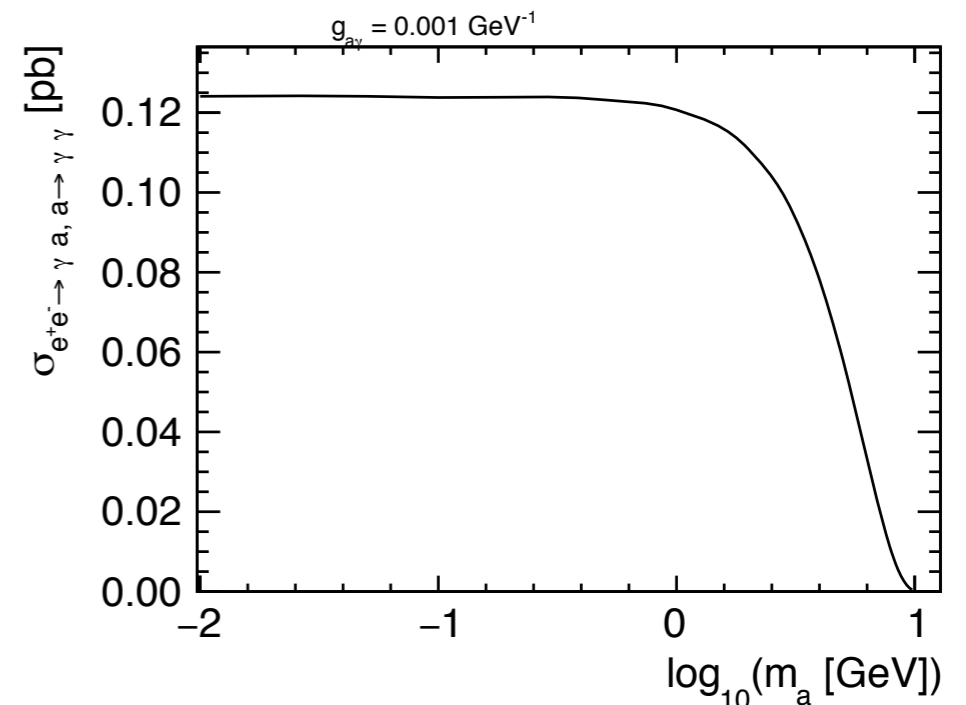
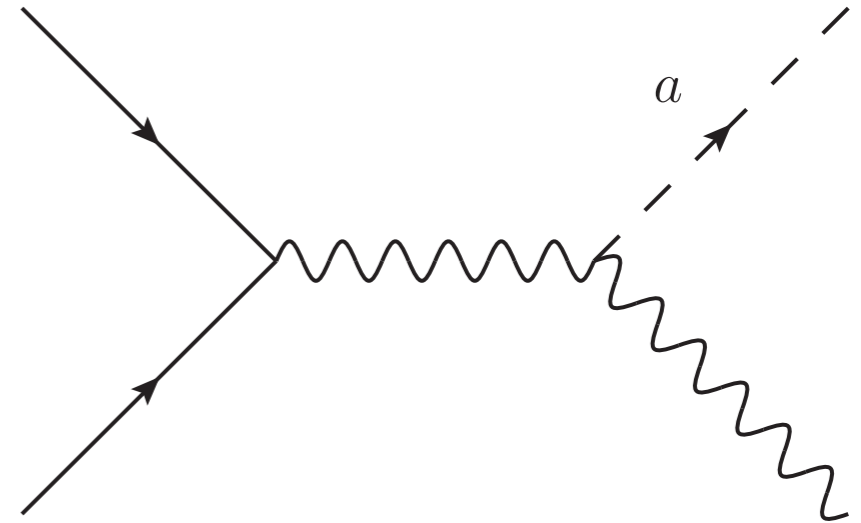
Phase 2 geometry (no VXD)
Phase 2 beam backgrounds



→ "Golden mode" for Phase 2 early data.

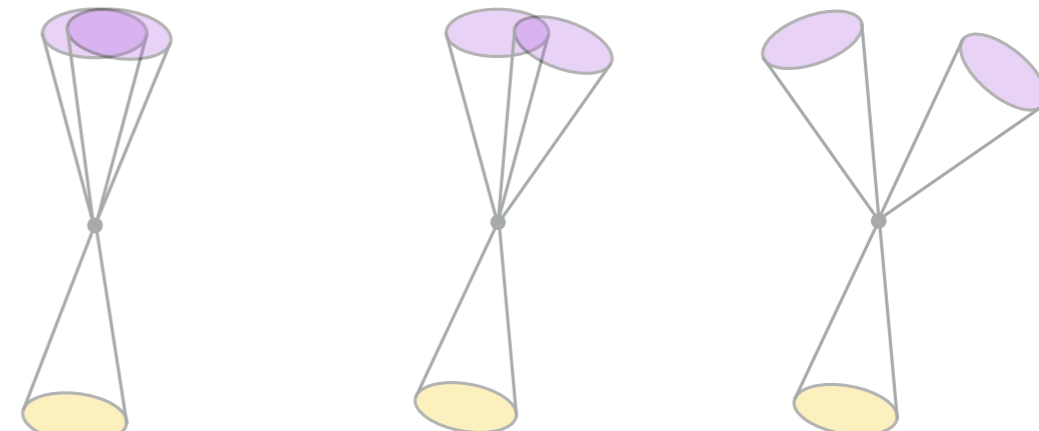
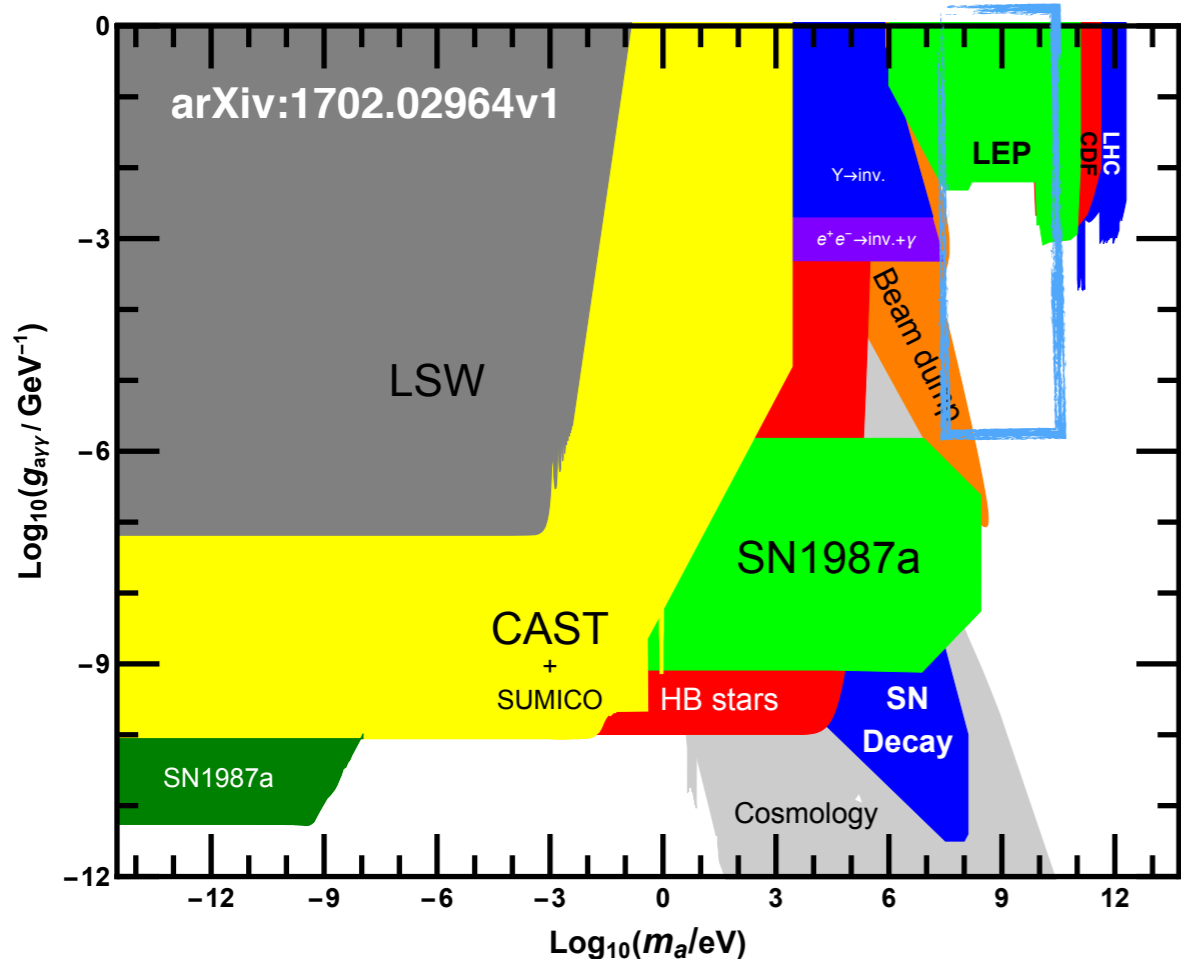
Axion-like particles.

- Axion-like particles couple to to all bosons. For Belle II, the coupling $g_{a\gamma}$ to photons has the by far largest cross section and is the only one accessible for the direct search.
- Complementary: g_{aW} can be probed in some B decays [1,2].
- Assume all axions decay into two photons $a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$.

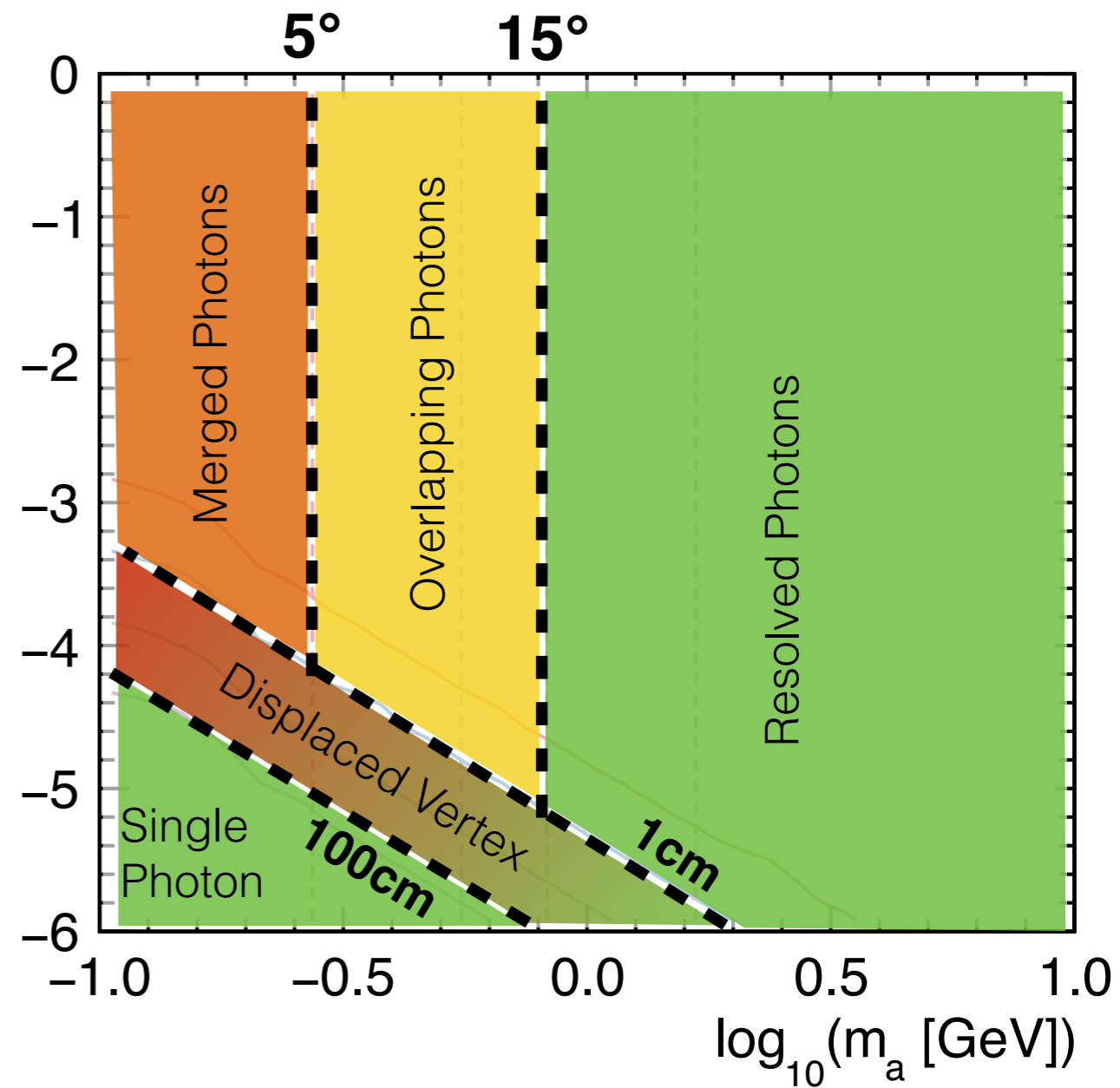


1) <https://arxiv.org/abs/1409.4792>
2) <https://arxiv.org/abs/1611.09355>

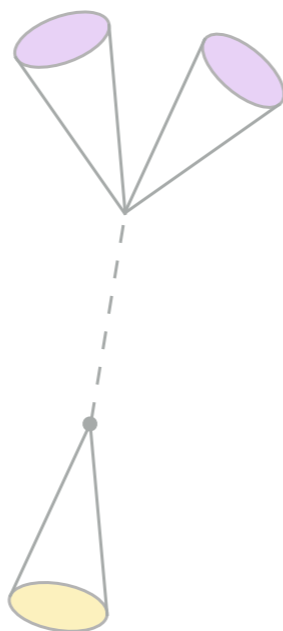
Axion-like particles.



$\log_{10}(g_{\text{ay}} [\text{GeV}^{-1}])$

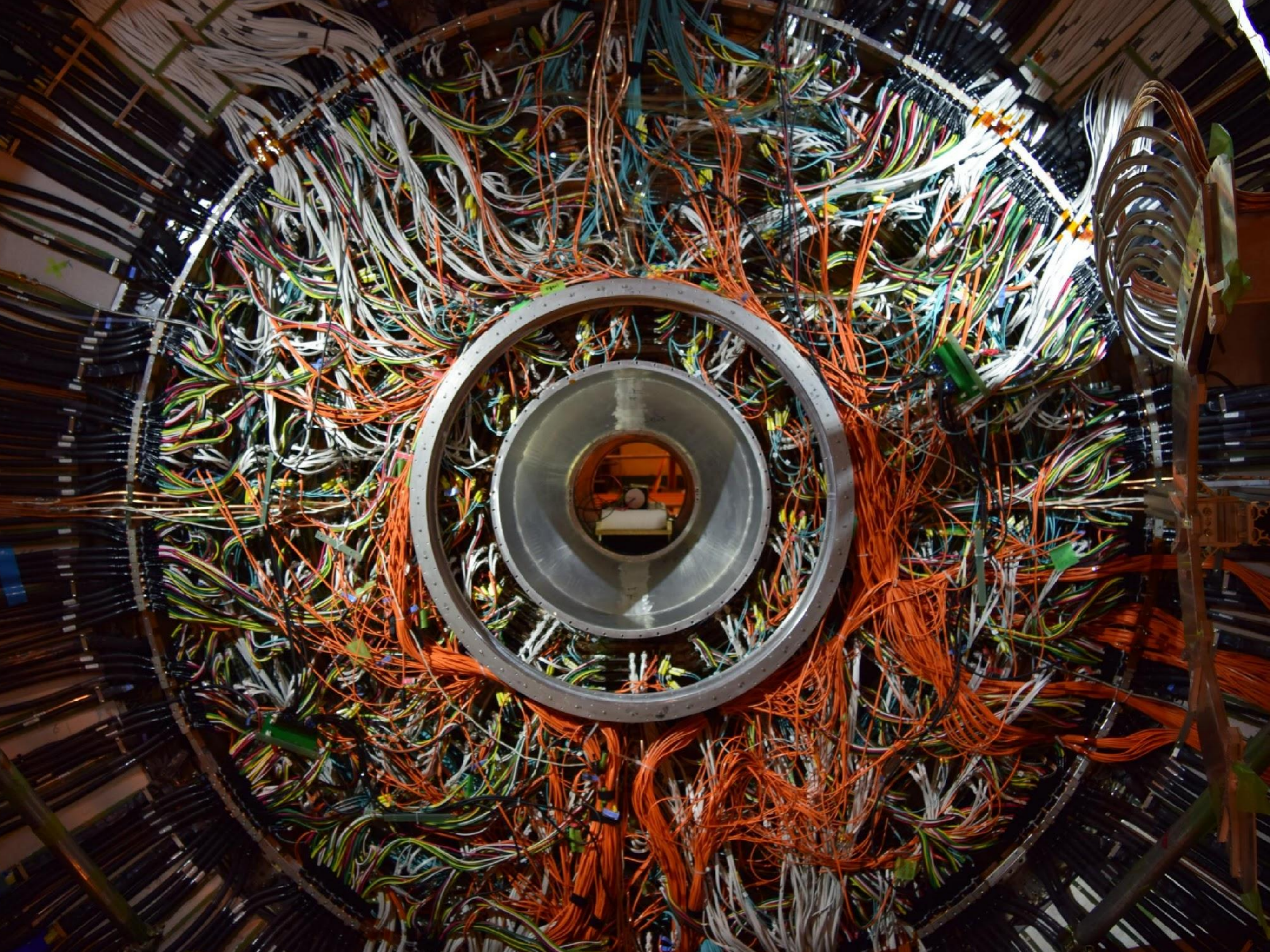


Sensitivity during Phase 2 with optimized triggers under study.



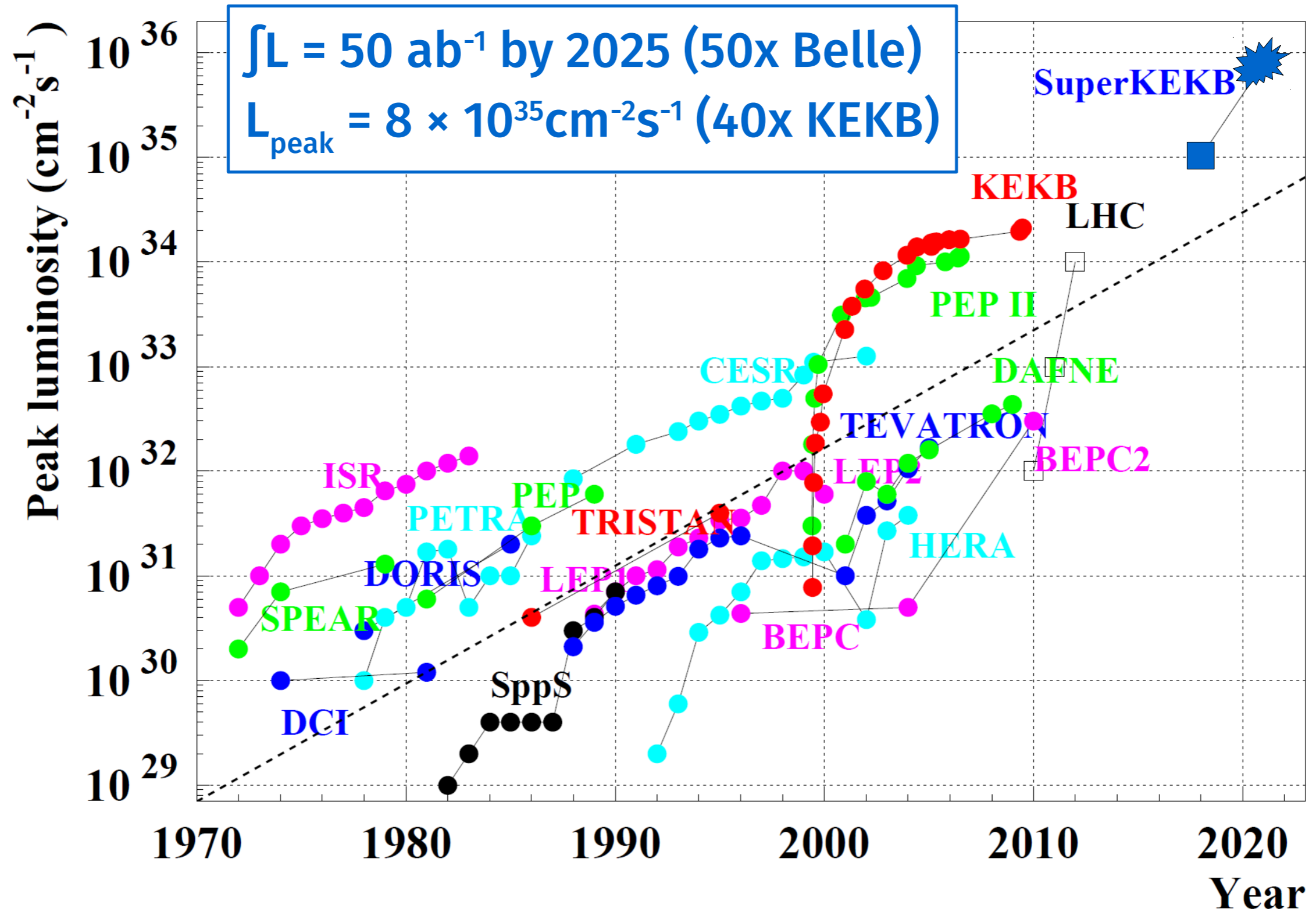
Summary.

- Belle II offers high sensitivity to New Physics at the intensity frontier, largely complementary to LHCb.
- Significantly higher beam backgrounds and much higher collision rate require improved hardware and new reconstruction algorithms.
- Belle II will start detector commissioning (no VXD) end of 2017 until mid 2018 (“Phase 2”).
- The search for a dark photon decaying invisibly, and the search for an axion like particle may be possible even in “Phase 2”.
- Physics data taking starts end of 2018. “50 × Belle” by 2025.



Backup

Peak luminosity over time.



Beam Parameters.

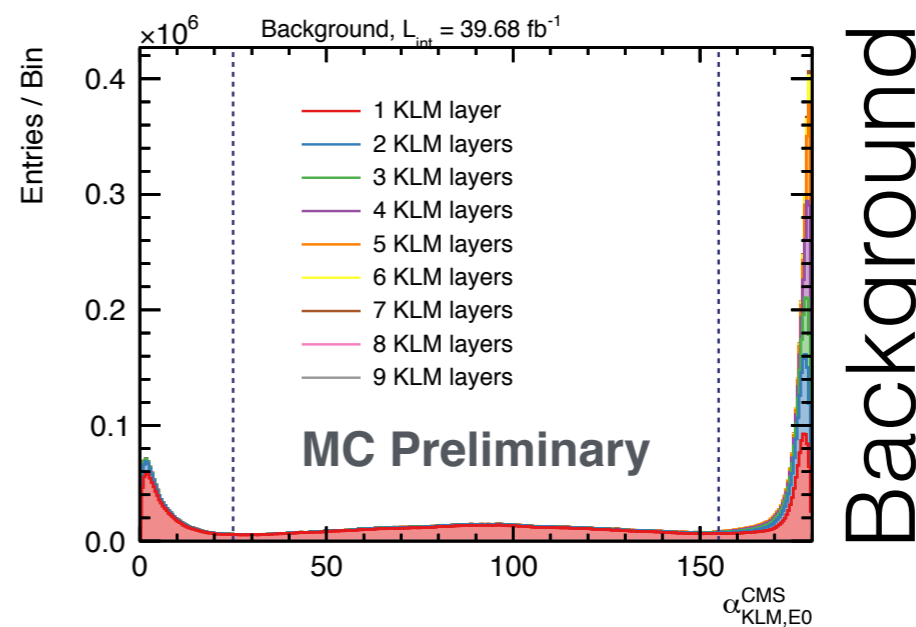
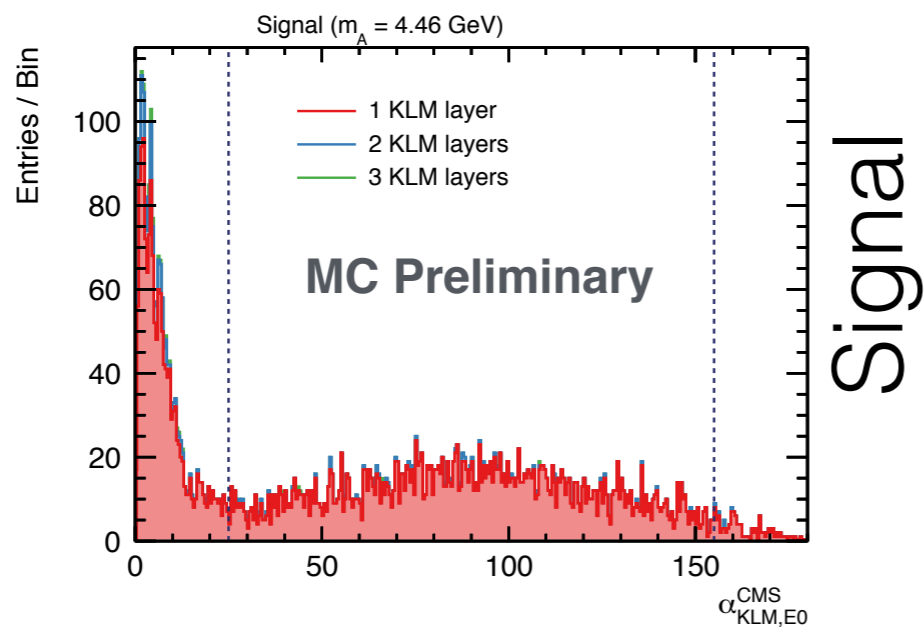
	LER (e^+)	HER (e^-)	
Energy	4.0	7.0	GeV
Half crossing angle	41.5		mrاد
Horizontal emittance	3.2	4.6	nm
Emittance ratio	0.27	0.25	%
Beta functions at IP (x/y)	32 / 0.27	25 / 0.30	mm
Beam currents	3.6	2.6	A
Beam-beam parameter	0.0881	0.0807	
Luminosity	8×10^{35}		$\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

Experiment	Scans/Off. Res. fb^{-1}	$\Upsilon(5S)$ 10876 MeV		$\Upsilon(4S)$ 10580 MeV		$\Upsilon(3S)$ 10355 MeV		$\Upsilon(2S)$ 10023 MeV		$\Upsilon(1S)$ 9460 MeV	
		fb^{-1}	10^6	fb^{-1}	10^6	fb^{-1}	10^6	fb^{-1}	10^6	fb^{-1}	10^6
CLEO	17.1	0.4	0.1	16	17.1	1.2	5	1.2	10	1.2	21
BaBar	54	R_b scan		433	471	30	122	14	99	—	
Belle	100	121	36	711	772	3	12	25	158	6	102

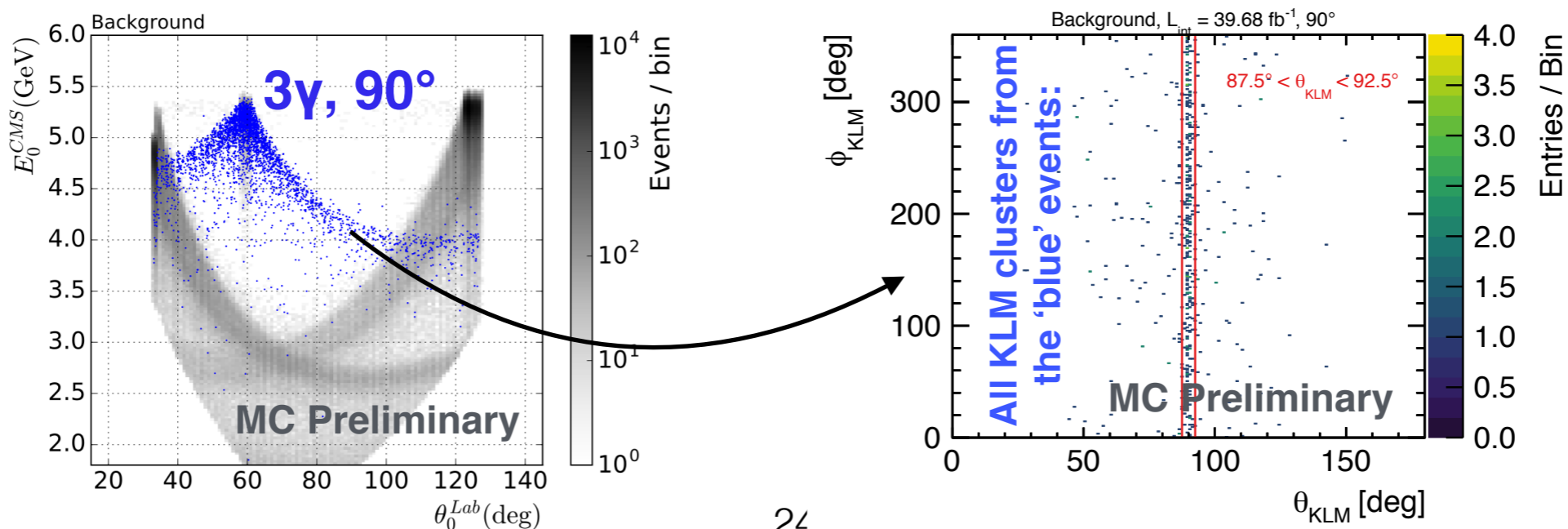
Backgrounds: KLM veto.

Release-00-08-00
Phase2 geometry
Phase 2 beam backgrounds

Veto on KLM cluster back to back to G0.



Veto on KLM cluster, e.g. 90° ECL gap:



Dark Photon to Dark Matter.

Preselection (reconstructed):

Calorimeter clusters sorted by energy in center of mass (CMS): G_0, G_1

$33^\circ < \theta_0^{\text{Lab}} < 127^\circ$ ($\sim 100\%$ trigger efficiency)

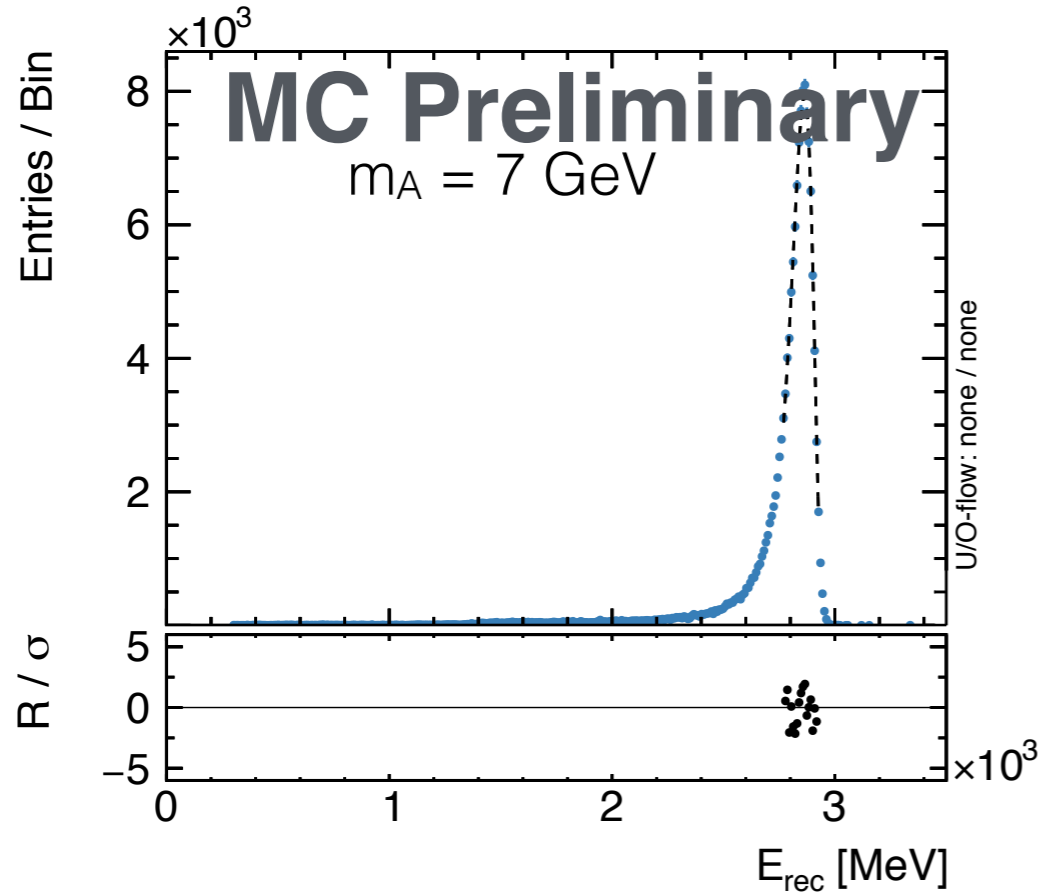
E_0^{CMS} -dependent cut on θ_0^{Lab} for low E_0^{CMS}

$E_1^{\text{CMS}} < 0.1$ GeV (background dependent)

All Tracks $p_t < 0.2$ GeV

No KLM cluster back to back to G_0 in CMS

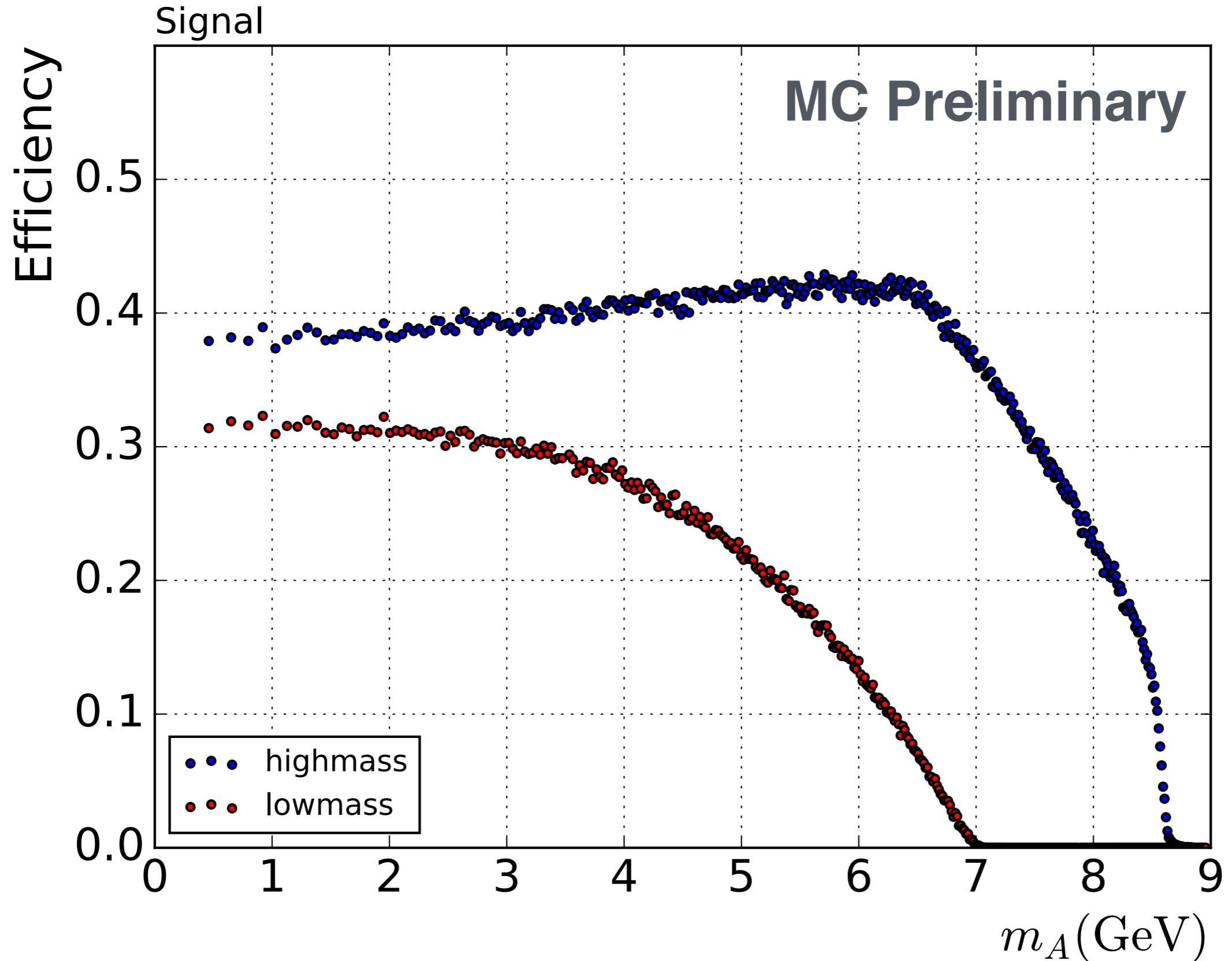
No KLM clusters in KLM veto regions (background dependent)



Example Dark
Photon Peak

Backgrounds: Efficiency.

Release-00-08-00
Phase2 geometry
Phase 2 beam backgrounds



Dark Photon: Planned Searches.

