Latest results from Belle and Belle II

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61st International Winter Meeting on Nuclear Physics — Bormio — Jan 30th, 2025

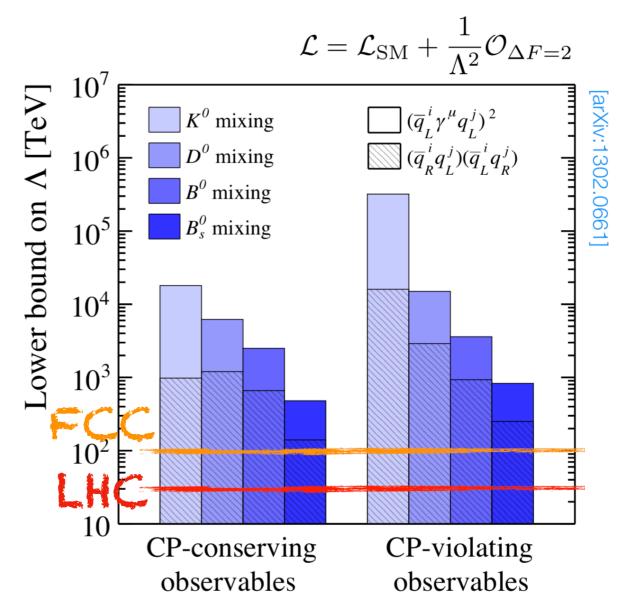
Probing the next scale

The standard model is incomplete.

Flavour physics to access higher scales than those directly reachable at current or futures colliders to search for UV extension.

Systematic approach to probe many redundant observables and look for emerging patterns that signal unexpected physics.

Name of the game is precision



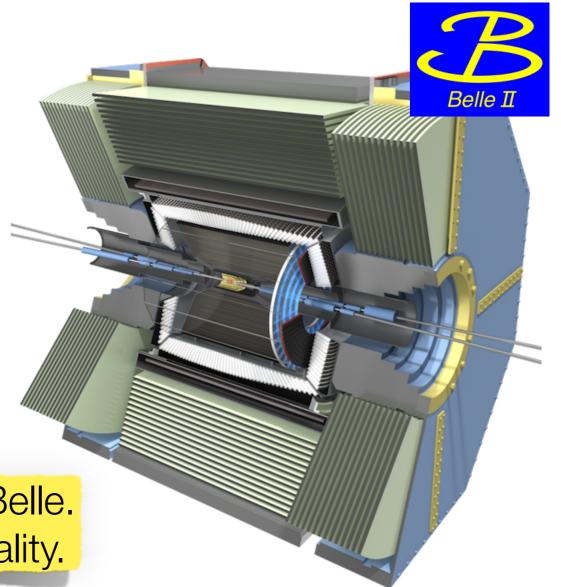
Boosting the reach

KEKB (1999-2010) \implies SuperKEKB (2019-present). Energy-asymmetric e^+e^- collisions at the Y(4S) Unprecedented luminosity, 5.1x10³⁴ cm⁻² s⁻¹ world record last December.

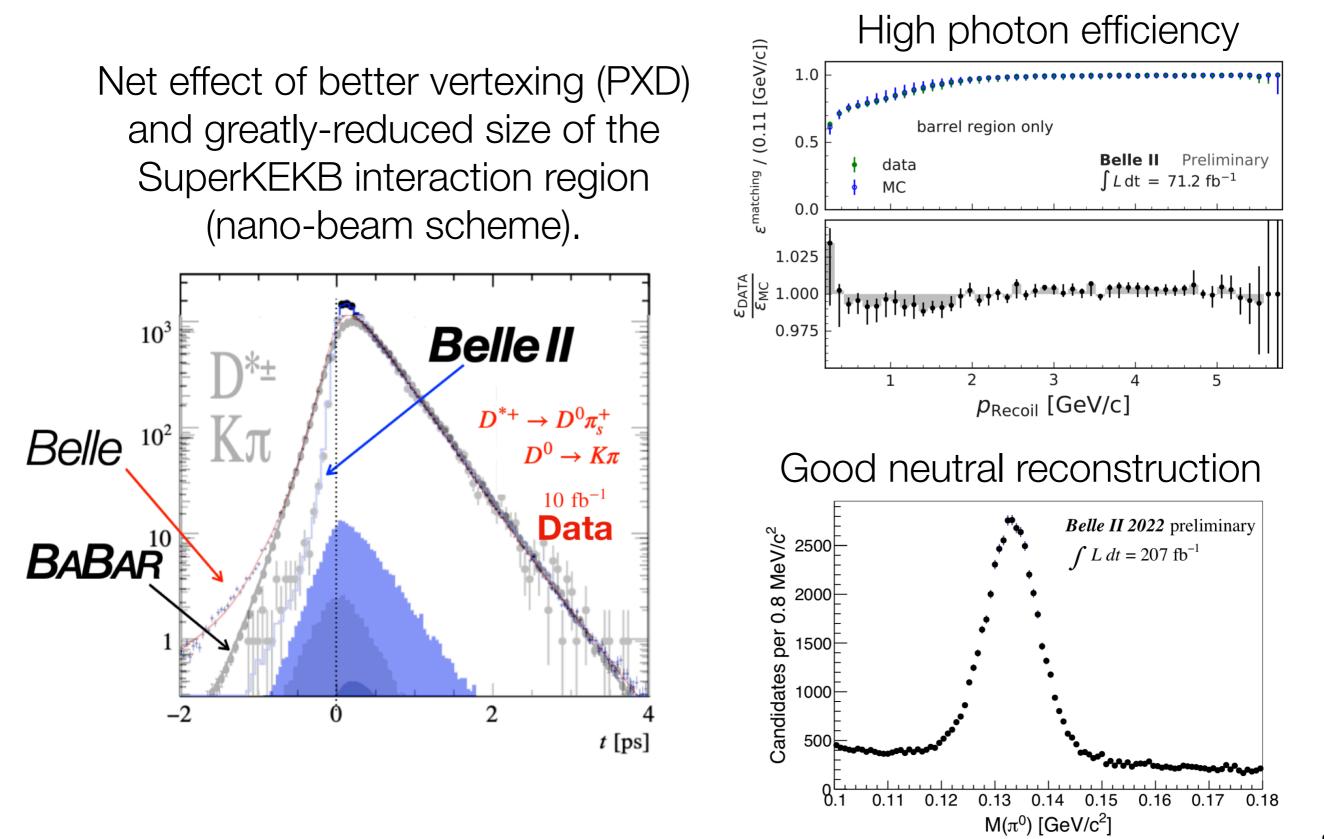
Belle (II) hermetic detector, ideal for missing-energy final states. Excellent vertexing and tracking. Good PID and neutrals.

Belle II looks like "old" Belle, but effectively a brand new instrument: has better or same performance within an harsher environment

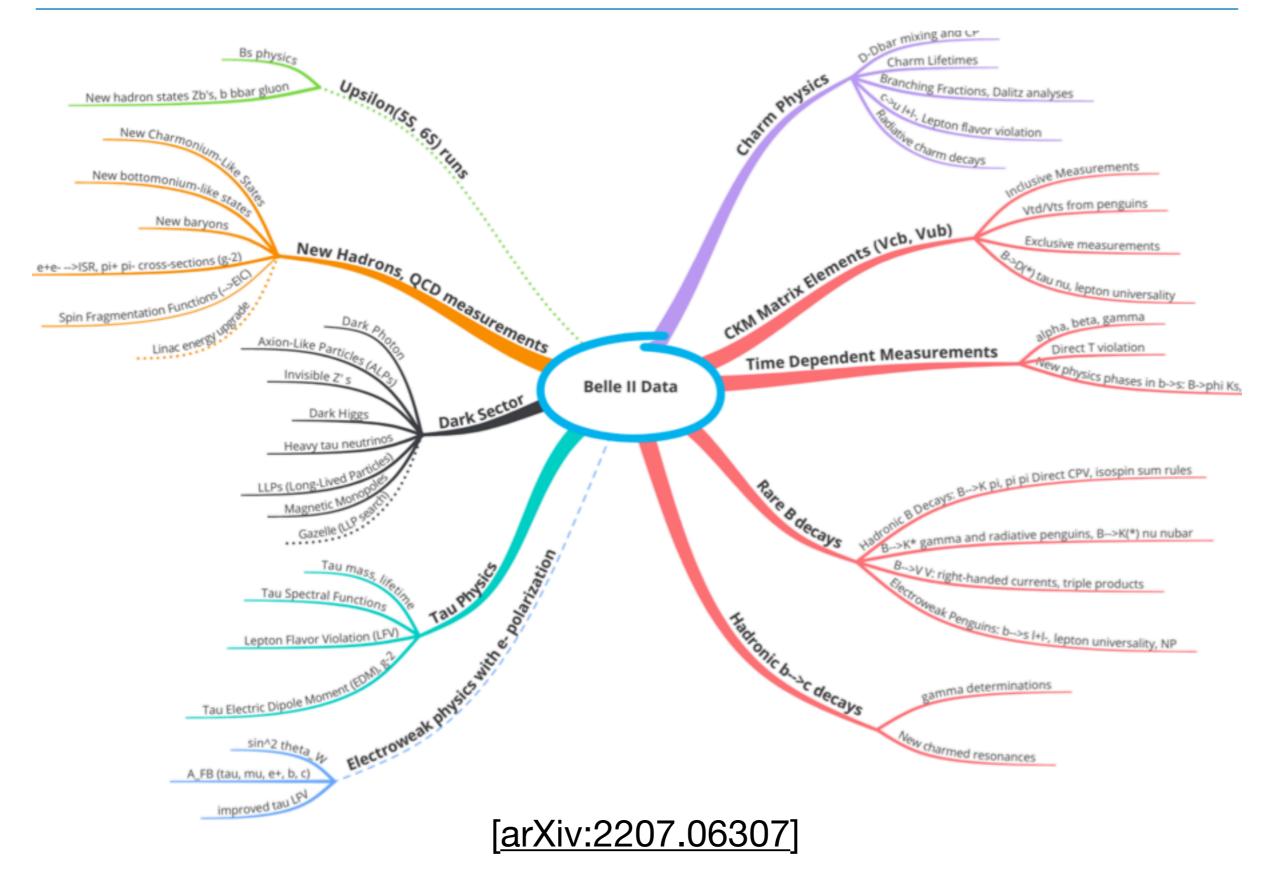
> About 800M $B\overline{B}$ pairs on tape for Belle. Belle II roughly half, with higher quality.



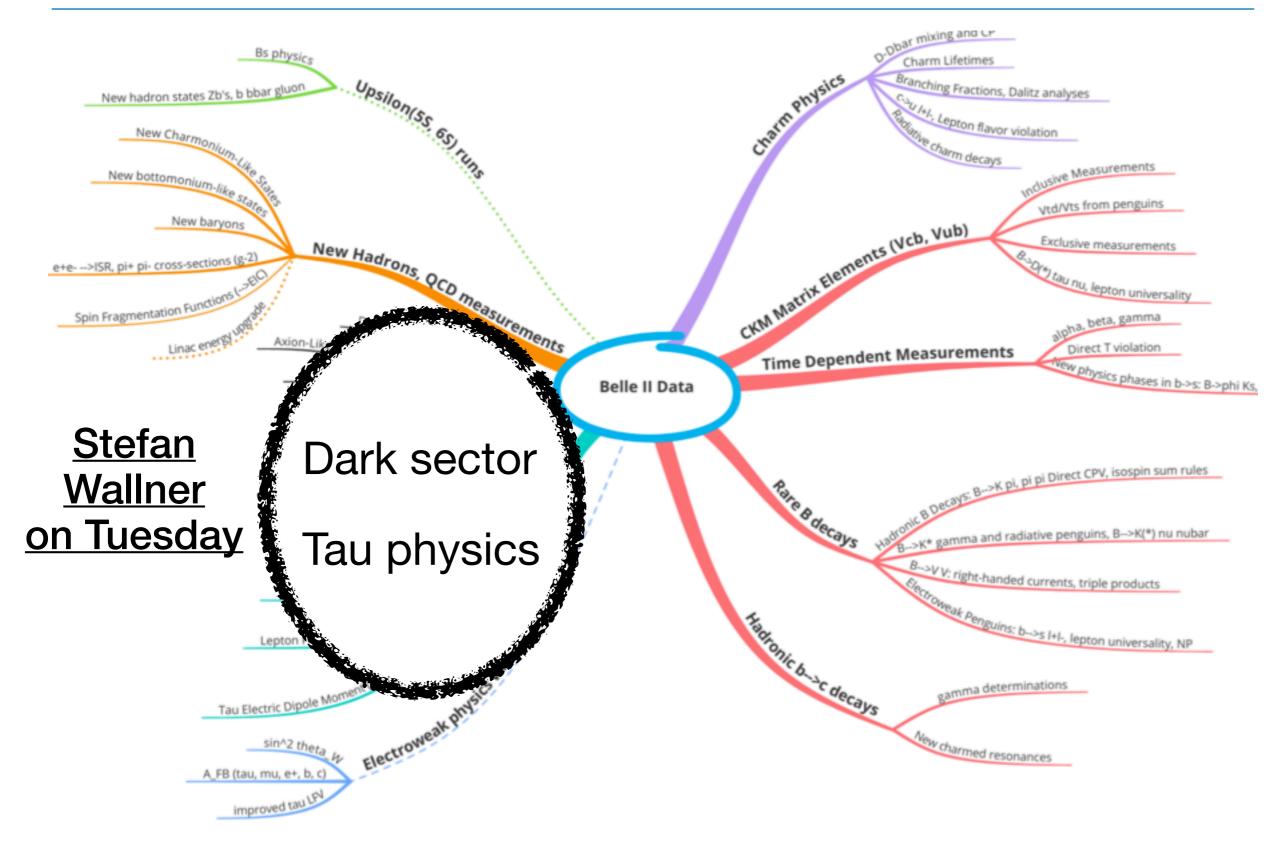
Performance



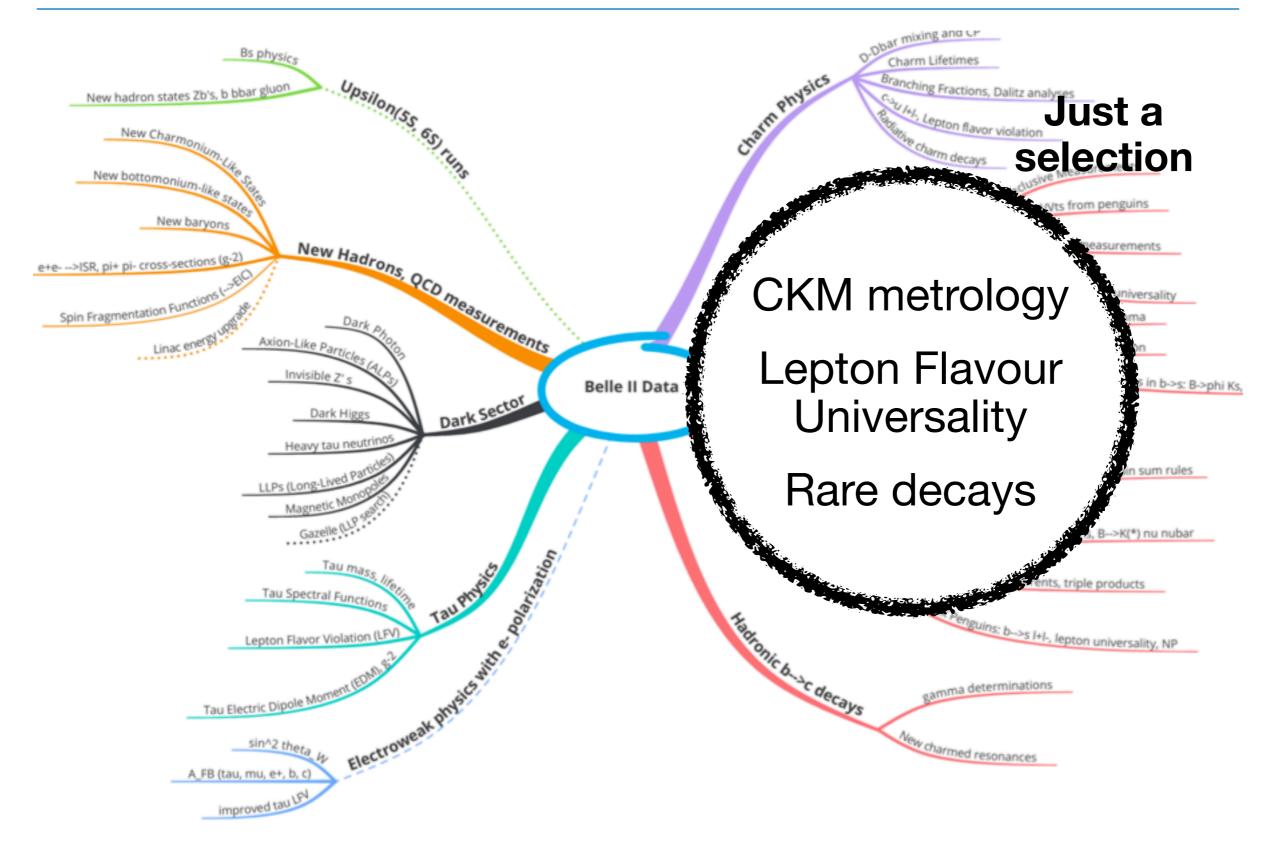
A diversified physics program



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A diversified physics program



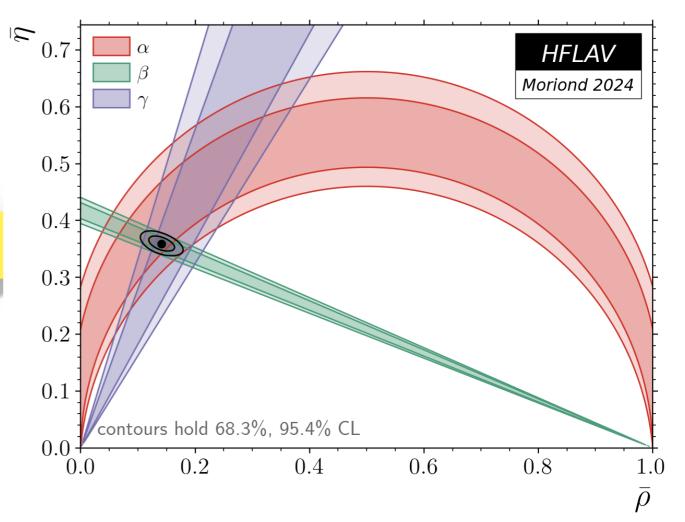
Strengthening the unitarity test

Quarks change flavour exchanging W bosons: the couplings are elements of a unitary matrix in the SM (Cabibbo-Kobayashi-Maskawa)

Unitarity represented by a triangle in a complex plane: angles must sum to 180 degrees.

Angle α (aka ϕ_1) the least known.

Determined with a global analysis of **CP asymmetries and BR** of charmless decays $B \rightarrow \rho^+ \rho^-, \rho^+ \rho^0, \rho^0 \rho^0$ $B \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-, \pi^+ \pi^0, \pi^0 \pi^0$ related by isospin symmetry, to suppress hadronic unknowns.

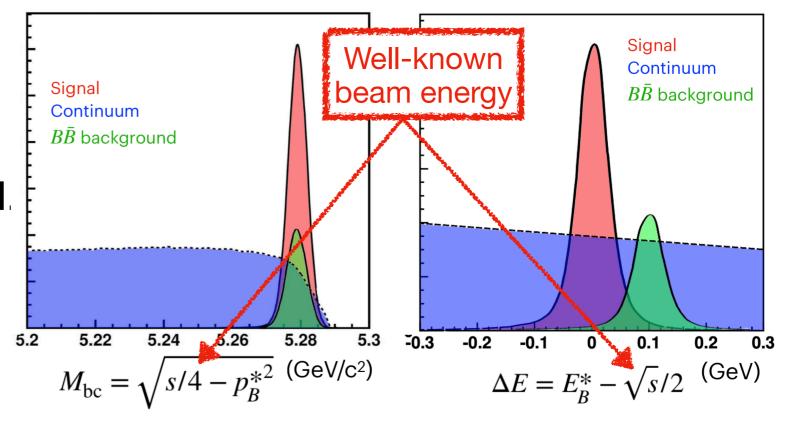


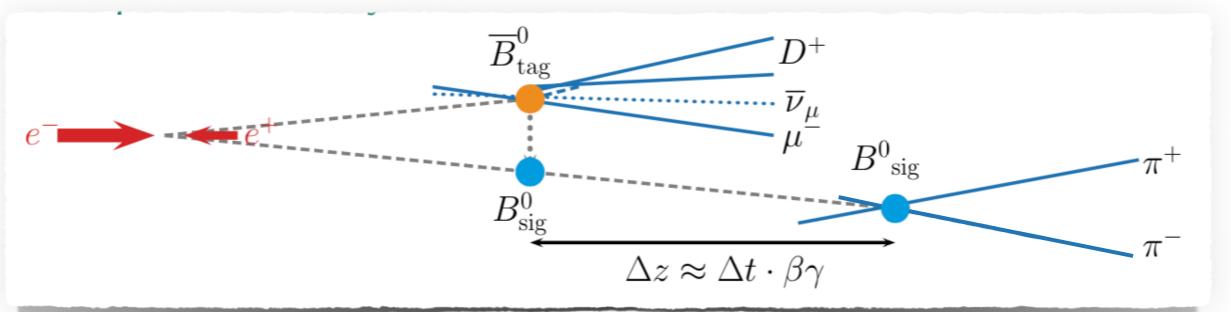
Unique opportunity for Belle II to efficiently access all final states

B-factory 101

Threshold *B* production from point-like colliding particles, $e^+e^- \rightarrow Y(4S) \rightarrow B\overline{B}$: **kinematic well constrained**.

The asymmetric collision gives the boost to **measure the displacement** (decaytime difference, Δt) and **tag the flavour.**





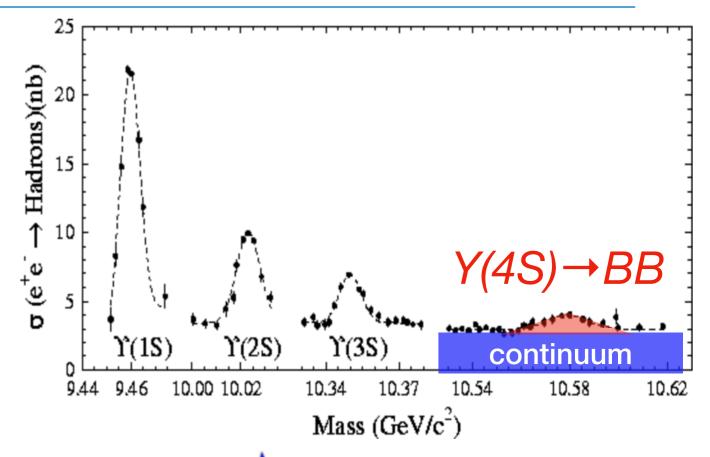
Charmless decay challenges

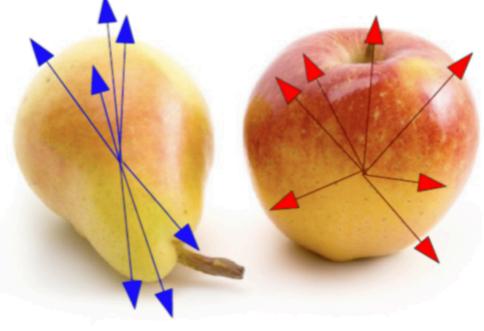
Fully-hadronic final state with high-momentum light mesons.

Need to fight against "continuum" production. Background O(10⁶) larger than signal.

Exploit discriminating event topology: continuum features a jet-like structure, while *B* decays isotropically at rest.

Boost event-classification with machine learning algorithms (BDT, NNet).





 $q\bar{q}$ events $B\bar{B}$ events

 $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$

[arXiv:2412.14260]

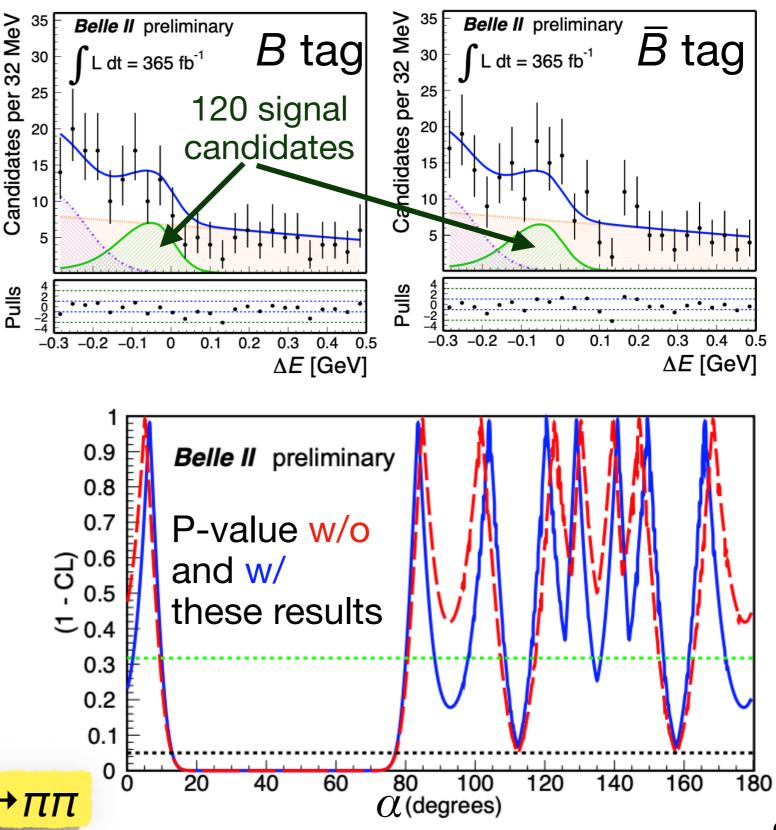
Only four photons in the final state, no vertex to identify the signal.

Continuum suppressed with dedicated BDT. Tag the flavour to measure the CP asymmetry. Extract signal from a 4D fit (Mbc, Δ E, BDT, tag-quality).

 $BR = (1.25 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{-6}$ $A_{CP} = (0.03 \pm 0.30)$

Compatible with and better than previous results.

Large impact on α from $B \rightarrow \pi\pi$



 $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^+ \rho^-$

[arXiv:2412.19624]

Effectively like three decays, according to allowed angular momenta between ρ 's (vector mesons). Need the fraction of longitudinally polarised decays: fit distributions of decay angles.

Suppress continuum with NNet and tag the flavour to measure the

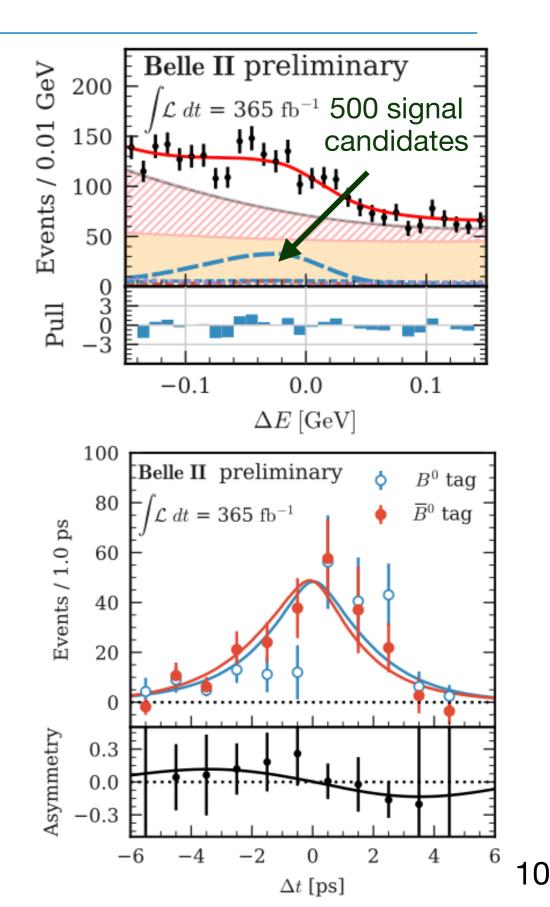
CP asymmetries as a function of Δt

$$A_{CP} = -0.26 \pm 0.21$$

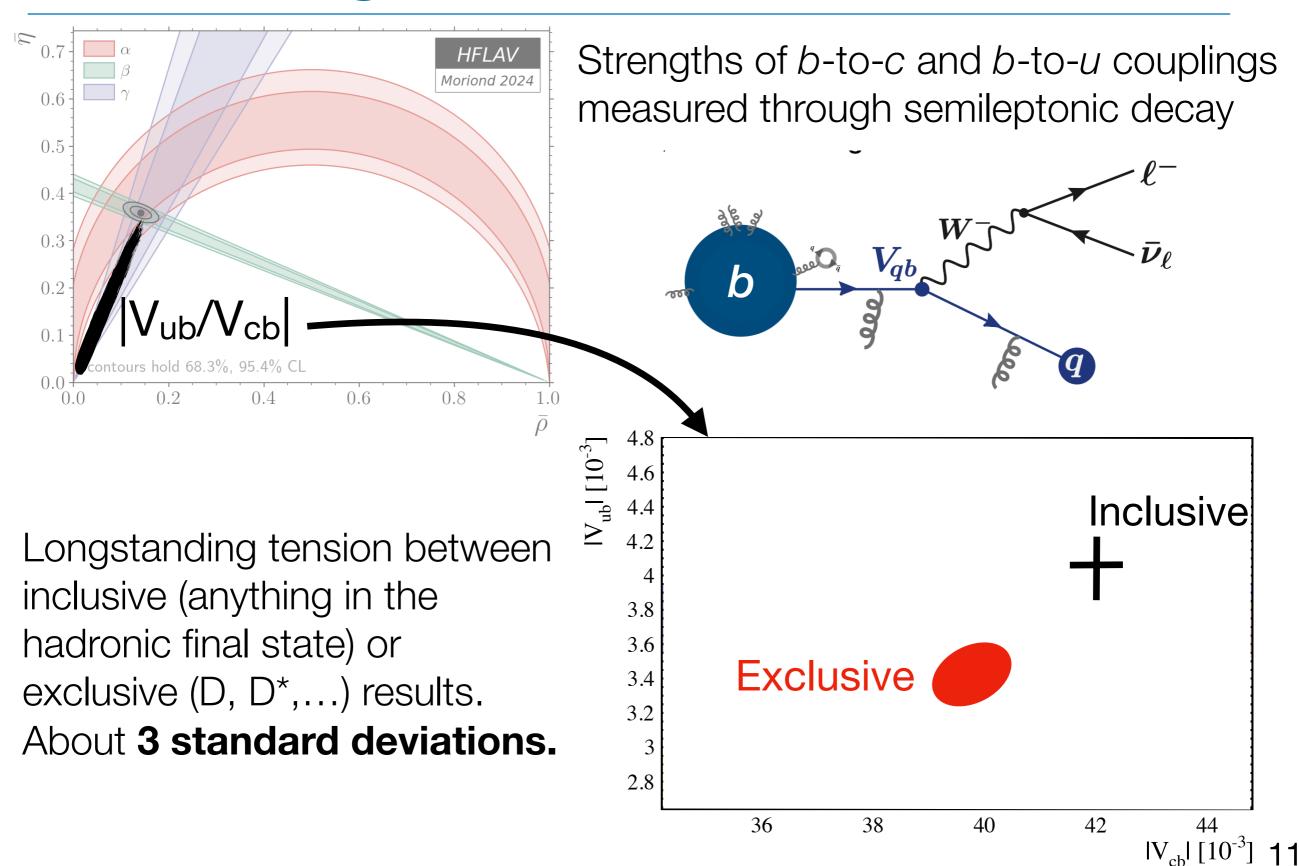
 $S_{CP} = -0.02 \pm 0.13$

Obtain a 10% improvement on WA for α when including these results:

$$\alpha = \left(92.6^{+4.5}_{-4.8}\right)^{\circ}$$



Measuring the sides...



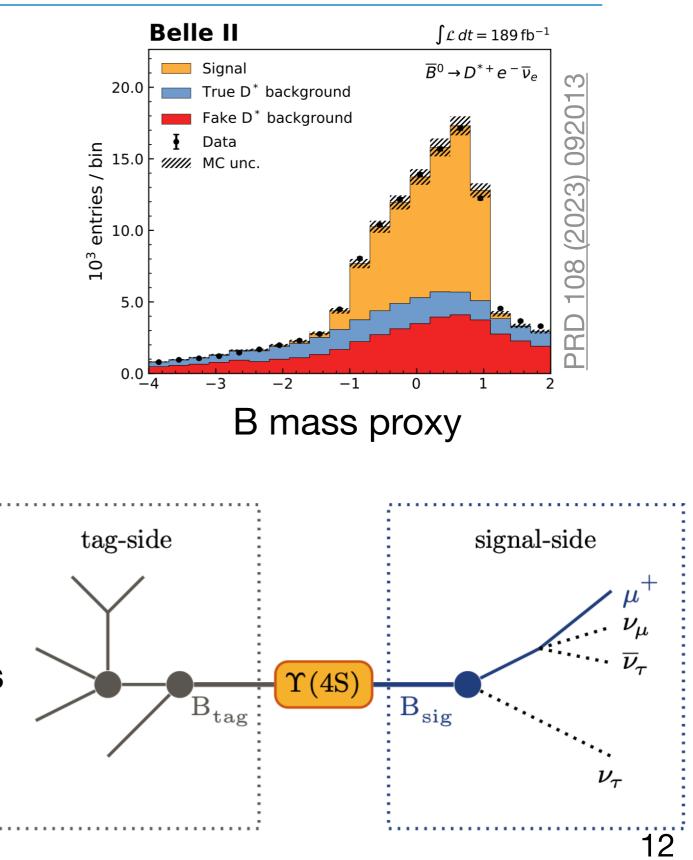
Intermezzo: dealing with missing energy

Energy of the B meson well known, missing the momentum direction.

When missing only a neutrino can approximate the kinematic with enough resolution.

Otherwise, measure the missing energy by reconstructing the accompanying B momentum, so-called **B-tagging.**

Hadronic decays feature the **best information, but efficiencies are typically lower than 1%** — even exploiting machine learning [Comp. Soft. Big Sci 3, 6 (2019)]

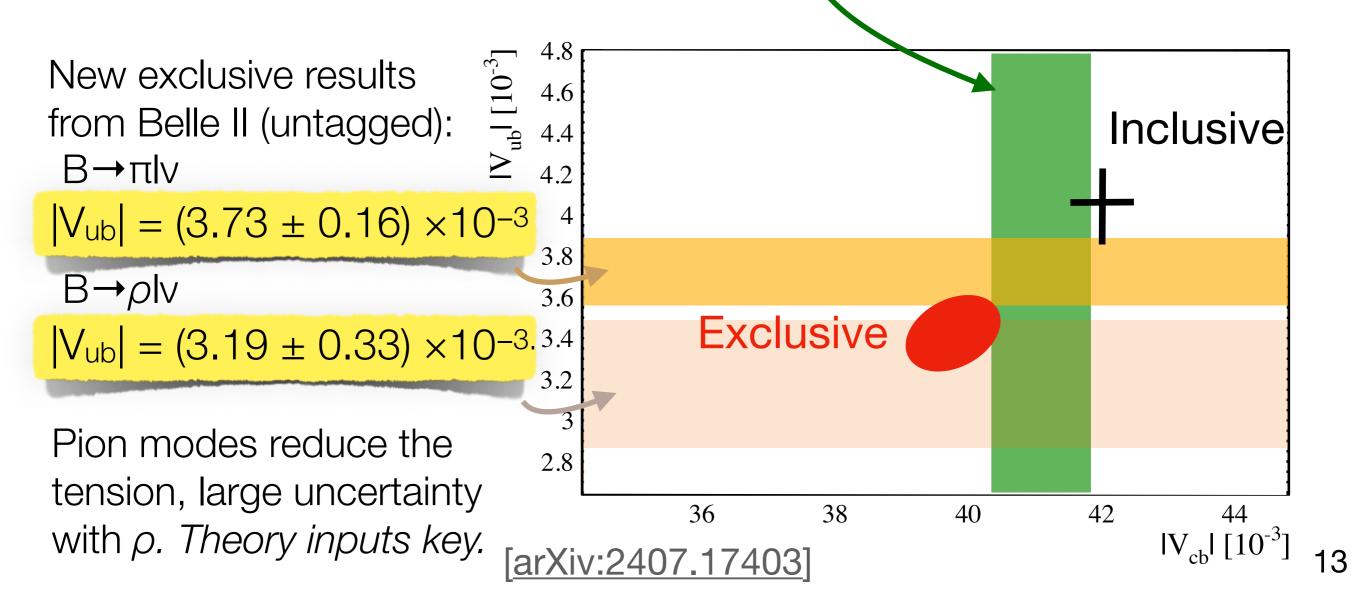


Measuring the sides... at Belle (II)

New exclusive measurement (tagged) form Belle exploiting full differential information from $B \rightarrow D^* Iv$ decays for the first time

 $|V_{cb}| = (41.0 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-3}$ [PRL 133 (2024) 131801]

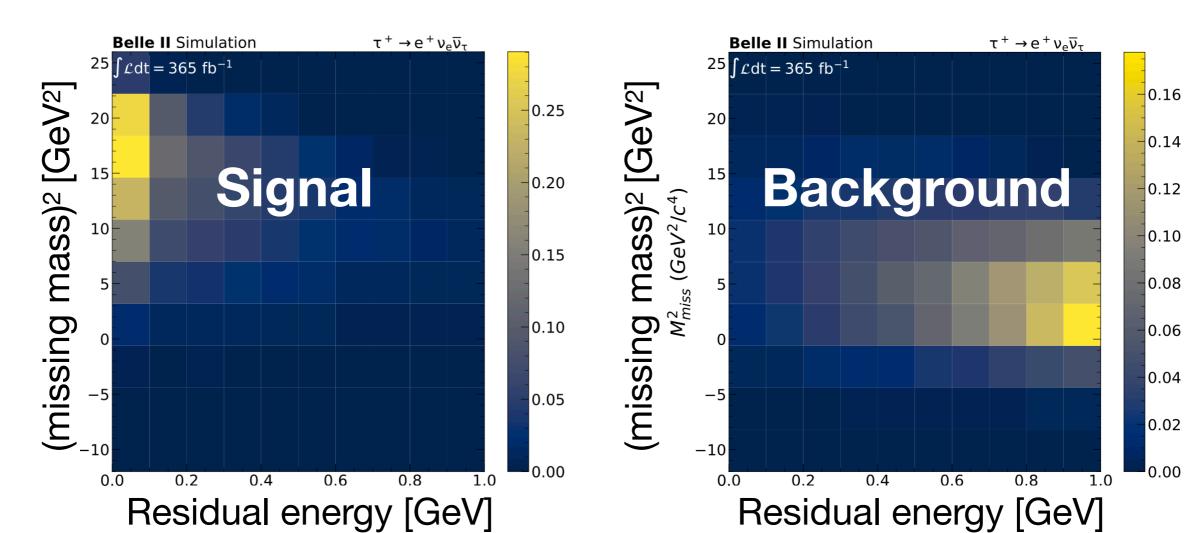
Compatible with inclusive (on the right path to resolve the tension?)



Evidence of $B \rightarrow \tau v$

Ideal probe for $|V_{ub}|$, but helicity suppressed. $\dot{\nabla}_{\chi}$ Evidence from Babar/Belle, but not yet observed.

Hadronic tag. Reconstruct the tau decays into leptons, a pion, or a ρ . At least 2 neutrinos, large missing mass and nothing else: no residual energy in the calorimeter.



Hadronic

tag

B

Signal

(tau decay

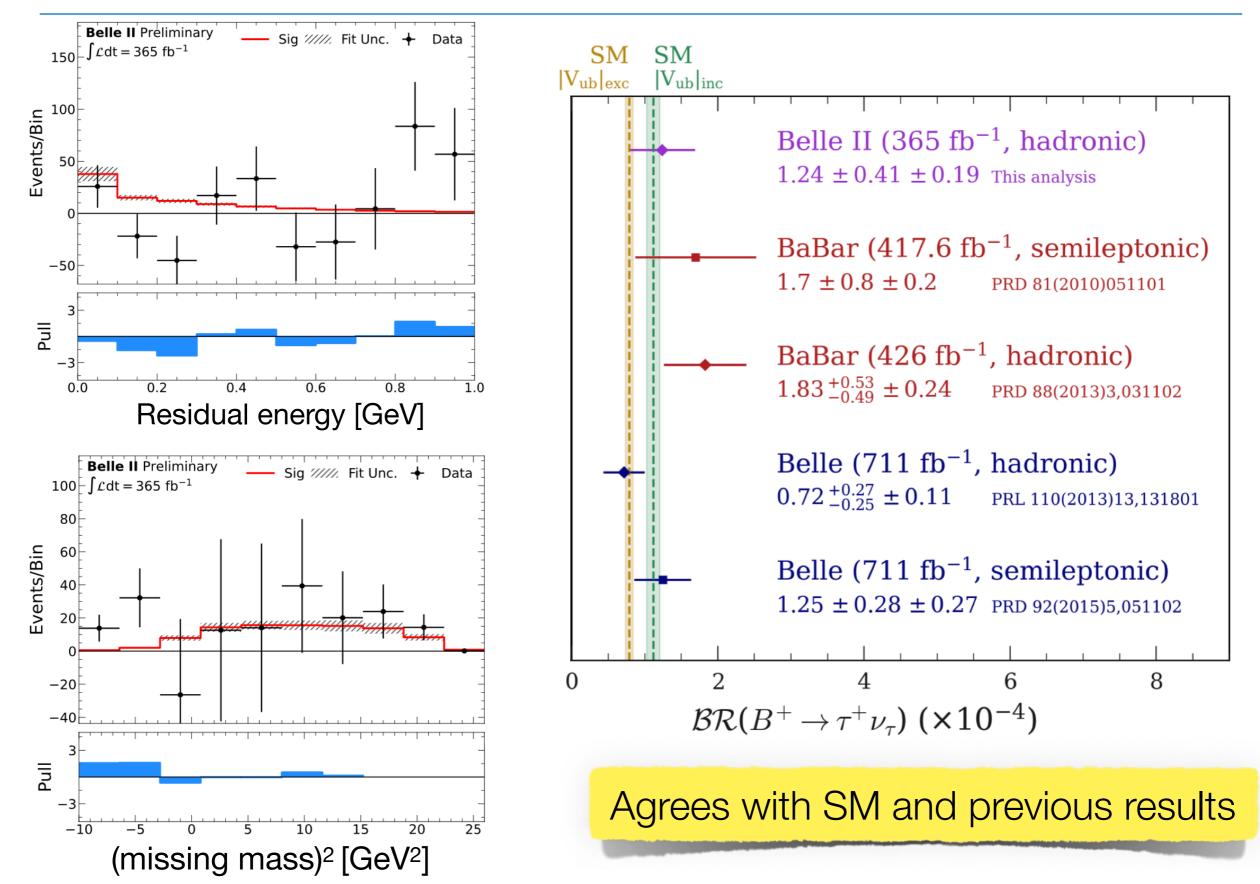
nothing

else

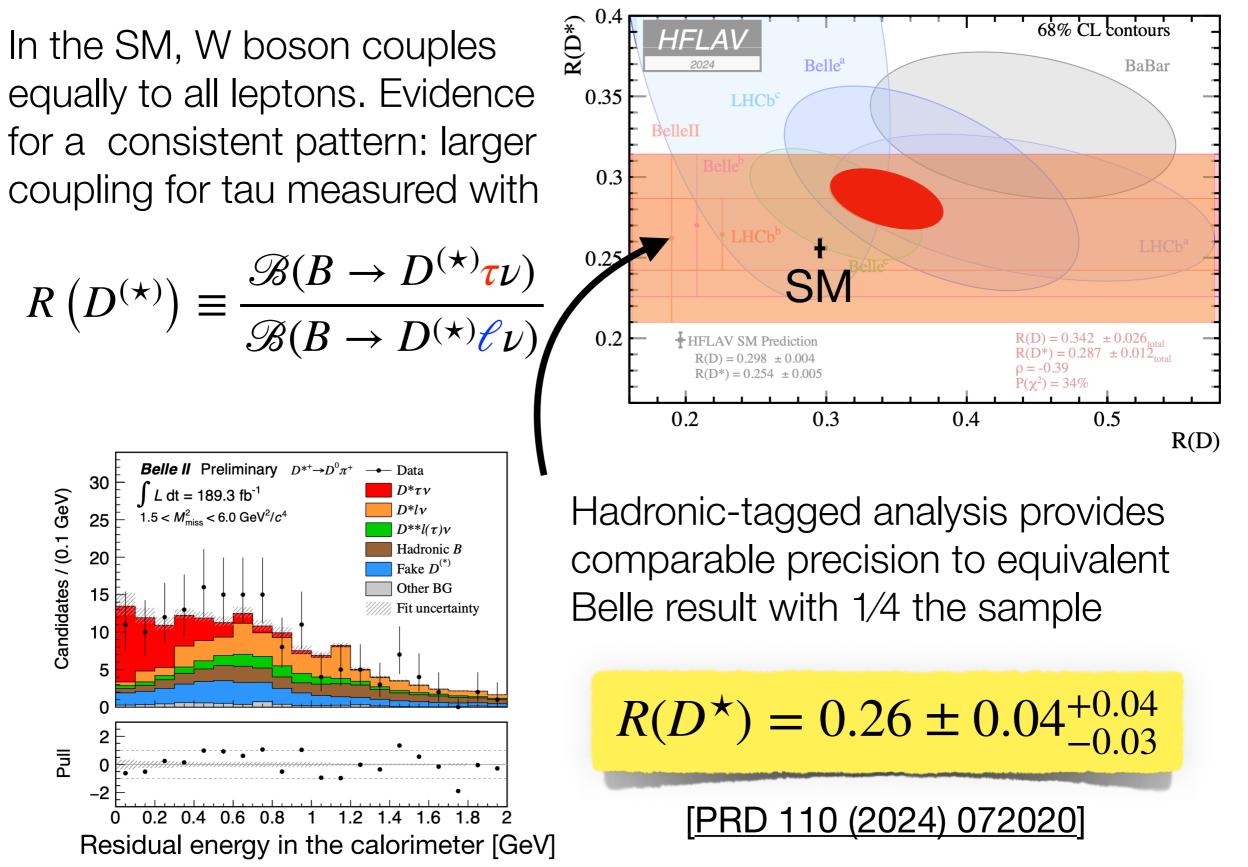
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Evidence of $B \rightarrow \tau v$

[in preparation]



Testing accidental SM symmetries



Search for $B \rightarrow K_S \tau I$

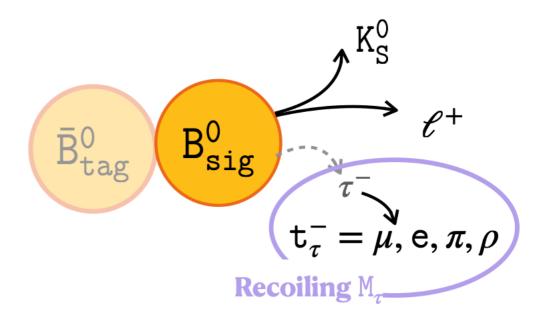
[arXiv:2412.16470]

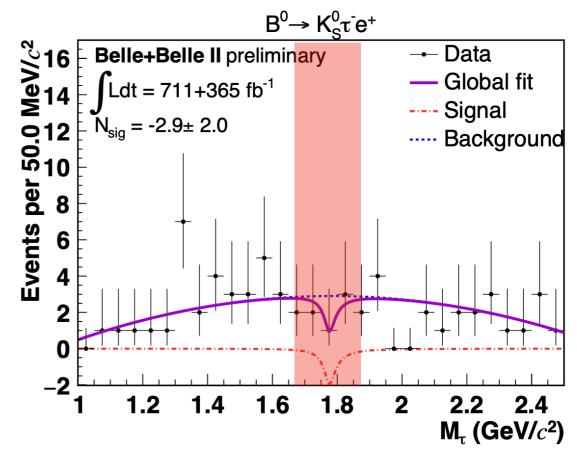
Violates charge-lepton number conservation: forbidden in the SM. Model accommodating R(D*) anomaly predicts rates close to current experimental sensitivity.

Combined Belle+Belle II sample to boost sensitivity. Hadronic tag and use recoiling mass as discriminating variable.

No signal found, upper limit @90% CL

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{B}(B^0 \to K^0_S \tau^+ \mu^-) < 1.1 \times 10^{-5} \\ \mathcal{B}(B^0 \to K^0_S \tau^- \mu^+) < 3.6 \times 10^{-5} \\ \mathcal{B}(B^0 \to K^0_S \tau^+ e^-) < 1.5 \times 10^{-5} \\ \mathcal{B}(B^0 \to K^0_S \tau^- e^+) < 0.8 \times 10^{-5} \end{aligned}$$





And much more...

Several recent results not covered here

- Observation of $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \omega \frac{https://arxiv.org/abs/2412.12338}{}$
- Observation of 3 new Ξ_c decays <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2412.10677</u>
- Measurement of inclusive BF($B_s \rightarrow DX$) <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2412.10677</u>
- $B \rightarrow K^* \gamma$ decay properties <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2411.10127</u>
- CPV in $D^0 \rightarrow K_S K_S \underline{https://arxiv.org/abs/2411.00306}$
- D mixing with $D^0 \rightarrow K_S \pi \pi \frac{https://arxiv.org/abs/2410.22961}{https://arxiv.org/abs/2410.22961}$
- Observation of CPV in $B \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^0 https://arxiv.org/abs/2410.08622$
- Search for CPV in $D_{(s)} \rightarrow K_S K \pi \pi \underline{https://arxiv.org/abs/2409.15777}$
- CPV in $B^0 \rightarrow K_S \pi \gamma https://arxiv.org/abs/2407.09139$
- Decay properties of $B \rightarrow \rho \gamma https://arxiv.org/abs/2407.08984$
- BF of B \rightarrow DKK^(*) and B \rightarrow DD_s <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2406.06277</u>
- Decay properties of $\Xi_c \rightarrow \Xi^0 \pi^0$, $\Xi^0 \eta^{(\prime)}$ <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2406.04642</u>
- Energy dependence of $ee \rightarrow B^{(*)}B^{(*)}$ x-sec <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2405.18928</u>
- Search for $B \rightarrow \gamma \gamma https://arxiv.org/abs/2405.19734$
- Belle+Belle II γ combination <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2404.12817</u>
- Measurement of BF(B→D⁰p) <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2404.10874</u>

... and counting, see the complete list

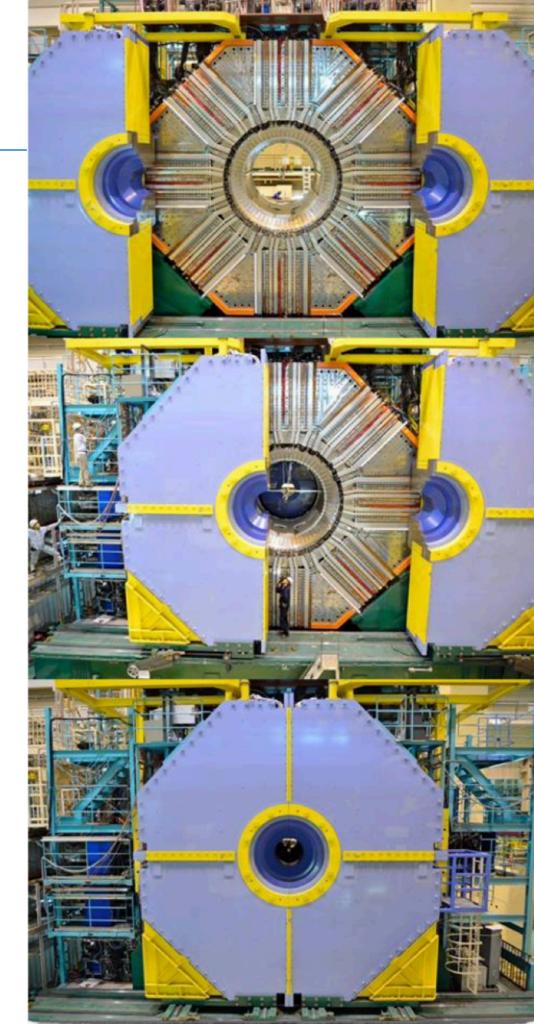
Summary

Flavour physics is a powerful probe for pursuing physics beyond the SM and informing direct searches at energy frontier.

SuperKEKB and Belle II are pushing the intensity frontier to uncharted territories. Proving to be challenging.

Unique results. Improving unitarity tests of quark-mixing matrix, efficiently accessing all final states, including with neutrals. Dealing with missing energy, putting stringent limits for model building.

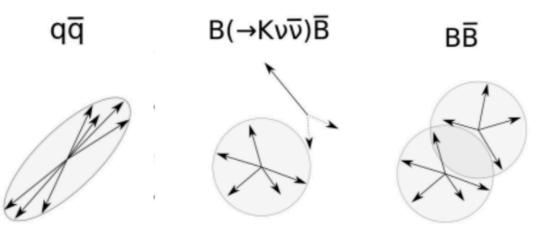
Belle II results with smaller current data set than Belle. Yet, competitive or better.





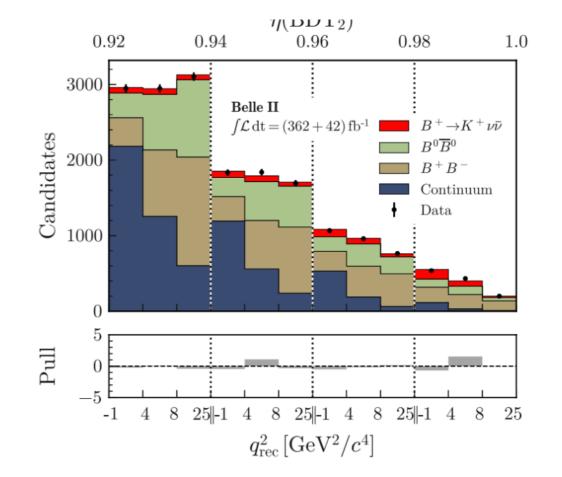
Evidence for $B \rightarrow Kvv$

- Theoretically clean and third generation sensitive $b \rightarrow sll$ transition
- · Inclusive tag developed that exploits topology
 - 8% efficiency



- Fit to invariant mass of neutrinos (q²) and classifier
 - Checked and combined with lower efficiency hadronic *B* tag

 $B(B^+ \to K^+ \nu \overline{\nu}) = (2.3 \pm 0.5(stat)^{+0.5}_{-0.4}(syst)) \times 10^{-5}$



Evidence @ 3.5σ Tension with SM prediction of 0.6×10^{-5} @ 2.7σ

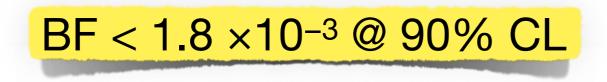
Search for $B \rightarrow K^* \tau \tau$

[in preparation]

Change flavours but not charge: very suppressed in the SM. Models accommodating R(D*) anomaly predict a large enhancement.

Belle II: search combining 4 categories depending on tau decays (lepton-lepton, lepton-pion, pion-pion, rho-X)

BDT using missing energy, residual energy, invariant mass of the tau pair, ... No signal found.



Limit twice improved over Belle.

